

Part 3 原则&规则

雅思口语的三个 Parts 是从简单到困难 – Why 哥

Part1 & Part2 聚焦于同学个人，Part3 – 不再关注同学个人，层次 focus 在社会、宏观群体上

启示：如果考官没有问考生个人的情况，就不要说自己。

e.g. Where do young people like to go to on vacations? – For me, we like to go to beaches. 【不应该用 For me, 应该说 For young people】【they like to go to beaches.】

在 Part3 举例子，可以举身边的人的例子吗？

答案：可以举，但是不推荐，因为不一定能说服得了考官。

e.g. Do you think creative people can change our world? – Steve Jobs.

e.g. Do you think adults could have a lot of imagination?

J.K.Rowling – Harry Potter

Part3 目标 – 是说服考官接受你的观点 – 论证 – 让考官觉得有道理，点点头，我也遇到过、确实是这样。

Part3 整个过程 5-6 分钟，4-10 个题目（一般 5-6）

Part3 每个答案答多长 – 完成一个完整的论述就可以停了 – 相当

于大作文的一段话【40s 上下浮动 10-20s】

Part 3 三个雷区

1.不要说和题目没有关系的话 – 快准狠点到题目上【铺垫是不必要的】

e.g. Which one is easier, expressing happiness or expressing sadness? 【考生反馈】

I believe expressing happiness is much easier than expressing sadness.

Expressing happiness – multiple ways – sing, laugh, dance, have a small talk, post on social media, take photos

Expressing sadness – obstacles 阻力 – sit on it 先压着不说/不做 – be afraid that others cannot accept it

2.不要做对自己的让步 – 会被考官打断: In general! 你大概说一说吧。

【可以做的: Please give me some seconds to think about it.】

写作中用让步手法来论证 – 没问题 – Although A and B are both very good, I still believe B is much better because ... - Part3 也可以用 – 答案里的让步是很好的手法

3.答案不要说得空泛, 每个观点都一定要跟论证

What are the benefits of boys and girls **playing games** together?

【不能罗列你的观点，在说每一个观点之后，都要跟论证】

Learn something different from each other

- Jigsaw 拼图 – girls – patient, pay attention to details – 1,000 pieces; boys – impatient, careless 粗心的 – give up easily – patience
- Basketball game – boys – physical condition – explosiveness 爆发力, endurance 耐力 – exercising methods

What benefits does public transport bring to the world?

Environment – public transport – cheap, convenient – drive personal cars less – waste gas emission 废气排放; consume less fuels; less carbon dioxide (temperature increases)

Economy – dealers / sellers / traders 贸易者 – take the flight going to any country that they want to visit in several hours – more willing to do business with other countries – global economy – improved (not limited to domestic economy)