



## Passage 55



## From Novices to Experts

Expertise is commitment coupled with creativity. Specifically, it is the commitment of time, energy, and resources to a relatively narrow field of study and the creative energy necessary to generate new knowledge in that field. It takes a considerable amount of time and regular exposure to a large number of cases to become an expert.

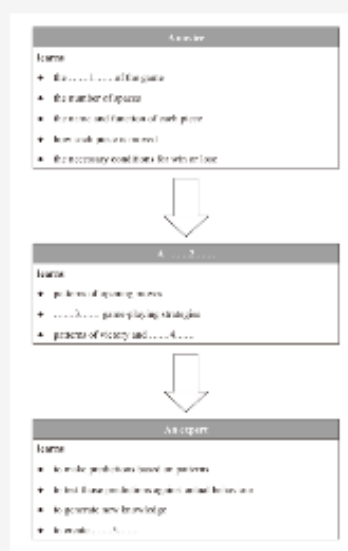
An individual enters a field of study as a novice. The novice needs to learn the guiding principles and rules—the heuristics and constraints—of a given task in order to perform that task. Concurrently, the novice needs to be exposed to specific cases, or instances, that test the

解析

解析

答题

Complete the flowchart. Use NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS from the passage for each answer. From a novice chess player to an expert.



Questions 1–5

1/5

1 the \_\_\_\_\_ of the game

A

number of spaces

解析

答题

Questions 1–5

1/5

☐ B function

☐ C names

☒ D object

动动雅思杂货铺

## 解析

原文： 对应正文2段倒数第四行 The novice chess player seeks a mentor to teach her object of the game...

翻译： 菜鸟棋手会寻找一个老师，来教她游戏中的棋局的目标是什么

解析： 如图



解析

答题

Questions 1–5

1/5

Questions 1–5

2/5

2 A \_\_\_\_\_

- ☐ A practice
- ☒ B journeyman
- ☐ C recognize patterns
- ☐ D cases

解析

解析

答题

Questions 1–5

2/5

原文： 对应正文3段第一行 In time, and which much practice, the novice begins to recognise patterns of behaviour within cases and, thus, becomes a journeyman.

翻译： 假以时日，经过不懈的练习，新手开始能够认明各种棋局所表现出来的模式和行为，这样，他们就变成了熟手。

解析： 如图

Questions 1–5

3/5

3 \_\_\_\_\_ game-playing strategies

A game-playing strategy

解析

答题

Questions 1–5

3/5

- ☐ (B) solve problems
- ☒ (C) offensive and defensive
- ☐ (D) opening moves

## 解析

原文： 对应正文3段倒数第三行 Returning to the example of the chess player, the individual begins to learn patterns of opening moves, offensive and defensive game-playing strategies, and patterns of victory and defeat.

翻译： 回到棋手的例子上来，棋手们一开始会学习开局的起步，防守和进攻的下棋策略，

解析

答题

Questions 1–5

3/5

以及输和赢的模式。

解析： 如图

Questions 1–5

4/5

4 patterns of victory and \_\_\_\_\_

- ☐ (A) play
- ☐ (B) learn
- ☐ (C) contact
- ☒ (D) defeat

解析

答题

Questions 1–5

4/5

## 解析

原文： 对应正文3段倒数第三行 Returning to the example of the chess player, the individual begins to learn patterns of opening moves, offensive and defensive game-playing strategies, and patterns of victory and defeat.

翻译： 回到棋手的例子上来，棋手们一开始会学习开局的起步，防守和进攻的下棋策略，以及输和赢的模式。

解析： 如图

Questions 1–5

5/5



解析

答题

Questions 1–5

5/5

5 to create \_\_\_\_\_

- ☐ A a deeper understanding
- ☒ B her own cases
- ☐ C her own knowledge
- ☐ D predictions

解析

原文： 对应正文4段倒数第一行 She is creating her own cases rather than relying on the

解析

答题

Questions 1–5

5/5

- ☒ B her own cases
- ☐ C her own knowledge
- ☐ D predictions

## 解析

原文： 对应正文4段倒数第一行 She is creating her own cases rather than relying on the cases of others.

翻译： 她开创了自己的步法，而不是靠着别人的套路。

解析： 如图