

雅思口语 IELTS Speaking Part 1: Friends

1. How do people in your country meet others and make friends?

Well I suppose for young people, they'll generally make friends with the other students around them at school. And it's kind of the same thing for adults, you know, they'll make friends with the people around them at work, whether it be the office or the factory. So I'd say these are probably the two main ways in which people make friends here.

2. Do you think it's easy for people to make friends at work?

Well I can't say for sure, cos I'm still just a student, but my guess would be that it is pretty easy, yeah, because I mean, at work, you spend most of the waking day with your colleagues, so I think it's kind of natural that you'll strike up a friendship with them.

Strike up a friendship = become friends

Most of the waking day = most of the time that you are awake each day

3. Is it important for people to have good relationships with their colleagues at work?

Yeah, I think it is, because I'm sure a lot of work involves doing stuff together with others, and if you get on well with your colleagues, then I think it's much more likely that you'll work better with them.

4. Would you say students at your school have a good relationship with each other?

Yeah I'd say, on the whole, they do. And I mean, just to give you an example, in my class, we're all pretty close with each other, and it seems to be the same with all the other classes too. At least that's the feeling I get anyway.

At least that's the feeling I get anyway. = 至少我感觉是这样的

5. How would you describe a good relationship?

I guess I'd say that a good relationship is one in which there is mutual support and respect for each other. So in other words, each person treats the other well, and if they're friend helps them out in some way, then they also reciprocate when they have the chance to do so.

Mutual - 共有的；共同的；相互的；彼此的

Reciprocate – 回报，报答；act, feel, or give mutually or in return; e.g. "We always invite them and they never reciprocate!"