

# Lecture 5 Logic

## 逻辑关系

### 一、转折关系

- Adversative Relation
  - 文章的语意从一个方向转向另一个方向
1. 转折逻辑关系常用标志词

- but
- yet
- though/although
- however
- despite
- nonetheless
- nevertheless
- otherwise
- rather
- while
- whereas
- alternatively
- conversely

2. 转折逻辑关系常用标志词组

- in spite of
- on the contrary
- instead of
- even though
- on the other hand
- in contrast

### 二、否定关系

- Negative Relation
- 表示否定或反面的语意

## 1. 否定逻辑关系常用标志词

- 否定前缀/后缀
- without
- seldom
- rarely
- barely
- cannot
- limit
- miss
- little
- lack
- less
- few

## 2. 否定逻辑关系常用标志词组

- too...to do...
- run out
- die out
- lack of...
- a lack of...
- a dearth of...
- out of the question
- beyond the ability

## 三、举例关系

- Example Illustration
- 举出具体例子用以说明观点或看法

## 1. 举例逻辑关系常用标志词

- like
- name(ly)
- say
- especially
- specifically

## 2. 举例逻辑关系常用标志词组

- such as

- for example
- for instance
- in particular
- in the case of

#### 四、下定义结构

- Determine a Definition
- 抓住事物的基本属性和本质特征给出其名称或称谓

##### 1. 下定义结构常用标志词

- term
- word
- phrase
- definition
- concept
- ... (be) called...
- ... (be) named...
- ... (be) dubbed...
- ... (be) coined...

##### 2. 下定义结构常用标志词组

- (be) known as...
- (be) given the name of...
- (be) referred to as...
- (be) defined as...