



## 雅思仙子口语体系册

本册是口语核心体系的归纳参考,和一些关键技巧的文字板书。

需要配套课程给予的当季口语讲义共同学习。

具体用法,都在课程中讲解呈现

本册并无 p3 的体系归纳,因为太容易被剽窃,所以 p3 的体系只在课程《李仙童网络抢分班》与《北京实体线下大神班》讲解。

## 前言

大疫终将过去，健康地活下去是每一个生命在这几年最大的愿望。恭喜你，愿望已经实现。我们期待着“暖日晴风初破冻”的更迭，也盼望着“柳眼梅腮”的复苏。道不尽的莺啼红花，数不完的江中浮鸭。若是新的一岁我们自己也能感受“春风得意马蹄疾，一日看尽长安花”的风流豪迈，定要去那黄鹤楼牌前，瞻仰让诗仙太白望而却步的“故人西辞黄鹤楼，烟花三月下扬州”。

这一切的美好，希望《紫金铃铛》能够带给你。起码，从考过雅思开始。

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## Part one 练习方法

学习计划，每日一横行，part1 大约 16 日完成，如果 8 天就要考试，自行翻倍

请务必按照计划要求每日定量练习，大声，单次不超过 30mins，每日可分多时段完成。

<p>第一日 练习 3 页 p1 讲义</p> <p>大声读题目，读答案，把难词查阅，把不能保证发音的词查阅，再读一次答案。将答案口译为汉语（不能漏任何细节）</p>	<p>完成后在此处打勾。把难词写入此处</p> <p>页码根据讲义长度临时改动</p>
<p>第二日 后三页，如此往后，直到 p1 练完</p> <p>大声读题目，读答案，把难词查阅，把不能保证发音的词查阅，再读一次答案。将答案口译为汉语（不能漏任何细节）</p>	
<p>第三日</p> <p>大声读题目，读答案，把难词查阅，把不能保证发音的词查阅，再读一次答案。将答案口译为汉语（不能漏任何细节）</p>	
<p>第四日</p> <p>大声读题目，读答案，把难词查阅，把不能保证发音的词查阅，再读一次答案。将答案口译为汉语（不能漏任何细节）</p>	
<p><b>第五日 进入第二步骤，此时回到了 p1 的第一页</b></p>	
<p>练习 3 页，往后如是</p> <p>大声读题目，读答案，把答案每个逗号的关键词写出来，用铅笔将其写成 A + B + C 结构（不需要一定只是三个关键词，但每个部分的关键词不超过 2 个词）</p>	<p>比如：the food there is rather palatable and toothsome, such as Dongpo pork and Longjing dumpling. As a foodie, visiting that place can meet my appetite.</p> <p>就可以标记为：food + p&amp;t + e.g. + foodie+ meet</p> <p>能够看着核心词结构复述出与原文类似的答案即可</p>
<p>第六日</p> <p>大声读题目，读答案，把答案每个逗号的关键词写出来，用铅笔将其写成 A + B + C 结构（每个部分的关键词不超过 2 个词）</p>	
<p>第七日</p> <p>大声读题目，读答案，把答案每个逗号的关键词写出来，用铅笔将其写成 A + B + C 结构（每个部分的关键词不超过 2 个词）</p>	
<p>第八日</p> <p>大声读题目，读答案，把答案每个逗号的关键词写出来，用铅笔将其写成 A + B + C 结构（每个部分的关键词不超过 2 个词）</p>	
<p><b>第九日 此时回到了 p1 第一页，进入第三个步骤</b></p>	
<p>练习三页，往后如是</p> <p>大声读题目，看着上一步写的逻辑图，复述出与原答案类似的答案。（语法，用词无需一致）如不能，读一次答案，再看着逻辑图复述</p>	

<p>第十日</p> <p>大声读题目，看着上一步写的逻辑图，复述出与原答案类似的答案。（语法，用词无需一致）如不能，读一次答案，再看着逻辑图复述</p>	
<p>第 11 日</p> <p>大声读题目，看着上一步写的逻辑图，复述出与原答案类似的答案。（语法，用词无需一致）如不能，读一次答案，再看着逻辑图复述</p>	
<p>第 12 日</p> <p>大声读题目，看着上一步写的逻辑图，复述出与原答案类似的答案。（语法，用词无需一致）如不能，读一次答案，再看着逻辑图复述</p>	
<p>第 13 日 回到 p1 第一页讲义，进入第四步骤</p>	
<p>练习 3 页，往后如是</p> <p>大声读题目，直接复述答案</p>	
<p>第十四日</p> <p>大声读题目，直接复述答案</p>	
<p>第 15 日</p> <p>大声读题目，直接复述答案</p>	
<p>第 16 日</p> <p>大声读题目，直接复述答案</p>	
<p>16 天结束</p> <p>归总 1-2 天，开始练习 p2</p>	
<p>第 18 天开始/课程开始进入 p2 后 进入 p2 练习</p>	

## Part Two 练习方法

- 体系内上课讲过的题

1. 看题，大声读题
2. 倒计时 1min，写出该题的提示词
3. 看着提示词答题，答题前先让自己进入奥斯卡电影男、女主角的状态，然后开启录音
4. 结束录音，若超过 2.10mins，则听录音，如果语速正常，删减前三问些许句子

若不足 1.40mins，则回到第二步，补充细节，增加长度

5. 看原文，找出刚才卡顿或漏掉的核心句子，复述并记忆

- 体系外的题，上课说中需要自行备考的题

1. 看题，大声读题，大声读答案，查阅单词
2. 看着答案，口述汉语意思
3. 看着题目，直接口述汉语答案
4. 倒计时 1min，写出该题的提示词
5. 剩余同第一种方式

## Part Three 练习方法

每天 30mins 即可

优先挑选预测中的题练习，如果练习时候还未有预测，则从第一个 p2 的 p3 开始练习

1. 大声读题
2. 直接用中文答题，不得停顿，实在没有想法，可以依托百度用汉语搜索
3. 直接用英语答题，忽视语法错误，词汇错误，尽量用之前学过的技巧修改替换不会的表达，保证至少 30s 不卡，否则就一直反复到天亮
4. 看答案参考，读答案，查阅词汇，提炼逻辑，与自己的刚才的答案结合
5. 复述一次最终版，大概说清楚即可，无需背诵
6. 把讲义中好的短语写在便签纸上，每晚读一次

## 雅思口语评分标准的对标提升方法

### ● 流畅度

最重要的板块。

#### ✓ 问题 1: 看到题毫无想法

症结: 逻辑累积不足

解决方法:

- (1) 写作真经总纲, 66-96 页, 每日三页, 总循环三次
- (2) 本素材最后的 p3 思路大全, 每日一页, 总循环五次
- (3) 每日练习 3-5 个 p3 的题目 (app 口语预测栏目有/预测班讲义有)。

步骤 1, 读出题;

步骤 2, 立刻用汉语说出想法和答案;

步骤 3, 尽力将刚才的汉语思路口译为英语句子, 不纠结语法、词汇, 不会的瞎替换;

步骤 4, 查阅刚才想表达的词或短语累积;

步骤 5, 如果有答案参考的, 念一遍, 梳理逻辑;

步骤 6, 结合参考的逻辑和自己刚才的想法, 合并答案;

步骤 7, 英语复述一次最终的内容。

#### ✓ 问题 2: 有想法, 说不出

症结: 词汇、语法结构、语感累积不够

解决方法:

- (1) 双向记忆法背诵单词。写作真经总纲, 66-96 页, 早上, 先英再汉读两遍, 三页; 晚上, 看着早上读的单词的汉语, 蒙上英语, 说出对应的英语; 看英语, 巩固英汉互译
- (2) 写作练习中, 一般都有范文, 在练习范文时, 先看汉语, 按段落把汉语进行先口译, 再笔译, 再查单词修改。看范文表达, 划出对应的自己用得不够精准的表达和语法, 定向累积。
- (3) 每天晚上 11 点, 把今天发生的重要的三件事用英语表达, 说不出来就瞎表达, 不纠结语法词汇, 大概让对方能听懂即可。然后利用翻译软件, 把刚才想说的内容进行翻译参考。

### ● 发音

次重点

#### ✓ 最低要求: 大声, 清晰, 流畅说出内容

练习方式:

- (1) 每日早中晚各三次读口语素材, 输入正确语料, 过程中保证大声
- (2) 每日睡前听一段抖音 GNTV 的素材, 感受快速且清晰的发音特点

#### ✓ 突破 6.5 要求: 情感, 表情, 高低变化

练习方法:

- (1) 每日 15mins, 选择一部 Disney Animation(推荐 tangled/frozen)进行发音练习。

步骤 1: 打开中英双字幕的该电影, 选好自己对应的性别角色, 你的角色每说一句, 暂停;

步骤 2: 把刚才角色说的那一句的所有内容进行模仿, 包括发音、语调、运气、神态、甚至动作, 体会人物的喜怒哀乐

步骤 3: 其他角色一概不管, 带入自我角色, 想象在与里面的其他人对话

- (2) 如果有我的讲义, 会有讲义的录音指引配送, 每日练习 2 个 p1 的录音, 按照录音指导进行情感, 重



音，重点词强调练习

(3) 把每一次练习当作考试对待，保持好的表情和疯子的状态，打破自我的固执

## ● 逻辑

### ✓ 决定 6 的关键

P1 每个题要求 20-30s

P3 每一个题要求 30-60s

所以 p1 需要 1-2 logic

P3 需要 2-3 logic

单 logic 3-5 小句组成。

一个 logic 的结构由：观点+原因+再原因+举例+结果

比如：do you like taking the subway?

观点 yes

原因：because it is almost the fastest way among different public transportation.

再原因：i mean, the special tracks of subway can help it avoid traffic jams and traffic lights

结果：as a result, taking the subway can save my time in the morning

这一个 logic 一共 4 小句，对于一个 p1 而言基本够了。当然，也还可以再补充一个辅助逻辑比如 convenient

## ● 词汇

词汇提升需要话题词支持，每一个题库季不一样，所以以题库讲义来累积

当然，写作真经总纲得 66-96 页也可以提升

步骤 1：正常读记 3 页内容（眼手口并进。也就是眼看，口说，手写）

步骤 2：晚上，把早上练习的 3 页内容翻出，蒙上英语，看着汉语，说出对应的词、短语、甚至句子。再看英语，对照彼此的不同，累积表达。

## ● 语法

课程会固定给予语法核心句帮助稳定分数

其次，6 分基础的同学可以每日花 30mins 来练习复杂语法。

方法：写作真经总纲第七卷有很多带中文翻译的文章。

步骤 1：每日选择一段，看汉语，口译英语，笔译英语。

步骤 2：逐句对照原文英语，把不同的翻译结构标记，把不同的翻译词汇查阅了解自己是否用错语境或者词性。累积地道表达和语法多元性。

## Part 1 核心体系

物品类：横轴 1

地点类：人交食风园

媒体娱乐类：横轴 5      横轴 8      5why

运动类：横轴 3      横轴 4      代谢免疫力

食物类：横轴 4

文化类：横轴 11

## Part 2 核心体系

(1) 一共分为 6 个类型, 地点、人物、物品、媒体、事件、特殊 来备考

(2) 答案总长 1.40mins 至少, 尽量不漏小问

(3) 开篇句用标题打头: the ~ I'd like to describe is ~, which/who ~

比如: describe a food you ate for the first time

第一句说: the food I'd like to describe is ~, which ~

(4) 前三问无需刻意连接, and 就行, 或者直接答案与答案相连

(5) 第四问需要点题: 把第四问改为陈述句+for many reasons

比如: why do you like that place

说: I like that place for many reasons

(6) 第四问内部大约 2-3 个逻辑, 用连接词连接, 比如

The first one that comes to my mind is ~

In addition, ~

More importantly, ~

(7) 结尾: 重复一次主题即可

In sum, that is the reason why ~

备考一共有两个板块进行, 体系备考和额外题备考, 体系备考可以解决 90%

● 所有的 p2 的前三问都可通过小公式解决:

1. Where: 名位 title 历

2. When: when + why

3. Who: 名职年外

具体表达方式, 由课程解析。

## ● 第四问分类型备考, 不再所有通用

### (1) 地点类第四问大公式: 人交食风花园

人: **people + go + trouble + hand**

People there are good-natured and obliging. for example, if you get in trouble, they will give you a hand without hesitation.

交: **transportation + ex + 站 s + convenient**

Transportation system of that place is excellent, as you can see a lot of subway stations and bus stops in the street. Apparently, it is particularly convenient for me to go out.

食: **food + p&t + e.g. + foodie + meet**

Food there is palatable and toothsome, especially ~ dumping and ~ noodle. As a foodie, that place can meet my appetite.

风: **n&c + e.g. + appreciate + 5**

There is a lot of natural landscape and cultural relics in 地名, such as ~ lake and ~ temple, so that I can appreciate those stunning views to relieve my stress from study deadlines.

花: **flowers fields + complement + walls & tiles + picture**

in the middle of this area, there are layers of golden flower fields planted with sunflowers, which complement with the surrounding buildings, with their typical white walls and black tiles, forming a compelling natural picture.

园: **trees&formations + e.g. + visit + 8**

There is an elegant park in the central area where the ornamental trees and artificial rock formations can be seen on every hand, including some wonderfully attractive pine trees and willows. As a result, when I have free time, I'll visit that place to pass time, because I think it is an effective antidote to boredom and melancholy.

### (2) 人物类第四问大公式: 外性学艺

外: **imposing + 横轴 7 + bf + delighted**

He is the most imposing person I've ever seen. Deep eyes, straight nose, and amazing figure, no girls can resist his temptation. Actually, so do I.

性: **g&o + donates + influenced + example**

This person is good-natured and obliging, who always donates money to help impoverished

people. And what he did influenced me a lot. Apparently, he is a good example to me.

学: Cambridge + trouble + hand

What impressed me the most is that he is a brilliant graduate from Cambridge University, so when the children in our community get in academic trouble, he will give them a hand without hesitation.

艺: V + e.g. + 节日 + 节目 + 5why

It would be very hard to find a person who is more versatile than him. I mean, he can sing songs, dance, paint and play nearly all types of musical instruments, including violin, piano and guitar. When it comes to some important festivals, he will always give some performances to amuse us. + 5why

(3) 物品类第四问大公式: 本身, 关系, 寓意

课程中解析具体句子

(4) 媒体类第四问大公式: 6, 8+5why

(5) 德语公式: 德语介绍、原因、学习, 难逻辑, 横轴 6, 成就感逻辑

德语介绍: The German language is the mostly widely spoken and official language in Germany and related regions, which has a beautiful tone. For example, ~ means ~ in English. That's pretty cute, right?

德语原因: My parents wanted to send me to study in Germany at that time, so it was a survival and compulsory course for me.

德语学习: in order to learn it well, I tried many ways, including listening to the German songs, watching related animations, and making friends with people who can speak that language well

难逻辑: 一共两条

难 1: The grammatical structure and pronunciation habits of it are different from those of Chinese, so I always forgot the right way to organize a full sentence.

难 2: My self-control was very poor at the beginning, which means that I couldn't concentrate on one thing for a long time. As a result, it made the progress very slow.

横轴 6

成就感逻辑: it gave me a sense of achievement, because now, I can use German language to have some simple conversations with others.

所有公式的用法都需要由课程讲解后才能明白, 这个梳理是帮助大家复习, 而不是预习。

## 盘丝大法结构

### 横轴

#### 横轴 1

繁荣与长寿

It symbolizes prosperity, longevity and double happiness in Chinese traditional culture. Hence, I think it can bring me good fortune.

语境: 物品类, 客观事物类

备用词: auspiciousness    peace    harmony

#### 横轴 2

风景

复杂版: forested valleys, turbulent rivers, and glacier-topped peaks

简单版: there is a lot of natural landscape and cultural relics

语境: 旅游城市地点类

#### 横轴 3

减肥

It is a good way to lose weight because doing exercise will work our muscles and burn our calories effectively.

语境: 运动类

#### 横轴 4

减病

It can help me reduce the risk and probability of getting diseases, such as colds and high blood pressure.

4why: doing exercise will speed up the metabolism to help flush toxins from our body

语境: 健康类

#### 横轴 5

减压

It is of course useful to relieve our pressure from study/work deadlines

**5why:** Its gentle melody and beautiful tune can take me into a fascinating world to help me forget trouble in real life

语境: 媒体娱乐类

#### 横轴 8

良药

It is an effective antidote to boredom and melancholy.

语境: 媒体娱乐类

### 横轴 6

永不言弃

No matter how your heart is grieving, if you keep on believing, the dream that you wish will come true.

语境: 媒体娱乐 p2 为什么喜欢; 事件类 p2 道理

### 横轴 7

面如中秋之月, 色如春晓之花

a face like the moon of the mid-autumn and a complexion like the flowers at dawn

语境: 人物外表

### 横轴 9

故事剧情

All that the book narrates, the meetings and partings, the joys and sorrows, the ups and downs of fortune, are recorded vividly.

语境: 电影, 故事, 书籍评价

### 横轴 10

没时间

I have to struggle with my homework till the midnight everyday, so i don't have time to do it very often.

**10why:** because of the large population and fierce competition in china, you must study harder than other people if you want to be standout.

语境: often 类主题; 年轻人主题; 学习主题

**10 & 10why 的结合表达法:** Most students in China are under a lot of pressure because of the country's huge population and the fierce competition, which means that I have to work several times harder than others if I want to be standout.

### 横轴 11

文化认同

~ provides access to the cultural knowledge base and undergirds a strong ethnic identity and cultural pride

语境: 文化类

### 横轴 12

As a student without a lot of pocket money, most of my choices will be budget - friendly.

语境: 花费相关; 涉及选择偏好相关

## 得空就需要读的帮助语料进化的经典句子

### ● 关于早起

I love waking up in the morning, and not knowing what's going to happen, or who I'm going to meet, where I'm going to wind up.

我喜欢早上起来时一切都是未知的,不知会遇见什么人,会有什么样的结局。

### ● 关于决定

You make millions of decisions that mean nothing , and then one day your order takes out, and it changes your life.

你每天都在做很多看起来毫无意义的决定,但某天你的某个决定就能改变你的一生。

### ● 关于梦想

In our hearts, there is a place that cannot be locked. That place is called hope.

在我们心里,有一块地方是无法锁住的,那块地方叫做希望。

Hope is a good thing, maybe the best of things. and no good thing ever dies.

希望是美好的,也许是人间至善,而美好的事物永不消逝,

Anyone can be anything

### ● 关于爱情

You had me at "hello."

一见钟情

As movie Flipped says, "Some of us get dipped in flat, some in satin, some in gloss. But every once in a while you find someone who's iridescent, and when you do, nothing will ever compare.

生命中的过客千万,有些人平庸浅薄,有的人知书达理,又或者衣冠禽兽。可不经意间,有一天你会遇到一个彩虹般绚丽的人,从此以后,其他人就不过是匆匆浮云。

### ● 关于洒脱,珍惜

Whatever you do, do it a hundred percent

When you work, work

When you laugh, laugh

When you eat, eat like it is your last meal



The only thing we have to fear is fear itself

● 关于日落

Some days the sunsets would be purple and pink. And some days they were a blazing orange setting fire to the clouds on the horizon

有时落日泛起紫红的余晖，有时散发出橘红色的火光燃起天边的晚霞

● 关于计划

As the movie titanic said, "I figure life is a gift and i don't intent on wasting it."

生命是上天的馈赠，我不想虚度年华

To make each day count

享受每一天

## Part 3 核心类型及语料

### 这部分给预测班同学看的, 抢分和面授的同学等我上课讲

#### 1. 过去现在对比

科技&经济

In the past, economic backwardness led to low purchasing power, so ~

However, with the progress of society, people today can enjoy more benefits brought by science and technology. I mean, ~

What are the differences between the news in the past and today?

What are the differences between the toys in the past and today?

#### 2. 老人年轻人&技能 pk

It's hard to say.

老人: can spend more time in learning everyday because they have retired

More patient than the young, so they can concentrate on one thing for a longer time

年轻人: they can remember things quicker because of their better memories

Easier to accept new stuff. + can download some related apps to look up useful videos to help them learn the skill vividly and effectively.

Who do you think is easier to learn a new skill, the old or the young?

#### 3. China/people/Chinese

What kind of movie is more popular in china?

老幼对比

类型	现状	需求
The old	Kids are working in other cities + feel lonely Easier to get sick because their immune systems are not as good as those of the young	Accompany  How to keep healthy
The young	人口&竞争=struggle	How to relieve their stress
Children	Limited life experience	Sth that is attractive and easy to master

#### 4. Solve 题型

How to solve the problem of traffic jams?

Both the government and individuals should do efforts.

The government	Enact new laws or regulations to ~	Increase the tax on ~
	基建	Build more ~
Individuals	Increase the awareness of ~	多做~, 少做~

#### 5. The functions of Cultural buildings/ performances / things

Should the government invest money to support cultural performances?

经济作用	Attract more tourists to come	Increase tax revenues and create more job chances for locals
文化作用	Spread our traditional culture and customs	People can get to know the lifestyle of ancient people by visiting ~
娱乐作用	Provide a place/chance for citizens to kill time on the weekends	

#### 6. Pollution 主题

Do you think pollution is common in your country?

Noise pollution	Caused by shouts from food stalls and hawkers	Upset Affect people's sleep quality
Industrial pollution	In order to develop the economy, governments will attract numerous businessmen to invest money in building factories	They pump waste into the water directly
White pollution	Tourists may litter everywhere	Plastic bags, food wrappers
Air pollution	Private cars will produce gas emissions	Increase the risk of getting diseases, such as respiratory disease

#### 7. Children & parents

Should parents set rules for children?

孩子是一定要管的，但也要尊重。

孩子特点	
Love to play	That's their nature
Self-control is poor	They cannot concentrate on one thing for a long time
Life experience is limited	It is hard for them to distinguish the right from wrong

根据题目设定选择以上合适的原因进行支持

However, we should also give them some freedom to ~. if not, their independence will be limited, and this is not good for their future development.

#### 8. Children & skills

Should children learn how to dance?

Compulsory course & basic survival skills (swimming)	should	Related to their future If they don't get good grades, they won't be able to admitted to the university, not to mention finding a decent job in the future
Interest classes (singing, painting……)	Depends on their interests	Like + learn Colour their life Expand their social circle + can make friends with people who have

		the same hobbies as them
		Dislike + don't force
		They may feel upset

## 9. Family 主题

Do Chinese people like to live with the old generations?

Benefits of living with the old	Take care of our life	Do laundry for us, cook for us, sign parcels for us
	Give us useful suggestions when we get in trouble because of their richer life experience	How to make friends with colleagues How to deal with problems in the work field
Drawbacks of living with the old	Different living habits	Cannot speak loudly at night or have a party on the weekends
	Wordy	They like to interrupt our private life

What children can do for their parents?

Do housework	Share their parents' burden
Massage them when parents feel exhausted	Ease their body
Give performances to make parents happy	

Should we give some rewards to children?

Material rewards	When they get high grades in school	Reward them with sth. They've dreamed of for a long time, like gorgeous clothes, fashionable shoes	Encourage them to study harder if they want to achieve what they need
Spiritual rewards	When they have accomplished sth. or done sth. good	Play lego with kids for an hour Reward them with a nice weekend in Disneyland	Boost family relations

## 10. Difference 的题型

e.g. What are the differences between watching a show live and watching it on TV?

直接列出 A B 项的优点即可, 也就是 A 优 PK B 优

## 11. Technology 主题

e.g. what are the effects of technology?

题目本质在问 technology 的优缺点

优点非常简单, make our life more convenient, 从交通、购物、app 等领域都可以回答

缺点:

Air pollution	Caused by the increasing number of private cars	Produce gas emissions
Lead to the growing alienation[ˌeɪliəˈneɪʃn] of family and friends	People stare at their phones all the time during dinner	Ignore the feelings of those around you
People have become lazier	Many new inventions like washing machine have freed our hands	But they will lead to poorer hands-on performance

## 12. clothes 主题

### 制服的优缺点

Benefits	make a person look more energetic and reliable	Thus Helping him/her negotiates more contracts
	Attends formal occasions	Show one's respect and politeness
Drawbacks	Are normally designed very tight	Hard to move around
	High-quality uniforms are too expensive to common people	Most people cannot afford a set of decent uniform

### 校服的优缺点

Benefits	Help schools manage students more effectively and ensure the safety of students better	People who don't have uniforms will be stopped at the gate
	Help children save time in the morning	There is no need for them to worry about what to wear if they are required to wear uniforms only
Drawbacks	Limit students' aesthetic development	① They may not know how to define the beauty ② That's why it is hard to see famous and outstanding designers in China