

Describe a game you enjoyed playing when you were younger (童年喜欢的游戏)

You should say

What the game was

Where you played it

Who you played it with

Explain why you enjoyed playing the game.

思路：可以和“童年快乐的经历”进行合并，但是要做修改，改的内容还不少！

I used to love playing hide and seek when I was little. I guess, that's universal (全球通用), as I don't know anybody who didn't like playing hide and seek when they were little.

In terms where I played it and who I played it with, well, I used to play it both indoors and outdoors. Indoors, normally at home with my parents, or at my grandparents' house with my cousins. In the very beginning, I was too young to grasp the concept of game. So, my parents taught me how to find clever spots to hide (找到聪明的地方躲起来), how to find the seeker, things like that; and gradually as I grew older, I got the hang of it (掌握要领)! I could find the most unexpected hiding spot (最意想不到的躲藏地点), which really surprised my parents, like, behind the curtains, under the bed, or even inside a closet.

Playing hike and seek outdoors was also very fun. I used to play this game in my neighborhood park with my friends. I loved how I could have a good time with my friends, and at the same time, get some sun and fresh air (晒太阳透透气), you know, be outdoors and closer to nature. The park had so many great places to hide, for instance, behind trees or bushes, under the ping-pong tables, and even behind the little bridge. I still vividly remember the thrill of hiding in plain sight (显而易见的地方, 众目睽睽的地方) and seeing my friends pass by me without realizing I was right there.

We took turns to hide and seek. When it was my turn to seek, I would run like crazy (疯了一样狂跑) around the park, yelling out my friends' names and trying to bluff (吓唬、戏弄) them. I loved the adrenaline rush (肾上腺飙升) when I found a friend hiding behind the most unexpected spot (最意想不到的地方).

And now, looking back on those fond memories, they were actually great bonding experiences. It was so nice to spend quality time with my friends and family. I learned how to play games in a smart way, all kinds of strategies and tactics (策略和技巧). And also, I learned to use my imagination and creativity to be a better player.

So, yeh, that's the game I liked. Thank you!

Part3:

1. What games do kids like to play now?

I would say that's a really tough question (难题) as I don't have much knowledge about it. I'm not a parent, and I'm in my 20s (20 多岁), so I'm pretty far from the world of children. From my observation, I think kids nowadays, especially kids over 10 years old, are really into video games (很喜欢电玩), which is completely different from the time when I was little. We used to spend a lot of time outdoors playing hide and seek and all kinds of kids' games. But nowadays, if you pay attention, you don't really see that many kids playing on the street anymore. They are actually staying at home and playing video games or mobile game, like, Super Mario, Pokémon or Minecraft, things like that. Each time when I see my 10-year-old nephew, he's using his parents' phone and playing something. So, no, I don't really know what games they're playing currently. I think it could also be an age-group thing (也可能是各年龄层问题). I feel that younger kids might still be interested in physical games, like shooting games (射击游戏), war games (战争游戏), role-playing games (角色扮演),

board games (桌游) , as they are still very young and they are not addicted to the screen yet (还没有对屏幕上瘾) . But again, I'm not an expert, I could be wrong (我有可能说的不对) . (时间分层, 分群体)

2. Do boys and girls play different games?

Again, I'm not an expert on kids, so I don't really want to say that boys and girls play completely different games. I'm pretty sure the games they play would overlap at certain level. And also, I don't know anything about video games. But when it comes to younger kids, based on my childhood memory, I do remember that most of the boys would be running and shooting each other with their imaginative guns (想象中的枪) , or playing games that are more based on competition and maybe a little bit of violence, whereas girls would be more into social games, like role-playing (角色扮演) , playhouse (娃娃家) , one girl pretending to be the mom, the other the daughter, taking care of each other and cooking. It seemed that there was a difference between boys and girls. But anyway, that's just my observation. I could be wrong. (回忆过去, 分群体讨论)

3. Are outdoor sports important for kids?

Absolutely, the way I see it (我是这么看的) , it is so crucial for kids to play sports outside, being in the sun (在阳光下) , getting enough vitamin D (补钙) , getting plenty of fresh air (充分透气) , letting their eyes rest (让眼睛休息) , sweating, running and having fun. There's something about running and playing outdoors that can never be replaced by playing sports indoors (直播课上讲过的句型) . It helps children unwind (放松) , let off the steam (解压) , and also it teaches them about collaboration and teamwork spirit (合作和团队精神) . It is beneficial in so many ways, which is also the reason why it makes me sad to see nowadays kids being so hooked on (被迷住) their screens and playing video games instead of playing sports games outside. (罗列原因)

4. Why do people play different games now than before?

I think it is because of the new lifestyle we're living now. It's all connected (都是互相影响的) . Nowadays people are living a more sedentary lifestyle (久坐生活方式) . People sit more and walk, run less. We drive to different places. We sit down in front of the computer and work all day. We come home and sit down more in front of the TV and watch TV all night. As technology has advanced, our lifestyle has changed dramatically as well. That's why we are having completely different ways in terms of getting entertained (取得娱乐) and engaging in leisure activities. Video games today have much better graphics and better immersive experiences. VR technology has opened up new doors for gaming experiences. That's why people play video games more than any other games today. It's the easiest way. In the past, we didn't even have those options. (时间分层)

5. Is winning important in games?

(两个版本)

① For me, yes. I feel that having the mindset (拥有一份意识) of always wanting to be the best (总想做最好) , always wanting to win, is very important and also valuable. It motivates a person to keep trying, keep working hard, and try to stand out from the rest (脱颖而出) . And the way I see it, nowadays, people are lacking competitive spirit (缺乏竞争精神) . For example, schools are giving every kid a trophy just for participating, and I don't like that. I think having a sense of competition (有一份竞争感) is still really essential because, after all, this society is competitive. (原因, 举例子)

② Nowadays when I participate in games, I try to cut myself some slack (放过自己, 不钻牛角尖) and not to compete too hard because I've learned that winning is not the most important part in games. Playing games should be a really enjoyable process. You learn about new things and you get to spend some time with your peers. But I have to say when I was younger, I used to be so competitive. I would try anything to win, but sometimes I lost the fun along the way. (时间分层)

6. Which is better, individual games or team-based games?

It depends on what you want. If you're not a people person (喜欢人群的人), you hate dealing with people (痛恨和人打交道) and you're not good at communicating, then of course, individual games are the right choice. But if you are a sociable person, a social butterfly (交际花), you have a strong team spirit (团队精神强), and you have strong interpersonal skills (社交技能强), then team-based games should be your go-to. (分群体)