

耕伟学长的 14 天雅思口语加速营

我与大家分享的雅思口语的备考
是一条功利应试路
能让我们走得更快
但恐怕不能让我们走得更远

愿所有小伙伴都赶紧走完这条路
然后静心实意
去完成千里跬步的积累

Day1 雅思口语总览

一、 考试内容

1. 自我介绍（不计入分数）：

考官： Good morning/afternoon/evening. Can you tell me your full name, please?

考生： Sure, my name is XXX. You can call me XX.

考官： Can I see your identification, please? (identification: 证件。准考证)

考生： Yes/Absolutely/Sure/Here you are.

考官： Thank you, that's fine. Now in this first part, I would like to ask you some questions about yourself.

2. Part 1: 基础问答

时间：4min 左右

考官就 3 个大方面提问，每个大方面又包含 3 个左右的小问题。

听到问题后【立刻】开始作答。

Do you work or study?

How do you usually spend your day when you're studying?

Do you find it easy to organize your study time?

Who helps you most in your studies?

本部分考察重点：fluency

所以：不需要拽文；尽量流畅、简短回答完就行。

3. Part 2: 独白陈述

时间：4min 左右

考官给出 1 个问题；1min 时间准备（可以做笔记）；然后开始说 2min。

Describe a place in the countryside that you enjoyed visiting.
Some instructions that you can follow:
Where you went in the countryside
Why you went to this place in the countryside
What you saw and did there
And explain why you enjoyed visiting this place in the countryside.

（如果没有说够 2min，可能会被扣分；并且考官会主动追问 1-2 个问题，而这部分问题不算分）

本部分考察重点：idea & vocabulary

所以：

- 1) 展示完整的逻辑 + 不俗的词汇；
- 2) 说 as much as you can

4. Part 3: 深入问答

时间：4min 左右

考官顺着 Part2 的问题，顺着继续往下问 2-6 个问题。

What are the most popular places in the countryside for people in your region to visit?
Who will enjoy visiting the countryside?
Do people visit the countryside more today than in the past?
Why do some people choose to live in the countryside?

（Part3 的一些问题可能是考官临场发挥问的，所以他/她会比较 excited，而我们可能比较 sad）

本部分考察重点：idea & vocabulary

所以：

- 1) 展示完整的逻辑 + 不俗的词汇
- 2) 单个问题你的回答越长，考官可以问的问题数量就越少，所以：说 as much as you can

二、 注意事项

1. 雅思口语：唯一可以用**考场真题**备考的科目

雅思口语考试的题目经网友回忆整理而泛滥于网上，因此也造富了广大备考者。

因此：只要认真准备，考场上就一定能遇到原题。四个科目中，应该只有口语的考场发挥可以做到「超常发挥」。

(Part3 除外，因为 Part3 涉及考官的临场发挥)

2. 重要的是英语，而不是其他

影响我们得分的只有一点：我们的英文。

所以不太需要关注：

- 我们的表情、肢体语言、妆容和服饰
- 我们的口音（只要不影响理解）
- 我们的观点是否迎合了考官的喜好/主流的看法
- 我们如果没听懂问题，让考官解释，他会不会扣分
- 考官是否耐烦；是否友好；是否在做笔记；是否在看表；是否打断我们等
- 考官是否发现我们提前准备过
- 考官是否察觉我和其他人的答案有一些类似

三、 考场案例展示

6.5 分与 9 分

四、 备考策略

1. 学会准备 1 道题

- 1) 如何说多+说好？
- 2) 如何写逐字稿（要点稿）

2. 学会用 1 道题，串起 10 道题

3. 教学重点

Part 2

因为：Part 1 比较简单；Part 3 可以准备的比较少。

4. 付出的时间

- 1) 至少：3 小时/天 × 14 天
- 2) 时间分配：听课 10% + 自行准备 90%

五、 今日作业

把所有题目【读题】+【思考一下】，标记下自己觉得最难的题目。

预计用时：2 小时。

Day2: Part1 介绍与题目串联（一）

一、 题目展示

Do you work or study?
How do you usually spend your day when you're studying?
Do you find it easy to organize your study time?
Who helps you most in your studies?

How often do you look at yourself in a mirror?
Have you ever bought a mirror?
Would you buy clothes without checking yourself in a mirror first?
Do you think mirrors are a good way to decorate a room?

- 上面的两张截图属于 2 个大的问题：【work/study】、【mirror】。
- Part1 总共会有 3 个大的问题，10 个左右的小问题。
- 每个大题之间，你会听到考官说：Ok, let's talk about XX.
- 3 个大题中，第一个问题是**相对确定**的：考官会在【work/study】或者【hometown/where do you live】中二选一。
- 剩下的 2 个大题，考官会从他/她手上的【26 个大题】中任选其二。

二、 备考重心

1. 漂亮地拿下第 1 个大题。
2. 尽可能漂亮地拿下剩下的 26 个大题中的两个。

三、 单题准备

1. 说多久

每个小问题：2-3 句（注意是完整句子）；30-40 个词；15 秒左右

（说完之后【充满自信而面带微笑】地看着考官就行，不需要没话找话，谨记：言多必失）

2. 怎么说才算好（重点）

1) 几个反例

问：Did you enjoy traveling by car when you were a child?

答：Yes.

问：How important is the color of a car to you?

答：I think the color of a car is significant to me mainly for 3 reasons. Firstly, different color stands for different meanings. For example, white may represent pure and kind. Secondly, different colors may have different impacts upon people's emotions. For example, green tends to make people feel comfortable while red may make people nervous. Last but not least, colors also have something to do with fashion. For example, the most fashionable color for this year is widely believed to be purple.

问：Do you prefer to get information from websites or books?

答：I prefer to obtain information from websites, which are replete with both vivid and dramatic descriptions and unbiased and comprehensive documentation.

2) 一个正面例子

问：Did you enjoy traveling by car when you were a child?

答：Yes, I loved it. When I was just ten years old, I traveled a lot by car: to the countryside, to the riverside, and even to another province. I really miss those days. (33 words)

优点 1：满足基本字数

优点 2：都是完整的句子，而不是零碎的单词。

优点 3：句式简单、用词简单，符合口语规范，背诵起来也不难

大家可能有的疑问：不需要高大上的词点缀加分吗？

--不需要。Part2 和 Part3 才是词汇的主战场（而且是针对分数 7+ 要求的同学。）

优点 4：内容丰满（对题目的回应+对回答的进一步解释）

3) 标准答案的构成

【简明回答问题】 + 【1-3 句的进一步解释】

难度：容易

不论什么水平的同学，但凡有所准备，都能够准备好比较不错的 Part1 的答案。

但是，如果真的抓耳挠腮想不出答案呢？

4) 10 大技巧让我们写出高质量 Part1 答案

问题：Did you enjoy traveling by car when you were a child?		
序号	回答展示	技巧说明
1	Yes, I loved it. When I was just ten years old, I traveled a lot by car: to the countryside, to the riverside, and even to another province. I really miss those days.	<p>首先【简短地回应问题】，不能只是【单词】，需要有【完整句子】。</p> <p>除开比较生硬地回答：Yes, I did. 还有如下选择：</p> <p>【肯定回答】</p> <p>Yes, I loved it.</p> <p>Absolutely, I liked it a lot.</p> <p>Yeah, I liked it very much.</p> <p>Definitely yes, traveling by car was my favorite.</p> <p>【否定回答】</p> <p>No, not really.</p> <p>I think not; I didn't like it.</p> <p>I have to say no; I am not a big fan of XX.</p>

2	Yes, I loved it. When I was just ten years old, I traveled a lot by car: to the countryside, to the riverside, and even to another province. I really miss those days.	在【简短地回应问题】之后，加上一段【自己的经历】作为进一步解释，可以丰富内容，增加字数。（注意时态）
3	Yes, I loved it. When I was just ten years old, I traveled a lot by car: to the countryside, to the riverside, and even to another province. I really miss those days.	<p>在【自己的经历】之后，加上【一段评价】作为收尾；既丰富了内容，又增加了字数。常见的评价还可以有：</p> <p>【正面评价】</p> <p>I really miss those days.</p> <p>Those days were the best.</p> <p>I am so glad I have such experiences.</p> <p>【负面评价】</p> <p>I don't want to remember those days.</p> <p>Those days were a nightmare.</p> <p>I wish I didn't have such experiences.</p>
4	Yes, I loved it. When I was just ten years old, I traveled a lot by car: to the countryside, to the riverside, and even to another province. I really miss those days.	<p>使用【平行结构（就是中文里的“排比”）】。好处是：</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 撑字数； 2) 平行结构中的【部分成分相同】，便于记忆和回忆，节省脑细胞； 3) 平行结构是展示【词汇量】的好方法（Part2 中会详细提到）。
5	Hmm...you got me; I haven't really thought about this question. If I have to choose, I'd like to say yes.....	<p>典型的【缓兵之计的用词】。</p> <p>类似的表达还有：</p> <p>That's a tough question...</p> <p>Oh, let me think about this...</p> <p>Wow, that's like ten years ago...</p> <p>Actually, I don't know any.../I am not very familiar with...</p> <p>但需要注意：</p> <p>不要每道题都使用这个伎俩，会显得太刻意。</p>
6	Yes, I loved it. Traveling by car is the best! Compared to traveling by bike, it's faster; compared to trains, you have much more freedom, so I always traveled by car.	<p>【compare-and-contrast】也是很好用的技巧。增加了字数，也丰富了内容。</p> <p>同时，几个句式都可以用【compared to XX】开头，容易形</p>

		成思维惯性，方便记忆和回忆，说起来也朗朗上口。
7	No, not really. But I liked traveling by bike. I used to ride a bike to a lot of places: the countryside, the riverside, and even to another province. I really miss those days.	如果没有类似的经历，也完全 ok。用【替代经历】照样可以充字数（并且不会被扣分，因为雅思口语是考交流，不是看题目回应有多滴水不漏）。
8	Yes, I loved it. Actually, you know what? I do it all the time. Even nowadays, I always travel by car if it's possible. And one day, I hope to drive all the way to every corner of China.	虽然题目问的是【过去】，但依然可以用【现在】和【未来】的内容去填充。 并且好处是：时态更不容易犯错。
9	Yes, I loved it, because traveling by car is really exciting. Just imagine the air, the speed, and all the scenery along the way; it's so cool. Yes, I loved it. I guess traveling by car is a good way of relaxing; you can just escape from the daily pressure, go anywhere you want, and have a break.	黄色部分相当于是找了一个【理由】，支撑【我为什么喜欢 travel by car】。（这和写作中找【理由】支撑主题句是一样的道理，但比写作简单太多。） 另外，还可以使用【万精油理由】。 常见的【万精油理由】包括： 1) 放松自我（英文表达见左面）； 2) 交朋友（it's a good way of making new friends; you can meet different people; they have totally different life stories; you chat, you talk, and you become friends.） 3) 长见识（it's a good way of enriching experiences; you can have new access to different knowledge, see different things and people, and become mentally mature after that） 但需要注意，【万精油】的【万精】是以【失去针对性】为代价的，所以不到万不得已，不要轻易使用。
10	Yes, I loved it. A lot of people say traveling by car is like a vacation for the soul. I totally agree. I think my soul was just too tired, so I used to travel by car a lot, almost four times a year.	黄色部分属于【他人观点】。也是很好的撑起内容、增加字数的方式。 注意，对于他人的观点，既可以同意，也可以反对。

5) 几大雷区千万不要踩，否则 Part1 答案瞬间减分

序号	回答展示	错误说明
1	Yes.	（只有一个词，还想得分？）

2	I think the color of a car is significant to me mainly for 3 reasons. Firstly, different color stands for different meanings. For example, white may represent pure and kind. Secondly, different colors may have different impacts upon people's emotions. For example, green tends to make people feel comfortable while red may make people nervous. Last but not least, colors also have something to do with fashion. For example, the most fashionable color for this year is widely believed to be purple.	太多了，一定会被考官打断。 而且也不方便记忆。
3	I prefer to obtain information from websites, which are replete with both vivid and dramatic descriptions and unbiased and comprehensive documentation.	用语太书面，记不下来啊……
4	As far as I am concerned, I think... you know, traveling by car is, how to say... is good.	把几个【最无用的套话】堆在了一起…… <ul style="list-style-type: none"> As far as I am concerned: 和 I think 表意重复 You know: 后面只能加【众所周知的事实】 how to say: 后面的部分通常是一个【比较难表达】的内容。高手通常用【how to say】来引出一个【加分词汇】，如：Traveling by car is, how to say, the liberation of the soul.
5	I always traveled by car to a lot of places with my friends in our free time.	这么多状语/介词结构，又不好记，又绕口。不如改成单句： I always traveled by car with my friends. We went to a lot of places, and of course, when we had the time. (这条规则同样适用于 Part2 和 Part3 的准备)
6	We used to travel by car to Beijing. It's a modern, mysterious, and marvelous city.	【三个形容词的连续嵌套定语】会带来很大的记忆和回忆的压力。不如改成：It's so modern, so mysterious, and so marvelous. 大家会觉得这有什么不同吗？我觉得有。不同是： 现在的三个形容词被简单词 so 隔开，形成了三个【具有类似成分】的【平行结构】，记忆和回忆都会更轻松（千万不要小看一个 so 给我们大脑带来的 0.005 秒的缓冲时间） 同时，不可否认，字数也更多。
7	No, not really. But I liked traveling by bike. I used to ride a bike to a lot of places: the countryside, the riverside, and even to another province. I really miss those days.	不自然的语音表现（一看就知道在背稿子）： 1) 没有断句，或者没有正常断句

<p>(这部分【文本】没有问题，重点是【语音问题】，请结合视频里的语音讲解学习)</p>	<p>正常断句应该是：</p> <p>a) 句间断；</p> <p>b) 句内各成分之间略断</p> <p>c) 比较难的观点/表达前面会略断，体现出思考的感觉</p> <p>2) 没有抑扬顿挫</p> <p>3) 一直不看考官</p>
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需要注意：

- 1) 以上的【技巧】和【雷区】也适用于 **Part2 和 Part3**。
- 2) 以上的【技巧】和【雷区】不是让大家在【考场上想答案时】参考的。

因为：根本来不及!!!

而是用在【考前准备时】。也就是：**Part1 的一共 28 道题的准备中**。

四、 一个题目串起很多题目

这个方法很迷人。

但很遗憾。**Part1 的题目不太适用**。

下面是 Part1 不同题目的核心词，一眼便知，此法不适用……

work	study	hometown	mirror	photos	cars	websites	street markets	sports	art
lost things	email	daily routines	dreams	phones	cinemas	books	pets	trips	rules

但好在，Part1 的题目是三个部分中最简单的。

所以，对于英语基础本身比较好（四六级接近 600）的同学来说，不太需要详细准备。

对于其余同学—

需要按部就班准备好所有 28 个题目！

五、 完整一道题的准备展示

【Cars】

1) Did you enjoy traveling by car when you were a child?

Yes, I loved it. When I was just ten years old, I traveled a lot by car: to the countryside, to the riverside, and even to another province. I really miss those days.

- 黄色部分：【排比】。增加字数，丰富内容
- riverside：河边

2) Would you generally prefer to be a driver or a passenger in a car?

Umm...If I have to choose, I'd say passenger. Being a passenger is much more relaxing than being a driver: you don't have to focus on the direction, you don't have to pay attention to the speed limit.

黄色部分：【缓兵之计的用词】；绿色部分：【排比】

- speed limit：限速

3) How important is the color of a car to you?

Very important, I guess. I like black. A lot of people say black is a noble color, and I agree. If my car is black, it makes me look noble too, and that's great.

- 黄色部分：【他人看法】
- noble：高贵的

4) What type of car would you most like to have in the future?

Actually, I don't know the types, or the brands, of any cars. For me, my car should be easy to drive, of course; and it should be black; and finally, it should be sturdy. I don't want to spend a lot of money on the repairs.

- 黄色部分：【缓兵之计的用词】
- brand：品牌
- sturdy：耐用的
- repair：修理。此处作名词。

六、 作业（今天和明天）

准备 Part1 的 28 个题目，写出逐字稿。

每道大题平均用时：10min

怎么写？如下：

【逐字稿】：

Yes, I loved it. When I was just ten years old, I traveled a lot by car: to the countryside, to the

riverside, and even to another province. I really miss those days.

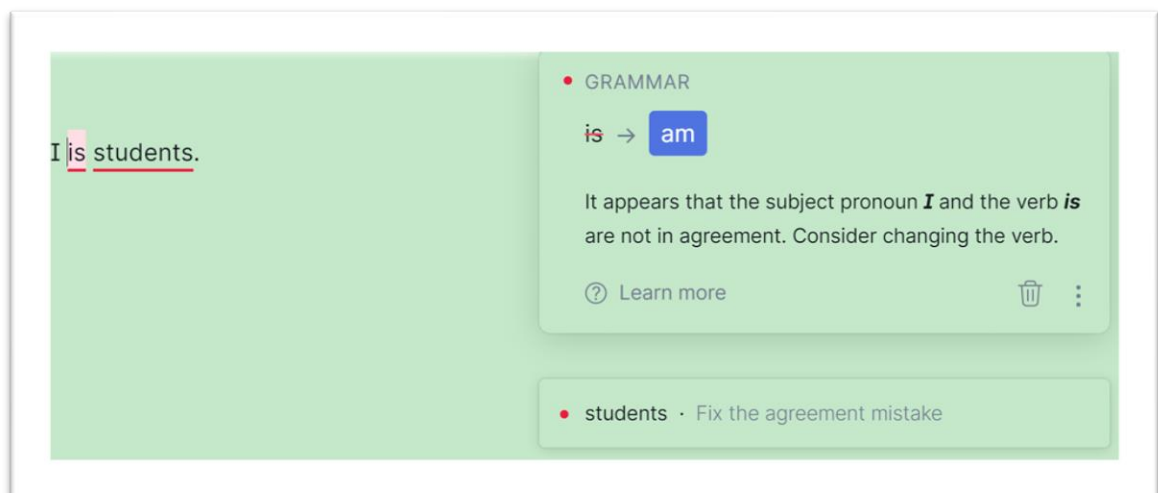
英语基础好的同学也可以直接写【要点】，不需要写【逐字稿】，如下：

- Yes
- 10 years old, traveled a lot: countryside, riverside, another province
- miss

提示：建议大家【第一反应想到什么就写什么】，而不要【反复斟酌、仔细推敲】然后再写。

推荐一款【语法检查软件】：Grammarly

<https://app.grammarly.com/>



Day3: Part1 题目串联（二）

一、 今日任务

串联 Part1 的剩下题目。

Day4: Part2 介绍与【人物类】题目串联（一）

一、 题目展示

Describe a person you follow regularly on social media or other media.

Some instructions that you can follow:

Who this person is

How you know about this person

What kinds of things he/she talks about

And explain why you follow this person regularly on social media or other media.

Describe a person you know who does a job which is useful to society.

Some instructions that you can follow:

Who this person is

What job this person does

What skills this person needs to do the job

And explain why you think this job is useful to society.

1. 【形式】

独白陈述

题目总是以【Describe...为开头】

题目下方有一些指令（Instruction），作为答题时的参考（**不完全按照指令要求**去回答也不会扣分）

2. 【时间】

4min 左右

- 1) 考官给出 1 个问题;
- 2) 1min 时间准备 (可以做笔记);
- 3) 然后开始说 2min。

(如果没有说够 2min, 可能会被扣分; 并且考官会主动追问 1-2 个问题, 而这部分问题不算分)

3. 【本部分考察重点】

idea & vocabulary

- 1) idea: 有逻辑; 较丰富
- 2) 相关的主题词汇+适当的高级词汇

二、 单题准备

Describe a person you follow regularly on social media or other media.

Some instructions that you can follow:

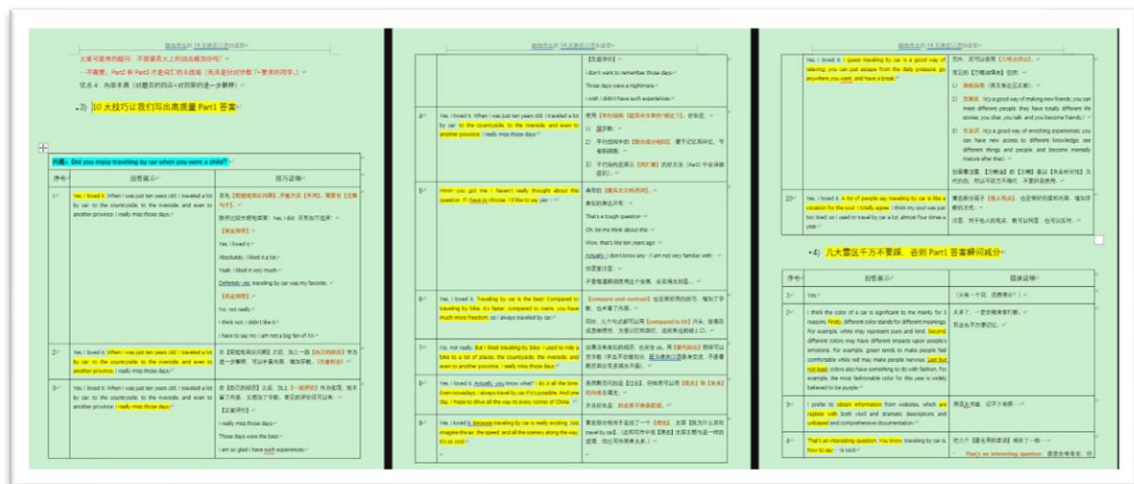
Who this person is

How you know about this person

What kinds of things he/she talks about

And explain why you follow this person regularly on social media or other media.

思考: 回答 Part2 的问题, 是否还需要我们在 Part1 中提到的【10 大技巧】?



答案：不太需要。因为 Part2 的题目都有官方给出的 4 条 Instruction。根据这四条就可以写出保质保量的内容。

参考答案：

His name is CongMingXueZhang, which can be loosely translated as Mr. Smart. He is an influencer on DouYin, the Chinese version of TikTok. He creates videos about his studying methods and experience.

How I knew him? Actually, I found out about him by accident. My friend was browsing videos on DouYin the other day, and shared his videos with me. The video, I still remember, was about how to memorize difficult vocabulary in English. It was so interesting, so intriguing, and it captivated me at once, and I started following him since then.

Basically, he shares videos about his studying experiences, studying methods, and even life lessons, sometimes. From his video, you can totally tell that he is so smart, it's like everything in studying is just a piece of cake to him, he is almost, how to put it, omniscient, I guess. The most impressive video was how he managed to remember 1000 words in three days. I mean, come on, that's more than difficult, it's very difficult, it's a daunting task. But, he did it! He shared how he divided these words into different groups, and how he adopted various ways to memorize them, and even how he took advantage of different locations to consolidate the memories. I was surprised to see this, no, I was more than surprised, I was stunned.

This is him, a superman in the academic field. I guess I followed him not only because he is smart, but also because deep deep down, he resonates with me, I want to become smart, become brilliant, and become omniscient as well. And I believe his videos are going to go viral on DouYin very soon.

接下来，我们从几个方面给大家分析我们的答案好在哪里：

1. 分析角度一: 主题词汇&亮眼表达

His name is CongMingXueZhang, which can be loosely translated as Mr. Smart. He is an influencer on DouYin, the Chinese version of TikTok. He creates videos about his studying methods and experience.

can be loosely translated as: 可以被粗略翻译为

influencer: 网红

the Chinese version of TikTok: TikTok 的中国版

creates videos: 做视频

How I knew him? Actually, I found out about him by accident. My friend was browsing videos on DouYin the other day, and shared his videos with me. The video, I still remember, was about how to memorize difficult vocabulary in English. It was so interesting, so intriguing, and it captivated me at once, and I started following him since then.

browsing videos: 刷视频

follow him: 成为他的粉丝

intriguing: 有趣的

captivate sb: 吸引某人

Basically, he shares videos about his studying experiences, studying methods, and even life lessons, sometimes. From his video, you can totally tell that he is so smart, it's like everything in studying is just a piece of cake to him, he is almost, how to put it, omniscient, I guess. The most impressive video was how he managed to remember 1000 words in three days. I mean, come on, that's more than difficult, it's very difficult, it's a daunting task. But, he did it! He shared how he divided these words into different groups, and how he adopted various ways to memorize them, and even how he took advantage of different locations to consolidate the memories. I was surprised to see this, no, I was more than surprised, I was stunned.

you can totally tell: 你能轻易发现...

a piece of cake: 小菜一叠

omniscient: 全知全能的

a daunting task: 兼具的任务

adopt various ways: 采用各种方法

take advantage of: 利用

consolidate the memories: 加固记忆

stunned: 目瞪口呆的

This is him, a superman in the academic field. I guess I followed him not only because he is smart, but also because deep deep down, he resonates with me, I want to become smart, become brilliant, and become omniscient as well. And I believe his videos are going to go viral on DouYin very soon.

deep deep down: 内心深处

resonate with me: 和我有共鸣

brilliant: 聪明的

omniscient: 全知全能的

go viral: 爆火

2. 分析角度二：可以引出高级表达的套路语言

(想要自己写出高分答案的同学请认真听!)

His name is CongMingXueZhang, which can be loosely translated as Mr. Smart. He is an influencer on DouYin, the Chinese version of TikTok. He creates videos about his studying methods and experience.

How I knew him? Actually, I found out about him by accident. My friend was browsing videos on DouYin the other day, and shared his videos with me. The video, I still remember, was about how to memorize difficult vocabulary in English. It was so interesting, so intriguing, and it captivated me at once, and I started following him since then.

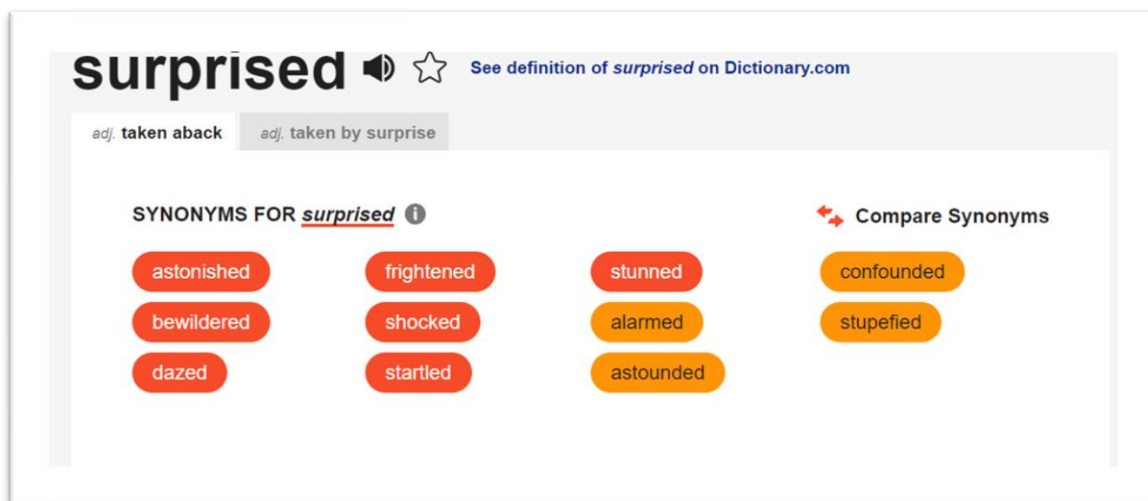
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This is him, a superman in the academic field. I guess I followed him not only because he is smart, but also because deep deep down, he resonates with me, I want to become smart, become brilliant, and become omniscient as well. And I believe his videos are going to go

viral on DouYin very soon.

提示：寻找高级词汇、替换表达可以用到的工具

thesaurus & Collins



The screenshot shows a digital thesaurus entry for the word "surprised". At the top, the word "surprised" is displayed in a large, bold font, accompanied by a speaker icon for audio and a star icon for bookmarks. A link "See definition of surprised on Dictionary.com" is provided. Below the word, two definitions are shown: "adj. taken aback" and "adj. taken by surprise". The main section is titled "SYNONYMS FOR surprised" and lists various synonyms in colored buttons: astonished, frightened, stunned, confounded, bewildered, shocked, alarmed, stupefied, dazed, startled, and astounded. A "Compare Synonyms" link is also visible.

SYNONYMS FOR <u>surprised</u>			
astonished	frightened	stunned	confounded
bewildered	shocked	alarmed	stupefied
dazed	startled	astounded	

stunned

stunned ☆ ⋮

英 /stʌnd/ 美 /stʌnd/ 全球(美国)

简明 柯林斯 例句 百科

stun /stʌn/ ★★☆☆☆ | CET6 TEM4

stunning, stunned, stuns

1. V-T If you are **stunned** by something, you are **extremely shocked or surprised** by it and are therefore unable to speak or do anything. 使震惊
 - He's stunned by today's resignation of his longtime ally.
他被自己的长期助手今天的辞职所震惊。
2. ADJ 惊呆了
 - When they told me she was missing I was totally stunned.
当他们告诉我她不见了时，我完全惊呆了。
3. V-T If something such as a blow on the head **stuns** you, it makes you unconscious or confused and unsteady. 把...打昏

3. 分析角度三：故事的灵活性（换掉几个关键的核心部分，立刻就是另一个故事）

（想要写出自己的故事的同学请认真听!）

【聪明学长】的例子：

His name is CongMingXueZhang, which can be loosely translated as Mr. Smart. He is an influencer on DouYin, the Chinese version of TikTok. He creates videos about his studying methods and experience.

How I knew him? Actually, I found out about him by accident. My friend was browsing videos on DouYin the other day, and shared his videos with me. The video, I still remember, was

about how to memorize difficult vocabulary in English. It was so interesting, so intriguing, and it captivated me at once, and I started following him since then.

Basically, he shares videos about his studying experiences, studying methods, and even life lessons, sometimes. From his video, you can totally tell that he is so smart, it's like everything in studying is a piece of cake to him, he is almost, how to put it, omniscient, I guess. The most impressive video was how he managed to remember 1000 words in three days. I mean, come on, that's more than difficult, it's very difficult, it's a daunting task. But, he did it! He shared how he divided these words into different groups, and how he adopted various ways to memorize them, and even how he took advantage of different locations to consolidate the memories. I was surprised to see this, no, I was more than surprised, I was stunned.

This is him, a superman in the academic field. I guess I followed him not only because he is smart, but also because deep deep down, he resonates with me, I want to become smart, become brilliant, and become omniscient as well. And I believe his videos are going to go viral on DouYin very soon.

略作修改，崭新的例子诞生：【美食姐姐】的例子

Her name is MeishiJieJie, which can be loosely translated as Miss. Good Cook. She is an influencer on DouYin, the Chinese version of TikTok. She creates videos about her cooking methods and experience.

How I knew her? Actually, I found out about her by accident. My friend was browsing videos on DouYin the other day, and shared her videos with me. The video, I still remember, was about how to use normal ingredients to make a fancy dinner. It was so interesting, so intriguing, and it captivated me at once, and I started following her since then.

Basically, she shares videos about her cooking experiences, kitchen recipes, and even life lessons, sometimes. From her video, you can totally tell that she is so energetic, it's like she can stay in the kitchen forever, she is almost, how to put it, inexhaustible, I guess. The most impressive video was how she managed to conjure up 10 dishes in two hours. I mean, come on, that's more than difficult, it's very difficult, it's a daunting task. But, she did it! She cooked up a storm! She shared how she bought different ingredients in advance, and how she decided the order of cooking different things, and even how she took advantage of different parts of vegetables to make two dishes. I was surprised to see this, no, I was more than surprised, I was stunned.

This is her, a superwoman in the culinary field. I guess I followed her not only because she is good at cooking, but also because deep deep down, she resonates with me, I want my food to be good, to be delicious, and to be palatable. And I believe her videos are going to go viral on DouYin very soon.

主题词汇和亮眼表达：

normal ingredients: 不起眼的原料

fancy dinner: 上档次的晚餐

inexhaustible: 永不知倦的

conjure up: (如同有魔力搬) 变出

cook up a storm: 做出了一桌满汉全席

culinary field: 烹饪界

palatable: 玉盘珍馐似的

疑问：现在在看视频的同学有好几十个呢，我们会不会撞车呢？

不用担心。因为以下 7 个原因：

- 1) 不同同学是在不同地区、不同时间的考场
- 2) Part 2 一共有 50 道题，大概率每个同学抽到的是不一样的题目
- 3) 以上模板大家也可以自行同义改写语言、打乱语序
- 4) 非模板部分大家套用自己的个性化故事，这样你的故事至少有 40%和其他人不一样了
- 5) 大家在考场上展示出来的内容还是会和平时准备的内容有差异的
- 6) 最重要的是：耕伟学长 is not that famous so the number of people who have seen this video is extremely limited...so no worries
- 7) 退一万步说：在淘宝上买的千人一面的答案你都敢背，这种改良版的反而不行了？

三、 一个故事串起很多题目

Describe a person you know who does a job which is useful to society.

Some instructions that you can follow:

Who this person is

What job this person does

What skills this person needs to do the job

And explain why you think this job is useful to society.

His name is CongMingXueZhang, which can be loosely translated as Mr. Smart. He is an influencer on DouYin, the Chinese version of TikTok. He creates videos about his studying methods and experience.

He is an English teacher, actually. Being an influencer is his **part-time job**, or a hobby, I guess. The skill he needs to do this job is... **excellent mastery of English**, I think. **Actually, I still remember the first video I saw about him, it was about how to memorize difficult vocabulary in English. It was so interesting, so intriguing, and it captivated me at once, and I started following him since then.**

Basically, he shares videos about his studying experiences, studying methods, and even life lessons, sometimes. I think all of these helped me a lot, and **are also beneficial to** someone like me in society. **From his video, you can totally tell that he is so smart, it's like he knows everything about studying, he is almost, how to put it, omniscient, I guess. The most impressive video was how he managed to remember 1000 words in three days. I mean, come on, that's more than difficult, it's very difficult, it's a daunting task. But, he did it! He shared how he divided these words into different groups, and how he adopted various ways to memorize them, and even how he took advantage of different locations to consolidate the memories. I was surprised to see this, no, I was more than surprised, I was stunned.**

And from then on, I started to use his method to memorize English vocabulary. And I also saw a lot of his fans doing this, too. So I think as his videos go viral on the Internet, he is actually helping a lot of people, especially students. His **contribution to society** not only has **short-term benefits**, I think, but also **far-reaching influence**. Students like me really learned a lot from him.

主题词汇和亮眼表达：

part-time job: 兼职工作

be beneficial to: 对 XX 有好处

contribution to the society: 对社会的贡献

short-term benefits: 短期好处

far-reaching influence: 长远影响

Describe a person you only met recently who you would like to get to know better.

Some instructions that you can follow:

Who this person is

Where you met him/her

What you talked about

And explain why you would like to get to know this person better.

His name is CongMingXueZhang, which can be loosely translated as Mr. Smart. He is an influencer on DouYin, the Chinese version of TikTok. He creates videos about his studying methods and experience.

Since he is a **celebrity**, you know, it should be hard to **meet him in person**. But, fortunately, he used to study at the same university as I do, and he was kind of invited back to give a speech last month, so I not only saw him, but also **chatted with him** a little bit!

In his **speech**, he **shared** his studying experiences, studying methods, and even life lessons. From his **speech**, you can totally tell that he is so smart, it's like everything in studying is a piece of cake to him, he is almost, how to put it, omniscient, I guess. The most impressive **part** was how he managed to remember 1000 words in three days. I mean, come on, that's more than difficult, it's very difficult, it's a daunting task. But, he did it! He shared how he divided these words into different groups, and how he adopted various ways to memorize them, and even how he took advantage of different locations to consolidate the memories. I was surprised to **know** this, no, I was more than surprised, I was stunned.

This is the first time I have met **a big fish** in person. I would really like to know him better. **He** is like a superman in the academic field. I guess **I want to know him** not only because he is smart, but also because deep deep down, he resonates with me, I want to become smart, become brilliant, and become omniscient as well. So, if I get more chance to know him, I will never **miss the boat**.

主题词汇和亮眼表达：

celebrity: 名人

meet someone in person: 见到真人

chat with sb: 和某人闲聊

a big fish: 大人物

miss the boat: 错过机会

Describe a person that you enjoy spending time with.

Some instructions that you can follow:

How you met this person

What type of person he/she is

What you have done together

And explain why you enjoy spending time with this person.

His name is CongMingXueZhang, which can be loosely translated as Mr. Smart. He is an influencer on DouYin, the Chinese version of TikTok. He creates videos about his studying methods and experience.

Actually, I only met him once, that was kind of a serendipity. Since he is a celebrity, you know, it should be hard to meet him in person. But, fortunately, he used to study at the same university as I do, and he was kind of invited back to give a speech last month, so I not only saw him, but also chatted with him a little bit!

Actually, we didn't do anything together: in the speech, it was mainly like he talking and I listening to him. In his speech, he shared his studying experiences, studying methods, and even life lessons. From his speech, you can totally tell that he is so smart, it's like everything in studying is a piece of cake to him, he is almost, how to put it, omniscient, I guess. The most impressive part was how he managed to remember 1000 words in three days. I mean, come on, that's more than difficult, it's very difficult, it's a daunting task. But, he did it! He shared how he divided these words into different groups, and how he adopted various ways to memorize them, and even how he took advantage of different locations to consolidate the memories. I was surprised to know this, no, I was more than surprised, I was stunned.

This was the first time I had met an influencer in person. The meeting was really short, actually, fleeting, I guess. But he really made my day. He is like a superman in the academic field. I guess I admire him not only because he is smart, but also because deep deep down, he resonates with me, I want to become smart, become brilliant, and become omniscient as well. So, god, I wish I would have more time with him.

主题词汇和亮眼表达：

serendipity: 令人惊喜的邂逅

celebrity: 名人

meet someone in person: 见到真人

fleeting: 转瞬即逝的

made one's day: 让某人的一天都完美了

四、 作业（今天和明天）

根据【单题准备方法】和【串题方法】，准备所有 Part2 题目中和【人】相关的题目。

具体来说：

1) 选定一道题目，写出【母版逐字稿】；

2) 将【母版逐字稿】修改成适应其他题目的【子版本逐字稿】。

3) 用【Grammarly】修改基本语法

注意：如何写出【容易背诵的逐字稿】？

大家都能想到的：

- 1) 不写长难句
- 2) 少写高难词
- 3) 不写复杂的观点

都对，但是还不够。

还需要注意：

【写逐字稿】不是【写作】，只是【笔录口语要说的内容】。

正确的形式是：先念念有词、再落笔记录。

Day5: Part2 【人物类】题目串联（二）

一、 今日任务

准备 Part2 题目中剩下的和【人】相关的题目。

Day6: Part2 【地点类】题目串联 (一)

一、 题目展示

Describe a place in the countryside that you enjoyed visiting.

Some instructions that you can follow:

Where you went in the countryside

Why you went to this place in the countryside

What you saw and did there

And explain why you enjoyed visiting this place in the countryside.

Describe the kind of house or apartment you would like to live in.

Some instructions that you can follow:

Where this house or apartment would be What it would look like

What would be special about the house or apartment?

And explain why you would like to live in this house or apartment

Describe a time that you remember being in a new place.

Some instructions that you can follow:

Where you were

Why you were in the new place

What you remember about it

And explain how you felt about being in this new place.

Describe a famous city that you find interesting.

Some instructions that you can follow:

Where the city is

How you know about the city

Why the city is famous

And explain why you find this city interesting.

二、 单题准备

Describe a place in the countryside that you enjoyed visiting.

Some instructions that you can follow:

Where you went in the countryside

Why you went to this place in the countryside

What you saw and did there

And explain why you enjoyed visiting this place in the countryside.

Well, I have always **been very attached to** the countryside. My grandparents live there and I went there last summer. **It is just so peaceful and quiet, or you may say, it is tranquil.** It slows everything down, and **blocks out all the hustle and bustle of the city.**

I go to the countryside every summer. It is easier for me to feel the beauty of nature when I am there. You can always **find peace** there. It's not a **cliché**, I really feel so. I do. In the countryside, you don't need someone else to tell you spring is here. Instead, you get to see the **little buds and the sprouting flowers.** I mean, you can see the change of seasons, and it's with your own eyes. **Everything can be so natural, so real, and so tangible.**

Last summer, when I was in the countryside, I found something even more meaningful: the **bonds between people.** I mean, people living in the city **are always so busy. They are always buzzing around**, never willing to **spare a second** to say hi. You can feel the distance between people. We are separated by endless **traffic jams**, by all the tall, **fancy but boring buildings.** But when I was in the countryside, things were totally different. The community there is small but **close-knit.** **People know each other, care about each other, and sympathize with** each other. It's good to know there is always a place for you.

主题词汇和亮眼表达：

be attached to: 喜欢

tranquil: 宁静

blocks out all the hustle and bustle of the city: 屏蔽城市的喧嚣

find peace: 找到安宁

cliché: 陈词滥调

little buds and the sprouting flowers: 小嫩芽和开苞的花

tangible: 可以触摸得到的

bonds between people: 人之间的纽带

buzzing around: 忙得团团转

spare a second: 腾出一点点时间

traffic jam: 堵车

fancy but boring buildings: 高级但无聊的大楼

close-knit: 紧密团结的

sympathize with: 和 XX 有同感

如果想把上文的【countryside】换成其他，如【city】，【cafe】，【a new place】等，怎么办呢？

Well, I have always been very attached to the countryside. My grandparents live there and I went there last summer. It is just so peaceful and quiet, or you may say, it is tranquil. It slows everything down, and blocks out all the hustle and bustle of the city.

I go to the countryside every summer. It is easier for me to feel the beauty of nature when I am there. You can always find peace there. It's not a cliché, I really feel so. I do. In the countryside, you don't need someone else to tell you spring is here. Instead, you get to see the little buds and the sprouting flowers. I mean, you can see the change of seasons, and it's with your own eyes. Everything can be so natural, so real, and so tangible.

Last summer, when I was in the countryside, I found something even more meaningful: the bonds between people. I mean, people living in the city are always so busy. They are always buzzing around, never willing to spare a second to say hi. You can feel the distance between people. We are separated by endless traffic jams, by all the tall, fancy but boring buildings. But when I was in the countryside, things were totally different. The community there is small but close-knit. People know each other, care about each other, and sympathize with each other. It's good to know there is always a place for you.

略作修改，崭新的例子诞生：【成都】的例子：

Well, I have always been very attached to a modern city like Chengdu. My grandparents live there and I went there last summer. It is just so modern and fashionable, or you may say, it is cosmopolitan. It makes everything special, and you want to linger once you go there, especially because of the great food.

I go to Chengdu every summer. It is easier for me to feel the beauty of food when I am there. You can always feed your soul there. It's not a cliché, I really feel so. I do. In Chengdu, you don't need someone else to tell you dinner is ready. Instead, you get to see the various food and drinks along the streets. I mean, you can feel your saliva dropping. Everything can be so yummy, so delicious, and so palatable.

Last summer, when I was in Chengdu, I found something even more meaningful: the bonds between people. I mean, people living in other big cities are always so busy. They are always buzzing around, never willing to spare a second to say hi. You can feel the distance between people. They are separated by endless traffic jams, by all the tall, fancy but boring buildings. But when I was in Chengdu, things were totally different. The community there is small but close-knit. People know each other, care about each other, and sympathize each other. It's good to know there is always a place for you.

主题词汇和亮眼表达：

cosmopolitan：大都市的

linger：常驻久留

feed your soul：喂养你的灵魂

saliva: 唾液

palatable: 玉盘珍馐式的

三、 一个故事串起很多题目

Describe the kind of house or apartment you would like to live in.
Some instructions that you can follow:
Where this house or apartment would be What it would look like
What would be special about the house or apartment?
And explain why you would like to live in this house or apartment

The first thing that popped into my mind is a country cottage. It doesn't have to be a super large one. All I need is just a cozy place.

And I want to make sure that the cottage is located in a village, because I have always been very attached to the countryside. It is just so peaceful and quiet, or you may say, it is tranquil. It slows everything down, and blocks out all the hustle and bustle of the city.

Oh, it would be perfect if there is a yard as well. Because I enjoy being surrounded by the beauty of nature so much. And you can always find peace there. It's not a cliché, I really feel so. I do. you don't need someone else to tell you spring is here. Instead, you get to see the little buds and the sprouting flowers. I mean, you can see the change of seasons, and it's with your own eyes. Everything can be so natural, so real, and so tangible.

I would like to live in a country cottage also because I cherish the bonds between people. I mean, people living in the city are always so busy. They are always buzzing around, never willing to spare a second to say hi. You can feel the distance between people. We are separated by endless traffic jams, by all the tall, fancy but boring buildings. But when I was in the countryside, things were totally different. The community there is small but close-knit. People know each other, care about each other, and sympathize each other. It's good to know there is always a place for you.

主题词汇和亮眼表达

pop into one's mind: 突然想到

super: =very, 是很口语化的用词

cozy: 温暖舒适的

being surrounded by: 周围环绕着

country cottage: 乡间小屋

yard: 小院子

四、 作业（今天和明天）

根据【单题准备方法】和【串题方法】，准备所有 Part2 题目中和【地】相关的题目。

具体来说：

- 1) 选定一道题目，写出【母版逐字稿】；
- 2) 将【母版逐字稿】修改成适应其他题目的【子版本逐字稿】。
- 3) 用【Grammarly】修改基本语法

Day7: Part2 【地点类】题目串联（二）

一、 今日任务

准备 Part2 题目中剩下的和【地点】相关的题目。

Day8: Part2 【物件类】题目串联 (一)

一、 题目展示

Describe an occasion when you had a cake that was special.
Some instructions that you can follow:
What kind of cake it was
Why you had this cake
Who you were with
And explain how you felt about having this special cake.

Describe a song that you think is interesting.
Some instructions that you can follow:
What country the song is from
How you know about the song
What the song is about
And explain why you think this song is interesting.

Describe a gift you would like to buy for a friend
Some instructions that you can follow:
How well you know this friend
How much time you spend with him/her
What type of gift you would like to buy him/her
And explain why you would like to buy this gift for your friend

二、 单题准备

Describe an occasion when you had a cake that was special.

Some instructions that you can follow:

What kind of cake it was

Why you had this cake

Who you were with

And explain how you felt about having this special cake.

This reminds me of a cake made by my best friend. I think it was my 19th birthday. My best friend was being **mysterious** all day. She told me she had a big surprise for me. We met at a nice little restaurant **as planned**. She carefully placed a beautiful cake on the table. It was a **handmade mousse cake**, my favorite flavor! She told me, she spent the whole day making it. I felt **so excited, so happy, so, how to say, exhilarated** to receive such a present.

She was not a professional chef. But this is a unique present. **One of a kind**! Think about it, she had to search for the **recipe**, collect all the **ingredients**, and all the mixing and stirring! After all, she could just buy one, right? But she did not. That made the cake so special and so precious.

And I still remember the end of that day, we talked a lot, from the cake to other **stuff**, it seems that there used to be a line, I mean, a **boundary**, between us, but because of the cake, the boundary was gone. We became much closer, and that's great.

When you think about friendship, or any other **interpersonal relationships**, it is always about loving and caring for each other. I mean, **no one is an island**. Sending a handmade gift is the best way to say: we are **bonding**. When someone receives something **so kind, so personal, so genuine**, they will be **touched**.

主题词汇和亮眼表达:

mysterious: 神秘的

as planned: 按计划

handmade: 手工制作的

mousse cake: 慕斯蛋糕

exhilarated: 兴奋

one of a kind: 独一无二的

stuff: 事情

boundary: 界限

was gone: 消失了

recipe: 菜谱

ingredient: 烹饪材料

interpersonal relationships: 人际关系

no one is an island: 没有人是一座孤岛

bonding: 绑定

personal: 私人的; 亲密的

genuine: 真诚的

touched: 被触动到; 感动

如果想把上文的【cake】换成其他, 如【song】, 【book】, 【an electronic device】等, 怎么办呢?

This reminds me of a cake made by my best friend. I think it was my 19th birthday. My best friend was being mysterious all day. She told me she had a big surprise for me. We met at a nice little restaurant as planned. She carefully placed a beautiful cake on the table. It was a handmade mousse cake, my favorite flavor! She told me, she spent the whole day making it. I felt so excited, so happy, so, how to say, exhilarated to receive such a present.

She was not a professional chef. But this is a unique present. One of a kind! Think about it, she had to search for the recipe, collect all the ingredients, and all the mixing and stirring! After all, she could just buy one, right? But she did not. That made the cake so special and so precious.

And I still remember the end of that day, we talked a lot, from the cake to other stuff, it seems that there used to be a line, I mean, a boundary, between us, but because of the cake, the boundary was gone. We became much closer, and that's great.

When you think about friendship, or any other interpersonal relationships, it is always about loving and caring for each other. I mean, no one is an island. Sending a handmade gift is the best way to say: we are bonding. When someone receives something so kind, so personal, so genuine, they will be touched.

略作修改, 崭新的例子诞生: 【song】的例子:

This reminds me of a song written by my best friend. I think it was my 19th birthday. She was

being mysterious all day. She told me she had a big surprise for me. We met at a nice little restaurant as planned. She gave me a DVD and told me she had recorded a song on it. She gave it to me as a birthday present. I felt so excited, so happy, so, how to say, exhilarated to receive such a present.

The song was an interesting variation on the common "happy birthday song". She was not a professional singer. But this is a unique present. One of a kind! Think about it, she had to create the tune, write all the lyrics, and all the recording and editing! After all, she could just buy a DVD, right? But she did not. That made the present so interesting, so precious.

And I still remember the end of that day, we talked a lot, from the song to other stuff, it seems that there used to be a line, I mean, a boundary, between us, but because of the song, the boundary was gone. We became much closer, and that's great.

When you think about friendship, or any other interpersonal relationships, it is always about loving and caring for each other. Sending a handmade gift is the best way to say: we are bonding. When someone receives something so kind, so personal, so genuine, they will be touched.

主题词汇和亮眼表达：

variation: 改编

tune: 曲调

lyrics: 歌词

recording and editing: 录制和编辑

三、 一个故事串起很多题目

Describe a song that you think is interesting.
Some instructions that you can follow:
What country the song is from
How you know about the song
What the song is about
And explain why you think this song is interesting.

This reminds me of a song written by my best friend. I think it was my 19th birthday. She was being mysterious all day. She told me she had a big surprise for me. We met at a nice little

restaurant as planned. She gave me a DVD and told me she had recorded a song on it. She gave it to me as a birthday present. I felt so excited, so happy, so, how to say, exhilarated to receive such a present.

The song was an interesting variation on the common "happy birthday song". She was not a professional singer. But this is a unique present. One of a kind! Think about it, she had to create the tune, write all the lyrics, and all the recording and editing! After all, she could just buy a DVD, right? But she did not. That made the present so interesting, so precious.

And I still remember the end of that day, we talked a lot, from the song to other stuff, it seems that there used to be a line, I mean, a boundary, between us, but because of the song, the boundary was gone. We became much closer, and that's great.

When you think about friendship, or any other interpersonal relationships, it is always about loving and caring for each other. Sending a handmade gift is the best way to say: we are bonding. When someone receives something so kind, so personal, so genuine, they will be touched.

主题词汇和亮眼表达:

variation: 改编

tune: 曲调

lyrics: 歌词

recording and editing: 录制和编辑

Describe a gift you would like to buy for a friend
Some instructions that you can follow:
How well you know this friend
How much time you spend with him/her
What type of gift you would like to buy him/her
And explain why you would like to buy this gift for your friend

Well, I think I won't buy anything for my friend. I mean, we are very close; we have known each other for 10 years, so I would choose something more meaningful: maybe a handmade gift.

A handmade mousse cake seems to be a nice choice. I am not a professional chef. But this is going to be a unique present. One of a kind! I know it's not easy to make a cake. I need to search for the recipe, collect all the ingredients, and all the mixing and stirring! But I also know that my friend will be so excited, so happy, so, how to say, exhilarated to receive such a present.

And I still remember the last time I had given a DIY gift to my friend, we talked a lot, from the gift to other stuff, it seems that there used to be a line, I mean, a boundary, between us, but because of the gift, the boundary was gone. We became much closer, and that's great.

A DIY gift has a lot of layers of meaning. Because when you think about friendship, or any other interpersonal relationships, it is always about loving and caring for each other. I mean, no one is an island. Sending a handmade gift is the best way to tell my friend that, we are bonding. When someone receives something so kind, so personal, so genuine, they will be touched.

主题词汇和亮眼表达：

a lot of layers of meaning: 很多层次的含义

四、 作业（今天和明天）

根据【单题准备方法】和【串题方法】，准备所有 Part2 题目中和【物】相关的题目。

具体来说：

- 1) 选定一道题目，写出【母版逐字稿】；
- 2) 将【母版逐字稿】修改成适应其他题目的【子版本逐字稿】。
- 3) 用【Grammarly】修改基本语法

Day9：Part2【物件类】题目串联（二）

一、 今日任务

准备 Part2 题目中剩下的和【物件】相关的题目。

Day10: Part2 【事件类】题目串联（一）

一、 题目展示

Describe a long walk that you enjoyed.
Some instructions that you can follow:
Where and when you went on the walk
Who you went with
What you saw on the walk
And explain why you enjoyed this long walk

Describe an interesting discussion that you had with friends.
Some instructions that you can follow:
What the discussion was about
What opinions you and your friends expressed
What the result of the discussion was
And explain why you found this discussion was.

Describe a time when you were preparing for a happy event .
Some instructions that you can follow:
What the event was
How you prepare for this event
Who helped you prepare for it.
And explain how successful your preparations for this happy event were.

Describe something you did that helped you to learn another language.
Some instructions that you can follow:
What you did
Where you did it
Who you did it with
And explain how doing this helped you to learn another language.

二、 思考题

【事件类】的故事似乎需要另起炉灶、重新编一个？

答案：不需要！

why？

【事件】的七要素：时间、地点、人物、事情的起因、经过、高潮、结局

所以：借用之前的【人】【地】【物】的故事变一下就行啦！

三、 题目串联展示

Describe a long walk that you enjoyed.
Some instructions that you can follow:
Where and when you went on the walk
Who you went with
What you saw on the walk
And explain why you enjoyed this long walk

借用《聪明学长》的例子。

回忆：《聪明学长》的例子如下：

His name is CongMingXueZhang, which can be loosely translated as Mr. Smart. He is an influencer on DouYin, the Chinese version of TikTok. He creates videos about his studying methods and experience.

How I knew him? Actually, I found out about him by accident. My friend was browsing videos on DouYin the other day, and shared his videos with me. The video, I still remember, was about how to memorize difficult vocabulary in English. It was so interesting, so intriguing, and it captivated me at once, and I started following him since then.

Basically, he shares videos about his studying experiences, studying methods, and even life lessons, sometimes. From his video, you can totally tell that he is so smart, it's like everything in studying is just a piece of cake to him, he is almost, how to put it, omniscient, I guess. The most impressive video was how he managed to remember 1000 words in three days. I mean, come on, that's more than difficult, it's very difficult, it's a daunting task. But, he did it! He shared how he divided these words into different groups, and how he adopted various ways to memorize them, and even how he took advantage of different locations to consolidate the memories. I was surprised to see this, no, I was more than surprised, I was stunned.

This is him, a superman in the academic field. I guess I followed him not only because he is smart, but also because deep deep down, he resonates with me, I want to become smart,

become brilliant, and become omniscient as well. And I believe his videos are going to go viral on DouYin very soon.

改编之后:

Actually, I hate long walks: they're tiring, they're **dull**, and you've got nothing to do but keep walking. But, I enjoyed the long walk last year to the top of Taishan Mountain. It's like the most famous mountain in China, very **prestigious**. Generally, I would never go there myself. But, that time, I had a **company**, we had the long walk together, and I had a **super wonderful** time.

His name is CongMingXueZhang, which can be loosely translated as Mr. Smart. He is an influencer on DouYin, the Chinese version of TikTok. He creates videos about his studying methods and experience. The whole mountain climbing thing was his idea, he invited his fans to climb the mountain with him, and I was one of the fans.

Actually, I didn't pay much attention to the scenery along the way **cuz/because** I was listening to him all the time. He shared with us his studying experiences, studying methods, and even life lessons, sometimes. You can totally tell that he is so smart, it's like he knows everything about studying, he is almost, how to put it, omniscient, I guess.

I still remember at lunchtime, everybody was kind of tired, and he told us **how he managed to remember 1000 words in three days**. I mean, come on, that's more than difficult, it's very difficult, it's a daunting task. But, he did it! **All of the fans** were surprised to hear this, no, **we were** more than surprised, **we were** stunned.

Finally, we reached the top of the mountain. The view was really beautiful, how to say, it was **gorgeous**, just as the views he **revealed** for us in the academic field. I am so glad I had the long walk with him, and I still **benefit from** this experience.

主题词汇和亮眼表达:

dull: 无聊的

prestigious: 有名的

company: 同伴

super wonderful: 无比精彩

cuz: because 的口语化说法

gorgeous: 极美的

reveal: 揭露

benefit from sth: 受益于

四、 作业（今天和明天）

根据【串题方法】，准备所有 Part2 题目中和【事】相关的题目。

具体来说：

- 1) 从【人】【地】【物】中选出一篇【母版逐字稿】；
- 2) 将【母版逐字稿】修改成适应其他题目的【子版本逐字稿】。
- 3) 用【Grammarly】修改基本语法

Day11: Part2 【事件类】题目串联（二）

一、 今日任务

准备 Part2 题目中剩下的和【事件】相关的题目。

Day12: Part3 介绍与题目串联（一）

一、 题目展示

We've been talking about ... (part2话题) and I'd like to discuss with you one or two more general questions related to this. So let's consider first of all...

考官会顺着 Part2 的问题继续追问一些【更宽泛】的问题。

问题数量：3-6 个（如果每一个问题我们回答得越多，考官能提问的问题数量就越少）

如：Part2 中抽到如下问题

Describe a person that you enjoy spending time with.
Some instructions that you can follow:
How you met this person
What type of person he/she is
What you have done together
And explain why you enjoy spending time with this person.

在 Part3 中，有可能考官会问到以下问题中的几个：

- 1) Who do people spend the most time with in their everyday lives?
- 2) How important is it to spend time with different kinds of people?
- 3) What is the importance of spending some time alone?
- 4) In what ways do people's behaviors change when they are with an older person?
- 5) Do people behave differently if the person they are talking to is rich and famous.

(以上问题来自网友的回忆，并不全面，且这些题目不一定复现)

从这些问题我们可以总结出 Part3 问题的特征：**宽泛、抽象、与社会结合紧密 → 难回答，甚至有点像大作文**

二、Part3 重要性

官方说法：想要得 6+ 者必须重视

why?

- 1) Part3 的问题更难，因此更能测试出考生对于【复杂观点的表达能力】+【复杂词汇的掌握】
- 2) 考官也知道大家会准备 Part1 和 Part2，所以……

三、备考策略

1. 总原则：

- 追求 6 分：在 Part3 中少丢分；
- 追求 6+：在 Part3 中尽量拿高分

2. 具体策略：

- 能准备的题目尽量准备充分（逐字稿背诵）
- 不能准备的题目：
 - 1) **熟悉经典思维套路**（能在考场上想出比较多+逻辑严谨的答案）；
 - 2) **准备一些套话**（撑字数+展示一些词汇量）
 - 3) （学长只能帮你到这了……）自身水平

四、经典思维套路+套话

注意：英语基础很好的同学（四六级 600+），可以【完全凭借自己的思路临场发挥】，下面的【思维套路】和【套话】不一定比你临场发挥的好。

想要套用下面的【思维套路】和【套话】的同学，也同样需要在考场上【积极思考】。谨记：下面的内容是属于【千钧一发的救命稻草】，而不是【锦上添花】。

常见问法 1	请罗列出 XX
例题	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Who do people spend the most time with in their everyday lives? 2. What kinds of things do children have strong opinions about? 3. What are some things that are difficult to choose for another person? 4. What are the most popular types of homes where you live? 5. What kinds of children's stories are popular in your country? 6. What different types of media are popular in your country? 7. What kinds of things do tourists like to do in cities? 8. What kinds of things do companies give away as free gifts? 9. What types of rules do children often have to follow at home?
思维套路	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● “确实，的确是有不同种类的……” ● “这件事挺复杂呀，感觉——列举有难度” ● “但我还是尝试根据我周围的情况，还有中国的情况分析一下吧，至少我可以举出两个例子……” ● “第一……” ● “第二……” ● “应该还有更多的，但至少这两个例子应该还行”
套话	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Oh, yeah, it is true that + 题目同义改写 ● I guess this issue is kind of complicated; if I have to create different categories for that, it might be kind of challenging. ● But based on what I have seen around me, and the situation in China, I guess I can list two of them. ● Firstly, …… ● Secondly, …… ● I know the reality is actually far more complicated, but as far as I know, these two types may be two good examples. <p>(90 words)</p>

常见问法 2	请说出 XX 对于不同人群的区别
例题	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What stories do younger children and older children like? 2. Should young people earn as much as older people? 3. Are the same types of media equally important to young and old people? 4. Do young and old people like the same types of houses? 5. Are cities better for young people than for old people?

	6. Do older people like the same kind of music as young people? 7. How easy it is for younger and older people to learn a language? 8. What stories do younger children and older children like? 9. Do boys and girls prefer different kinds of toys? 10. Do women today have less time for leisure than men?
思维套路	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● “确实，的确是应该分年龄/性别讨论这件事……” ● “我不能代表所有，我就先从我代表的人群出发，来说说看吧” ● “如果是年轻人的话……” ● “如果是老人的话，情况可能不太一样。我不太确定，但如果稍微想象一下的话，我觉得他们…” ● “这差不多就是我的想法了，年轻人我比较确定，但同样的情况不一定也适用于老年人……”
套话	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Indeed, I think things are totally different for people of different ages/genders. ● Since I myself am young/a man/a woman, I will first talk about someone like me, what the situation is about them. ● For young people/men/women, I guess it's like… ● But when it comes to someone who is old/who is male/female, things might be different. I am not pretty sure, but if I am allowed to imagine here, I'd like to say that maybe… ● This is actually what I think about this issue. While I am sure about the situation for someone like me, namely, young people/men/women, it's hard to say that the same situation applies to old people/men/women as well. <p>(100 words)</p>

常见问法 3	过去 vs 现在 vs 未来
例题	1. How might technology impact leisure time in the future? 2. Do you think that people will continue to read printed newspapers and magazines in the future? 3. How will the internet affect friendships in the future? 4. In what ways might buying and giving gifts change in the future? 5. Will everybody wear the same types of clothes in the future? 6. Do people visit the countryside more today than in the past? 7. How do toys that were popular in the past compare with toys that are popular now? 8. Why do some people not cook as much now as people did in the past? 9. Is there more good food available now than in the past?

	<p>10. Is speaking other languages more important today than it used to be in the past?</p> <p>11. Were products better quality in the past?</p> <p>12. Are there more rules for children nowadays than in the past?</p> <p>13. What is the difference between outdoor activities that people do now and in the past?</p>
思维套路	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● “我还真的考虑过这个问题。” ● “过去，现在，未来，情况还真有点不一样” ● “我先说现在，现在的情况我最了解……” ● “然后说过去，在我知道的过去这 20 年（带入自己的年纪），情况好像是……” ● “如果要再说久远一点，我不太清楚，但我听家人提起过，我妈说……” ● “最后，如果让我预测未来的话，我不太确定，但感觉上……” ● “差不多就是这样吧。”
套话	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Actually, I really gave some thought to questions like this. ● I kind of have the feeling that things might be different in the past, in the current way, and in the future as well. ● Firstly, nowadays. Because it's the current situation, I know it very well. It's like…… ● Secondly, if I look back, like, in the past 20 years I have been through, it was like… ● But if we are talking about something in a more remote past, I am not sure, but I have heard from my family members. My mother actually said… ● Finally, if I am to predict about the future, I am not sure, but I have the feeling that… ● Ok, I think that's all for my opinions. <p>(125 words)</p>

常见问法 4	请描述 XX 的利弊
例题	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. What's the disadvantages of living in the countryside? 2. What are the advantages and disadvantages of uniforms for work and school? 3. What are the advantages of living in an apartment compared with living in a house? 4. What are the advantages and disadvantages of owning a home? 5. What are the disadvantages for people living in cities which are popular with tourists?

	6. Are there any possible negative impacts of frequent international travel to new places? 7. What are the benefits for cities of having lots of tourists? 8. How can giving free higher education to everybody benefit a country? 9. What are the benefits of learning a foreign language? 10. What are the benefits of using technology in storytelling? 11. How can giving free higher education to everybody benefit a country? 12. Can it sometimes cause problems if people are ambitious at work?
思维套路	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● “确实，这种事情真的可能会有比较复杂的影响……” ● “如果要把这些影响分类的话，我觉得可能利大于/小于弊” ● “首先，我第一个想到的利是……” ● “另外，肯定也不能忽略另一个利，那就是……” ● “当然，肯定也是有一些弊的，我第一个想到的是……” ● “另外，有人说有这样的弊……我也挺同意的” ● “所以，这件事确实有利有弊吧。”
套话	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● It is true that things like this may have various impacts. ● If we are going to divide these impacts into positive and negative ones, I would say that the benefits are more/fewer than the negative influence. ● Firstly, I think it's beneficial because... ● Also, I guess we should also notice that... ● On the other hand, there might be some drawbacks as well. The first that comes to my mind is that... ● Also, a lot of people say that..., and I agree. ● So, to sum up, it has both positive and negative aspects. <p>(100 words)</p>

常见问法 5	请给出某件事情的原因
例题	1. What are the reasons why people are ambitious at work? 2. What are the reasons why many students move to a new city or country to study? 3. What are the reasons why some parents buy their children a lot of toys? 4. What are some reasons young people want to have the latest technology? 5. What are some reasons why companies give free gifts? 6. Why do so many people enjoy traveling to new places? 7. Why do schools need to have rules?

	<p>8. Why do children often enjoy learning things from older people?</p> <p>9. Why is leisure so important to people of all ages?</p> <p>10. Why are some people better at remembering things than other people?</p> <p>11. Why do two people sometimes remember the same event in different ways?</p> <p>12. Why are so many young people attached to city life?</p> <p>13. Why do some people choose to live in the countryside?</p> <p>14. Why do some people spend a lot of time on food for special occasions?</p> <p>15. Why do some people not cook as much now as people did in the past?</p> <p>16. Why is watching competitions on TV popular in some countries?</p> <p>17. Why do children often have a favorite toy they take everywhere?</p> <p>18. Why do some people find it difficult to throw or give anything away?</p> <p>19. Why do some people buy things they really do not need?</p> <p>20. Why do some people wear different kinds of clothes for leisure and for work?</p> <p>21. Why do people in different parts of the world wear different types of clothes?</p>
思维套路	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● “为什么, 我想想……确实+改写题目” ● “如果要深究背后的原因的话, 我觉得是有几个影响因素。” ● “首先, 我觉得这和社会整体是有关联的, 现在社会上就是有很多人在……, 有可能其他人只是有样学样, 跟随主流而已, 或者就是大家所知道的‘羊群效应’” ● “另外, 这件事确实可能也和个人喜好有关。每个人看法不一样, 价值观不一样, 所以其实……” ● “然后, 如果还要再找原因的话, 我不太确定, 但我觉得可能和经济/科技/政治有关” ● “总的来说, 原因应该不少吧, 但我觉得可能最重要的还是我说的这两三个原因”
套话	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Why……let me think……it is true that…… ● But if we are going to delve into the reasons behind it, I guess some factors might be responsible. ● Firstly, I guess it has something to do with the society as a whole. I mean, a lot of people nowadays actually……so other people might be just following their lead, or, how to say, to comply with the standard, or, you know, the Herd Behavior Effect. ● But, of course, I guess it also has something to do with individual preferences. I mean, different people have different views, different values, so it's very common that some people……

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Finally, if we are looking for more reasons, I guess it may have something to do with the economy/technology/politics, I guess? But I am not sure…… ● To sum up, there are a lot of reasons behind this phenomenon, but I guess I just mentioned the most important two or three reasons. <p>(150 words)</p>
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常见问法 6	请说明 XX 应该怎么做去达到某一目的
例题	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. How can parents teach their children to be well prepared? 2. How can people learn to be better organized? 3. How should managers behave towards their employees? 4. How do people improve their quality of lives in cities? 5. What can secondary schools do to prepare their students for work? 6. What kinds of free services the government should offer all citizens? 7. Should governments be responsible for ensuring there is enough housing for the population to buy?
思维套路	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● “的确，XX 是一件特别需要去做的事情。” ● “但如果要分析具体的建议的话，我觉得有点难” ● “我在想我们是否需要先弄清楚问题的原因，然后再去想对策？” ● “比如这个问题，很明显，其背后的原因是……” ● “如果知道了这个原因，想对策就简单多了。比如，XX 应该……” ● “另外，我们还可以……”
套话	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● I guess no one will deny that it's important that… ● But if we are going to come up with some specific proposals, I think it requires more analysis. ● I guess perhaps we need to figure out what the current problem is, and then we can have a solution. ● For example, it's obvious that……and the reason behind it, I guess, is that…… ● So, now we know the cause, then we can have a solution. Firstly, it is important that…(should)… ● Also, maybe it is vital that…(should)… <p>(90 words)</p>

常见问法 7	请说明 XX 的重要性
例题	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. How important is it to spend time with different kinds of people?

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. What do you think is the importance of having the same interests when making new friends? 3. What is the importance of meals as an opportunity for families to communicate? 4. Are the words of a song more important than the music? 5. Is speaking other languages more important today than it used to be in the past? 6. How important it is for children to have ambitions? 7. What is the importance of outdoor activities in helping children develop? 8. Why is leisure so important to people of all ages? 9. What is the importance of having good listening skills?
思维套路	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● “我能简单说‘非常重要’吗？这真的是我的第一感觉，因为确实很重要……” ● “当然，肯定还是会有人说这件事也没那么重要啊，他们可能会觉得……” ● “确实，他们有他们的道理，但我还是觉得我们应该……” ● “比如，首先，我觉得这件事情对于每一个个体来说就是很重要的，就拿我说吧……” ● “另外，这件事情可能还会对社会有积极意义，因为……” ● “简言之，从个人和社会这两方面看，这件事情都挺重要的。”
套话	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Can I just say very important? Yeah, because that's the first word popping into my head. For me, it's kind of a given that …… ● Of course, some people might disagree; they might think it's not necessary to..., and they might think it's because… ● This may sound reasonable, but I still think it's vital to… ● First of all, I guess it's indispensable/important/vital for every individual. Take me as an example, I think… ● Also, I think there will also be some societal benefits. Just imagine, if……, then…… ● So, to sum up, from the two perspectives, both individual and societal, I think it is important that…… <p>(100 words)</p>

五、 单题准备

题目 1:

Who do people spend the most time with in their everyday lives?

- 属于类型:

常见问法 1 (请罗列出 XX)

- 参考回答:

Oh, yeah, it is true that **we spend time with different people every day**.

I guess this issue is kind of complicated; if I have to create different categories for that, **I mean, for the different people we spend time with**, it might be kind of challenging.

But based on what I have seen around me, and the situation in China, I guess I can list two of them.

Firstly, I guess **it's our family members**. Chinese people think **family union** is really important, even **paramount**, so we will try to stay around each other. I live with my parents right now so I will spend at least 12 hours with them.

Secondly, I think **we will spend a lot of time with our future colleagues and bosses**. For example, my father has been working at the same company for over 20 years; it's **longer than my primary school, high school, and college, even combined! God!**

I know the reality is actually far more complicated, but as far as I know, these two types may be two good examples: **family members, and colleagues**.

(181 words; 模板语言: 90 words)

加分表达:

family union: 家庭和谐

paramount: 至高无上的

题目 2:

How important is it to spend time with different kinds of people?

- 属于类型:

常见问法 7 (请说明 XX 的重要性)

- 参考回答:

Can I just say very important? Yeah, because that's the first word popping into my head. For me, it's kind of a given that **we should spend time with different kinds of people.**

Of course, some people might disagree; they might think it's not necessary to **spend a lot of time with different people**, and they might think it's because **life is limited, we should focus on the ones we like and stick together with them.**

This may sound reasonable, but I still think it's vital to **have some quality time with different people.**

First of all, I guess it's indispensable for every individual. Take me as an example, I think **I hang out with different people not only because I like them, but also because I can learn things from them. Different people have different life stories; they are valuable life lessons.**

Also, I think there will also be some societal benefits. Just imagine, if **we all can get along well with different people**, then **the society will be much more harmonious, with fewer arguments, fewer fights, and less discord.**

So, to sum up, from the two perspectives, both individual and societal, I think it is important that **we should spend time with different people.**

(204 words; 模板语言: 100 words)

加分表达:

stick together with sb: 和某人聚在一起

quality time: 高质量时光/愉快的时光

discord: 不和谐

六、 作业（今天和明天）

根据【经典思维套路+套话】，准备所有 Part3 题目。

具体来说：

1) 背诵【思维+语言套话】

2) 练习每一道题目，不需要写出逐字稿，口头练习即可

Day13: Part3 题目串联 (二)

一、 今日任务

准备 Part3 剩下的题目。

Day14：口语总结与备考规划

一、各部分的考核重点

Part1

- 热身环节
- 回答需要【短平快】
- 不需要纠结【观点和语言的高大上】
- 简单句式、简单词、但需要用完整句子
- 没有准备时间
- 有真题

Part2

- 不会被反问、自行发挥的最好战场
- 尽量说够 2min
- 回答需要兼顾【词汇】+【观点】
- 有 1min 的准备时间
- 有真题

Part3

- 6+ 选手的主战场
- 回答需要兼顾【词汇】+【观点】
- 一个问题回答得越多，被问的问题就越少
- 最无法准备的一个部分，但也尽量用好现有资源（【经典应对思路+套话】）
- 没有准备时间
- 不太有真题

二、 评分标准

Fluency and Coherence (流利度与连贯性)	流利度：整体顺畅即可；可以略有思考和停顿 → 启发：自然地背稿子 连贯性：从头到尾是在围绕一个主题，没有东拉西扯 → 启发：自然地背稿子
Lexical Resource (词汇多样性)	主题词 + 高分表达 (advanced & colloquial expressions) 如：influencer; fleeting; you can totally tell... → 启发：自然地背稿子
Grammatical Range & Accuracy (语法多样性与准确性)	时态 + 句式 → 启发：自然地背稿子
Pronunciation (发音)	美式英式无所谓，只要不影响交流 → 启发：自然地背稿子

三、 备考时间分配

1. 各部分时间分配

Part1 (20%) + Part2 (60%) + Part3 (20%)

2. 每一部分内部的时间分配

1. 写逐字稿/要点：30%

一定注意：【写逐字稿】不是【写作】，只是【笔录口语要说的内容】，所以一定注意【口语化】!!! 【先念念有词，然后落笔记录】

否则容易出现【我很用功、很充实，但就是背不下来自己写的稿子】的情况。

2. 背诵：30%

3. 反复熟悉+套用不同题目：40%

四、 考场 Tips

1. 如何不被识破是在背稿子

- **断句正常**：1) 句间断；2) 句内各成分之间略断；3) 比较难的观点/表达前面会略断，体现出思考的感觉。

Well, I used to do that a lot. But now, umm……how to say, for me it's not interesting anymore; it's kind of boring, kind of dull.

- 基本的**抑扬顿挫**的语调
- 和考官有**基本的眼神交流**：说到比较难的部分的时候，可能会看看考官，寻求认可

2. 如果没听懂问题怎么办

- **不要说**：Excuse me? / Pardon? / Could you please repeat that for me?
- **而是要说**：Sorry, I think I didn't understand it very well, could you please explain a little bit? / Ok, if I got it right, it means..., right?

3. 如果遇到自己没有准备的题目怎么办？



If the examiner asks you to discuss a topic you are **not familiar** with, don't be afraid to say this is a topic you **haven't thought about before**. Do this and then try to think through the topic from **different perspectives**- what are the **causes**, the **effects**, the possible **solutions**, etc. IELTS is **not a test of your knowledge**. It is a test of your **communicative ability**. The test isn't necessarily assessing what you say (though it must be relevant to the question), but **how you say it**.

换言之：只要讨论的【大主题】不变，就不会被扣分。

如：

Describe a sportsperson who did very well at an event.
Some instructions that you can follow
Who the sportsperson was
What the sports event was
Why the sportsperson did well
And explain how you felt when the sportsperson did very well.

如果不知道【运动员】，说【明星/歌手/科学家等等】都可以。

四、考后 Tip

我与大家分享的雅思口语的备考
是一条功利应试路
能让我们走得更快
但恐怕不能让我们走得更远

愿所有小伙伴都赶紧走完这条路
然后静心实意
去完成千里跬步的积累