SECTION 4 Questions 31–40

Complete the notes below.

Write ONE WORD ONLY for each answer.

	Effects of urban environments on animals
Int	roduction
Re pre	ecent urban developments represent massive environmental changes. It was eviously thought that only a few animals were suitable for city life, e.g.
•	the 31 – because of its general adaptability
•	the pigeon – because walls of city buildings are similar to 32
ln ⁻	fact, many urban animals are adapting with unusual 33
Re	cent research
•	Emilie Snell-Rood studied small urbanised mammal specimens from museums in Minnesota.
	 She found the size of their 34 had increased.
	 She suggests this may be due to the need to locate new sources of 35
•	Catarina Miranda focused on the 36 bis of urban and rural blackbirds.
	 She found urban birds were often braver, but were afraid of situations that were 37
•	Jonathan Atwell studies how animals respond to urban environments.
	 He found that some animals respond to 38 by producing lower levels of hormones.
•	Sarah Partan's team found urban squirrels use their 39
Lor	ig-term possibilities
Spe may	cies of animals may develop which are unique to cities. However, some changes not be 40