避免裸奔(写作也有用)

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下面我们就来看看在不同的情况下,名词的单复数以及冠词的使用。

名词,可以分为"可数名词"与"不可数名词"两种。

如果是可数名词,那么首先考虑使用复数形式。例如: Today many students use computers to do homework.

其次,如果语境是想表达一个,并且任何一个都可以,则用不定冠词 a 或 an。 例如: Many parents choose to buy a computer as a birthday gift for their children.

如果语境是想表达特定的那一个,则用不定冠词 the。例如: You can use the computer in the sitting room to surf the Internet.

切记:

<u>可数名词不能"裸奔",要有冠词或者用复数形式</u>。例如 This

question has answer. 这样的句子是错误的,因为 answer 是可数 名词,这里出现了"裸奔"的情况。下面是对的:

This question has an answer.

This question has answers.

This question has no answer. (否定词 no 可以加单数或者复数)

This question has its answer. (物主代词后面可以加单数或者复数)

需要注意的是,可数名词有时会出现在介词后面,有可能是词组搭配,此时该名词前不需要加冠词。例如: at university/school; by car 等等。即固定搭配。

另外,可数名词复数的前面通常不需要加定冠词,除非是特指。有些小"烤鸭" 们喜欢这样做,觉得冠词和复数都用上,就能"万无一失",实则是很有问题的。例 如:Learning can be personal ised to help the students. 这个句子里的 the students 就是不恰当的,因为这里所说的学生并非特指哪一些学生。可以改成: Learning can be personalised to help students.或Learning can be personalised to help the students with learning difficulties.改正的第二个句子里的 students 因为后面 有了介词短语做修饰,指那些"有学习障碍的学生",是特指,因此前面加上定冠词 the 才比较准确。

说完了可数名词的情况,我们再来看看不可数名词是怎样的呢?

首先,不可数名词不用复数形式。例如句子 Some young people can receive trainings 就是错的,因为 training 是不可数名词,应改为 Some young people can receive training.

其次,不可数名词不加不定冠词 a 或 an。例如句子 It is difficult to find a full-time employment 就是不对的,因为 employment 是不可数名词,应改为 It is difficult to find full-time employment 或 It is difficult to find a full-time job, job 是可数名词,前面可以加不定冠词 a。

最后,不可数名词<u>一般</u>不用定冠词 the。例如句子 We can acquire the knowledge by reading books,这句话里的 knowledge 并不特指是哪些知识,什么知识,所以不用加 the 来特指,可以改为 We can acquire knowledge by reading books. <u>当然,</u> <u>如果特指是什么 knowledge,可以在前面加定冠词 the</u>,例如: We can acquire the knowledge about history by reading books.

总而言之,大家在雅思写作和听力中要多注意名词的单复数以及冠词的使用问题。否则,会大大影响得分。