Passage 54

Perfume

Many ancient perfumes were made by extracting natural oils from plants through pressing and steaming. The oil was then burned to scent the air. Since the beginning of recorded history, humans have attempted to mask or enhance their own odour by using perfume, which emulates nature's pleasant smells. Many natural and man-made materials have been used to make perfume to apply to the skin and clothing, to put in cleaners and cosmetics, or to scent the air. Because of differences in body chemistry, temperature, and body odours, no perfume will smell exactly the same on any two people.





解析

- 原文: 对应正文3段第一行 In cold enfleurage, a large framed plate of glass, called a chassis, is...
- 翻译: 在冷提取法中,放置有一个大个玻璃盘 --被称作底盘--
- 解析: 如图

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<	解析	答题		
Qu	iestions 1–5		1/5	
Qu	estions 1–5		2/5	
2 _ >				
A	botanicals			
B fresh material				
C	C enfleurage pomade			
D	animal fat			
解	析			





draw the fragrant molecules into the alcohol.

翻译: 接下来萃香膏会被乙醇冲洗或者浸泡来令 香气分子进入到酒精之中。

解析: 如图



原文: 对应正文3段倒数三行 The alcohol is then





取,油膏相对而言仍是很香的。

解析: 如图