





- 整体概况信息
- •关键特征key features
- 语言衔接linking

• 段落分配 1.introduction(一句话改写题目) The charts demonstrate the variations as to XX.. 2. Overview (1-2句话文字总结) Overall, it can be seen that... 3. 主体段落一 (关键特征) 4. 主体段落二(关键特征

趋势: 大幅度的变化: significant/considerable/dramatic changes 小幅度的变化: slight/far less significant changes 保持不变: remain stable at.../maintain constant at.../reach a plateau 目睹波动: witness fluctuation 达到高峰: peak at .../ reach a high point at... 跌到低谷: drop to the bottom

动态图关键特征



The bar chart below illustrates five different industries' percentage share of Brazil's economy in 2009 and 2019 with a forecast for 2029.Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.



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 The bar chart illustrates the variations as to the actual and projected share of the economy of Brazil held by the five key business sectors for the years 2009, 2019 and 2029.

 Overall, it can be seen that for the period covered, the Finance sector stands out in terms of having the largest share of brazil's economy and its share shows continued growth. The big loser is manufacturing.

The bar chart below illustrates five different industries' percentage share of Brazil's economy in 2009 and 2019 with a forecast for 2029.Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.



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 Beginning with the real figures, the sectors that saw growth between 2009 and 2019 were Finance, **Fossil Fuels and Food Processing** with rises of around 5 percent for the two former and around 10% for the latter. However, both Tourism and Manufacturing saw falls, but the change was not significant with a decline of around 5% for that period.

The bar chart below illustrates five different industries' percentage share of Brazil's economy in 2009 and 2019 with a forecast for 2029.Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.



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 Turning next to the projected figures for 2029, only the Finance sector is predicted to see a continued growth in 2029, again by 5%. Of the remaining sectors, tourism will 2019 levels with around 21% and both Food Processing and Oil, Coal and Gas will return to 2009 levels (11 and 26% respectively). Meanwhile, Manufacturing is projected to see a further drop in its share, falling by a further 10 percent to around 5 percent





1. Compared with A, B is slightly higher with... 2. A is 5 percent higher than B, reaching 40%. 3. A and B are in the same quantity, at 45%. 4. A is three times B, reaching almost three quarters. 5. A outnumbers B in America, while the reverse is true for Japan. 6. A, B and C are similar, with the average reaching approximately,... 7. A ranks the top, reaching.... This is followed by B and C (...and...respectively). The remaining part belongs to D and E, totalling...





- You should spend about 20 minutes on this task.
- The chart below shows the resources used to make 1000 disposable cups in different materials: polystyrene and paper. Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.



	Г	1000, Polystyrene	1000 P		ll Petroleum (Kg)
		1000, Polystyrene cups	1000, Pap		≈ Electricity (Kilowats Il Petroleum (Kg) ■ Steam (Kg)
≅Water (m3	-	1000, Polystyrene cups 0.6	10	)	<ul> <li>Electricity (Kilowat:</li> <li>Il Petroleum (Kg)</li> <li>Steam (Kg)</li> <li>Other chemicals (Kg)</li> </ul>
<sup>™</sup> Electricity	(Kilowats)	1000, Polystyrene cups 0.6 6	10	}	≈ Electricity (Kilowat Il Petroleum (Kg) ■ Steam (Kg)
	(Kilowats) (Kg)	1000, Polystyrene cups 0.6 6 8	10	}	<ul> <li>Electricity (Kilowat</li> <li>Il Petroleum (Kg)</li> <li>Steam (Kg)</li> <li>Other chemicals (Kg)</li> </ul>
<ul><li>※ Electricity</li><li>Ⅲ Petroleum</li><li>■ Steam (Kg)</li></ul>	(Kilowats) (Kg)	1000, Polystyrene cups 0.6 6 8 130	10 78 18 0.5	) 3 6	<ul> <li>Electricity (Kilowat</li> <li>Il Petroleum (Kg)</li> <li>Steam (Kg)</li> <li>Other chemicals (Kg)</li> </ul>
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 The chart shows the amount of different elements required for making 1000 polystyrene and paper cups.

 It is clear that overall less energy is needed in making 1000 polystyrene cups than on making 1000 paper cups. the production of polystyrene cups is environmentally friendly.

General Date	биіхиє.сом 学为贵								学英	语 <mark>从此不走驾</mark>	<b>FBA</b> Jwhere.
						Steam for the reachin	is required	ired in ction of g, but i	the large 1000 p t is selde	est quantity olystyrene, om used in	
		1000, Polystyrene		% Water (m3) ≈ Electricity (Kilowats) Il Petroleum (Kg) ■ Steam (Kg)		needeo materia at 220 water a in polys	Instead for pol al for pa kg. Mea and elec styrene (	WOO	d whic		
	<ul> <li>Water (m3)</li> <li>Electricity (Kilowa</li> <li>Petroleum (Kg)</li> <li>Steam (Kg)</li> <li>Other chemicals (F</li> <li>Wood (Kg)</li> </ul>	cups           0.6           ts)         6           8           130	1000, Paper cups 10 78 18 0.56 8 220	= Steam (kg)	<ul> <li>In addition, more petroleum is consumed for the production of paper cups, constituting 18kg. This figure is twice higher than the amount used for making polystyrene cups. However, chemicals are required in negligible amount for</li> </ul>						
					<b>B</b>	paper		ene cup	rely 8kg, s.		

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## Australian household energy use



Australian household greenhouse gas emissions



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不走弯路

From here you go anywhere.



The diagram shows the process of making instant coffee in the action of report of at least 150 words showing the main features and making comparisons where relevant.























pick the coffee beans

m

dry them



mix with hot water . strain the mixture



roast the beans

grind the frozen liquid

grind them

dry it in a vacuum







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- The diagram illustrates the steps involved in the manufacturing of instant coffee, beginning with picking the beans and ending with sale in stores.
- Overall, in order to produce instant coffee, the beans must undergo a variety of processes including drying, grinding, heating, and cooling.

To begin with, coffee beans are harvested by hand and then left out in the sun to dry. Once the beans are dry, they are roasted in a special oven and then cooled rapidly. Next, the beans are ground into a powder which is then combined with hot water. Following this, the mixture is strained and then the filtered material is frozen. In the subsequent stage, the frozen mixture is ground once more and then the granules are dried in a vacuum, which is used in order to completely remove all moisture. Finally, the dried instant coffee powder is packaged into containers and can now be transported to stores for sale.



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				学英语 从此不走弯路 From here you go anywhere.







- The two maps illustrate how a town has changed over the last 23 years.
- Overall, we can see that in the first map, in 1995, the town was less developed, consisting of considerably fewer residential areas. At present, the town focuses more on leisure than before.





- A more detailed look at the maps shows that a tennis court has replaced the forest, and not only is the farmland in the northeast gone, having been exchanged for a golf course, but also the southern fishing port and its fish market. Instead the coast is lined with apartments, facing onto a large restaurant, replacing a shop.
- More living space has also been added in the north-west, and the west bound road has been extended. The café is one of the few things on the map which does not appear to have changed, as even the hotel has had a car park constructed.