

## 报告类题目的结构思路和句型 + 组合类题目的写作要点 + 高分的衔接和连贯

议论文的题型:

A. Discuss advantages and disadvantages.

Do you think the benefits outweigh drawbacks?

Is it a positive or negative development? (利弊类, 一个现象/做法)

B. To what extent do you agree or disagree? (观点类, 一个观点)

C. Discuss both views and give your own opinion. (讨论类, 两个观点)

D. What are reasons, effects and solutions? (报告类, 一个问题)

E. What? How? (开放式)

**题 1:** In some countries the average weight of people is increasing and their levels of health and fitness are decreasing. What do you think are the causes of these problems and what measures could be taken to solve them? (剑 8-4)

文章结构

开头段:

原因:

1. 吃快餐, 饮食不健康

2. 缺乏锻炼

措施:

1. 均衡饮食

2. 多参加体育活动

开头段示例:

A problem of the modern society is that many people gain weight and suffer from various diseases. I think their **unhealthy eating habits** and **sedentary lifestyles** are responsible for this.

It is common that in the modern society many people become overweight and show various health problems. There are perhaps a few reasons behind this phenomenon.

开头段套句

~~~ are probably the causes (are probably responsible) for this (trend, phenomenon, problem).

I think there are a few reasons (several causes) that may explain (account for) this phenomenon.

In this essay, I will analyze some possible reasons behind this phenomenon and offer my solutions.

因果论证：为什么，怎么样，结果怎样

| Topic: 吃快餐导致健康问题                                                              | Example-Comparison                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Explanation/Expansion</b><br>太忙，没时间做饭，经常吃快餐<br>快餐含有高油脂高热量<br>吃太多导致肥胖，心血管疾病 | Hamburger , fries , fried chicken |
| <b>Conclusion</b>                                                             |                                   |

| Topic: 缺乏锻炼损害健康                                                                        | Example-Comparison |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Explanation/Expansion</b><br>大量使用电脑<br>每天坐在屏幕前<br>缺乏运动，脂肪堆积，肥胖<br>保持同一个姿势，视力下降，腰酸背痛 |                    |
| <b>Conclusion</b>                                                                      |                    |

#### 题1 范文：

A problem of the modern society is that many people **gain weight** and **suffer from** health problems. I think their **unhealthy eating habits** and **sedentary lifestyles** are mainly responsible for this.

Eating fast food is an important reason for health problems, as it **contains** high quantities of oil and **calories**. **Excessive consumption of hamburgers and fries** may lead to **obesity** and **heart diseases**. However, these foods are still popular among office workers, who are usually too busy to cook by themselves.

The **inactive lifestyle** can also seriously damage people's health. Due to the widespread use of computers in workplaces, people spend long hours sitting in front of the screen. Without **regular** exercise, the **redundant** fat would

**accumulate** inside the body and cause **overweight**. Keeping the same position for long may lead to **nearsightedness** and ache in the back and waist.

Health problems would **cause sufferings** to individuals and lead to the **high cost of healthcare**. Therefore, measures should be taken to **combat this situation**. Cooking personally **is perhaps a good way for people to** reduce the consumption of junk food and **have a balanced diet**. **If they could** eat more vegetables and fruits and less oily food, the rate of **obesity** **would** decline.

People **should** also **strike a balance** between life and work and spend a certain amount of time everyday **doing physical exercise**. For example, they **can** take the dog for a walk after returning home, or **participate in** a football match **organized** in the community. These **would** **shift people's attention** from **electronic devices** and **encourage more active lifestyles**.

最后一个措施可以当结尾（建设性的结尾），不需要另外写结尾段

措施的写法：

因果论证：提出措施，为什么这么做，具体怎么做，做了以后期望达到的效果

| Topic: 应该健康饮食                                                                                      | Example-Comparison |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Explanation/Expansion</b><br>自己做饭<br>多吃蔬菜水果<br>少吃垃圾食品<br>均衡营养<br>摄入更多维生素<br>减少糖和油的摄入<br>减少相关的疾病 |                    |
| <b>Conclusion</b>                                                                                  |                    |

写措施的句型：

1. We should (need to; can) .....
2. It is important (for the government) to .....
3. I think the solution lies with ..., who .....

4. One possible (recommended) method (approach) would be for the government to .....
5. The first step is to ...
6. In order to ....., the government should .....
7. To ....., we should .....
8. ... is (would be) a good way to do sth.
9. .... is (would be) an effective method for doing sth.
10. If we could ....., ..... would ..... 虚拟语气, 考官例句在剑 4-4/剑 8-3/剑 9-3
11. By ....., ..... would (could) .....

#### 课堂主体段落的不同版本

**版本 A** Eating fast food is an important reason for health problems. Some people choose to order hamburgers and fries **as** they are too busy to cook by themselves. **Excessive consumption** of these foods **that** contain **large quantities of** oil and **calories** may lead to **obesity** or **cardiovascular diseases**.

**版本 B** Eating fast food is an important reason for health problems **because** this **contains** high quantities of oil and calories. Some people choose to order hamburgers and fries **as** they are too busy to cook by themselves. **Excessive consumption** of fast food may lead to **obesity** or **cardiovascular diseases**.

**版本 C** Eating fast food is an important reason for health problems. **Excessive consumption** of hamburgers and fries **that** contain **large quantities of** oil and calories may lead to **obesity** or **cardiovascular diseases**. However, some people have to order these foods **as** they are too busy to cook by themselves.

**版本 D** Some people choose to order fast food **as** they are too busy to cook by themselves. Eating too many hamburgers and fries **that** contain **large quantities of** oil and calories may lead to **obesity** or **cardiovascular diseases**. Therefore, **unhealthy diet** is an important reason for health problems.

**题 2:** A rise in standard of living in a country seems to benefit cities rather than rural areas. What problems might those differences cause? How can the gap between the city and countryside be reduced? (2017-12-9)

### 参考范文

**Economic success** in many countries has brought about the improvement of **living conditions**. However, rural areas tend to **fall behind** urban areas in this aspect and a series of problems may **arise** as a result.

Undoubtedly, the **urban-rural gap** is unfair to the rural population, and more people are expected to **migrate** to the city **in pursuit of** a better life. The **massive migration** would cause the **shortage** of resources in education, healthcare and transportation in the city. The **soaring** house prices and **severe traffic congestions** in major cities also **indicate** that the urban **infrastructure** cannot **accommodate** the fast growing population.

In addition, after large numbers of people **swarm into** the city, the **working population** in the countryside will **shrink**, **impeding** its **economic progress**. The agricultural land may **be left uncultivated** and grain production would decline, which means less income for people in the countryside. With the urban-rural gap further **widening**, a **vicious circle** would be formed.

To break this circle, the government needs to **play a leading role** and the first step is perhaps to **implement preferential policies** to support the development of rural areas. For instance, **subsidizing** the **agricultural sector** is a good way to raise farmers' income and encourage more people to do farm work. Another possible approach is to **construct** small towns and **relocate** some enterprises out of large cities. If more jobs were created in the rural area and the local government's **revenues** were raised, fewer people would leave their hometown and the **disparity** between the city and the countryside would be **narrowed**.

**题 3:** The natural resources such as oil, forests and water are being consumed at an alarming rate. What problems does it cause and how can we solve these problems? (环境话题)

### 参考范文

In recent years, the rapid **depletion** of natural resources has become a huge problem faced by mankind. If this trend continues, it may lead to **serious consequences**.

The first problem is that the **shortage** of energy and resources would affect economic development and lower people's living standard. The **reserves** of fossil fuels such as oil and coal are limited and they are **depleting** very fast. When the **energy crisis** breaks out, the oil price would **soar** and the economy would decline. In many countries, **water scarcity** is another serious problem due to waste and pollution. Without **sufficient** water supply, life would be inconvenient and the **operation** of the business may be **disrupted**.

**Excessive consumption** of energy and resources also has a **detrimental** impact on the environment and on people's health. In many cities, air pollution and **smoggy** weather **pose a threat to** people's health. They are mainly caused by using petrol for cars and burning coal for heating. To acquire more land and natural resources, people destroy forests and grasslands, which may cause **soil erosion** and **extreme weather**.

To **tackle** these problems, every member of society, including the government, enterprises, and individuals should **get involved** and **take active measures**. If **alternatives** could be found, the consumption of natural resources would decline. For example, to meet people's **increasing demand** for energy, clean and **renewable** sources of energy such as solar energy and nuclear power should be developed and promoted. Individuals can also **make a contribution**, although sometimes this seems to be small. Encouraging people to take public transport rather than driving private cars would be an effective method for saving petrol. If everyone could save a glass of water and a piece of paper, it would **make a difference** in protecting the environment.

### 组合类题目

剑 8-3: (观点类+报告类) Increasing the price of petrol is the best way to solve growing traffic and pollution problems.

To what extent do you agree or disagree?



## What other measures do you think might be effective?

### 考官范文结构

1. 开头段
2. 不同意
3. 其他措施一
4. 其他措施二
5. 结论

### 全文（考官思路，老徐版本）（考官范文在剑 8 第 167 页）：

There is no doubt that traffic and pollution from vehicles have become huge problems, both in cities and on motorways everywhere. Some people suggest that the petrol price should be raised to solve these problems, but I do not agree with this method.

When oil price goes up, the number of cars may decline, as many people would give up driving their private cars, considering the extra cost. However, this policy would be very unpopular with the general public, who would complain and oppose it. Rich people may not care about it, so it is also unfair to ordinary people. There are other better measures that could be implemented.

I think to tackle the problem of pollution, cleaner fuels need to be developed. To be specific, we should research and develop electric cars that are quieter and cleaner. If this new type of cars could be promoted in major cities, air quality would be improved obviously.

To solve the traffic congestion, we need to improve the public transport services available to travellers. If more sky trains and underground train systems were built and effectively maintained in our major cities, then traffic on the roads would be dramatically reduced. It is also important for the government to provide long-distance train and coach services that are attractive and affordable, and therefore, the number of people who choose private cars would decline.

In conclusion, I think that to reduce traffic and pollution in the long term, we should educate the public to use public transport more and the government should use public money to construct and run efficient transport systems.

2018-6-7 考题: (报告类+利弊类) Many young people in the workforce today change their jobs or careers every few years.

What do you think are the reasons for this?

Do the advantages of this outweigh the disadvantages?

### 文章结构:

开头段: 引出话题+总结原因  
原因: 社会环境和观念的改变  
好处: 尝试和发现适合自己的工作  
弊端: 适应新环境, 起薪低, 失业  
结论段: 总结+建设性

### 衔接手段总结:

#### 1. 衔接词衔接:

表因果: Therefore; hence; thus; as a result; as a consequence; so that; because; as; since

表递进: Moreover; In addition; Furthermore; Besides; Also; Another benefit; Another problem; Apart from this;

表转折: However; Nevertheless; Although; Despite;

表对比: By contrast; In contrast; In comparison; On the other hand; Conversely;

表类比: Similarly; Likewise

表解释: To be specific; which means; In other words;

举例子: For example; For instance; such as; Another example is;

#### 2. 代词衔接

In this process; By doing this; In doing so; On the basis of this; Because of this; For this reason; This; This trend; This phenomenon; this problem; this pattern;

#### 3. 意思的衔接, 同义呼应



## 议论文评分标准

|                |                                |           |
|----------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>TR:</b> 内容  | Task Response                  | 任务完成情况    |
| <b>CC:</b> 结构  | Coherence and Cohesion         | 衔接与连贯     |
| <b>LR:</b> 词汇  | Lexical Resource               | 词汇资源      |
| <b>GRA:</b> 语法 | Grammatical Range and Accuracy | 语法多样性和准确性 |

### 关于衔接与连贯 (CC)

1. Use cohesive devices mechanically; overuse; underuse 低分
2. Use a range of cohesive devices appropriately 良好
3. Use cohesion in such a way that it attracts no attention 优秀

### 因果论证：为什么，怎么样，结果怎样

|                                                                         |                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| <b>Topic:</b> 换工作的好处：<br>发现自己真正喜欢的工作                                    | <b>Example-Comparison</b> |
| <b>Explanation/Expansion</b><br>尝试不同的行业<br>找到感兴趣的，擅长的工作<br>投入工作<br>事业有成 |                           |
| <b>Conclusion</b>                                                       |                           |

衔接性高分示例（更多例子可以参考老徐编写的写作 6 分和 7 分素材对照解析，在班级 qq 群文件）

Changing jobs **enables** people to **gain experience** in different companies and sectors and then **find the job that best suits their strengths and interests**. For example, an accountant may discover her talent **lies in** selling goods to strangers after she works in the sales position for a year.

Once individuals find the job in which they can fully develop their potentials, they are more likely to devote themselves to their work and realize their value in their careers.

Changing jobs enables people to gain experience in different companies and sectors and then find the job that best suits their strengths and interests. As a result, they are more likely to devote themselves to their work and realize their value in their careers. For example, an accountant may discover her talent lies in selling goods to strangers after she works in the sales position for a year. With great passion for her new job, she finally becomes a very successful sales person and makes great achievement in her career.

换工作的好处(普通版本):

First and foremost, altering jobs can make young people broaden their horizons and gain more experience, which is essential for youngsters' development in the future. In addition, if young people change many jobs, they are likely to find satisfactory work finally, which makes them happy in their daily life. Moreover, changing jobs can help the youth to find out their real interest and realize their value if they switch their jobs frequently.

剑 5-2 考官范文 (高中生 take a gap year 的弊端): 无法继续好好学习

However, there are certainly dangers in taking time off at that important age. Young adults may end up never returning to their studies or finding it difficult to readapt to an academic environment. They may think that it is better to continue in a particular job, or to do something completely different from a university course.

剑 5-2 考官范文（高中生 **take a gap year** 的好处）：变得更加独立

Young people tend to be more independent, as they cannot rely on parents and teachers any more. They have to look after themselves and solve various problems by themselves. Independence is a very important factor in academic study and research and gives them an advantage in terms of coping with the challenges of student life.

2018-6-7 考题：（报告类+利弊类）Many young people in the workforce today change their jobs or careers every few years.

What do you think are the reasons for this?

Do the advantages of this outweigh the disadvantages?

完整范文：

People used to serve the same company for a lifelong time, **but** now **job-hopping** has become very common, particularly among young people. I think the changes in the social environment and people's **conception** are responsible for this phenomenon.

**Compared with** decades ago, the number of companies and organizations has **increased significantly** **due to** the **boom** of private enterprises. This means young people have more choices in the **job market** **and** they may be offered new **positions** from time to time. Also, young people nowadays **place more value on** their freedom and personal interests. **If** they are not satisfied with their **current** work, they may quit the job **without hesitation**.

Changing jobs enables people to **gain experience** in different companies and sectors **and** then choose the job that best **suits their strengths and interests**. For example, an accountant may discover her talent **lies in** selling goods to strangers **after** she works in the sales position for a year. Once individuals find the **job in which** they can fully **develop their potentials**, they are more likely to devote themselves to their work and realize their value in their careers.

However, there are some risks in changing jobs and careers frequently. It takes some time for young people to **adapt to** the new environment **and** the starting salary in a new industry is relatively low. **Regular Job-hoppers** are considered **unreliable** and **disloyal** to the company, **which** may have an **adverse effect on** their employment. **Without** a stable job and income, young people would feel frustrated and have **financial difficulty** in their lives.

To summarize, changing jobs can offer young people more opportunities in their career development, **but** they also need to be **prudent** before they decide to do so.

作业题: Many people fail to achieve a balance between work and the other parts of life. What are the causes? What are your suggestions to solve this problem?

### 参考范文

Many people spend most of their time on work and ignore other aspects of life. I think there are several causes that may account for this phenomenon.

In many cities, the cost of living is very high, leading to a heavy burden on city dwellers. To survive and lead a better life, people have to work hard and earn enough income to cover the daily expenditure. As the urban population keeps rising, competition is getting increasingly fierce in the job market and in the workplace. Those who are not competent for their jobs may be laid off. Under so much pressure, many people only care about their work, with little time for leisure and exercise.

There is no doubt that these lifestyles have caused negative impacts on people's physical and psychological health and this situation needs to be changed. First of all, individuals should be aware of the consequences of failing to balance life and work. It is important for them to allocate a certain proportion of time for their family members, or for exercise. For instance, when they go back from work every day, they could choose to turn off their mobile phones, play with their children or take the dog for a walk.

If the government could establish a better social security system in terms of education, healthcare and pension, citizens would bear less pressure and be better off to withstand risks in life. Enterprises should also support employees in terms of dealing with stress at work. One possible approach is to give employees several weeks of vacation every year, making sure that they can enjoy more leisure time and keep a balance between work and life.

#### 第四次课总结:

IELTS Writing

1. 报告类题目的写作结构+扩展思路+技巧句型
2. 主体段论证扩展思路的灵活性
3. 组合类题目的写作结构和注意事项
4. 高分的衔接与连贯 Coherence and cohesion