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句法技巧 (2)

—— 四个重要的句法概念

1. 动词不定式
2. 动名词
3. 分词
4. 介词短语

1. 动词不定式（作状语/表语/定语/主语/宾语/宾补）

动词不定式作状语

为了解决堵车问题，政府应该改善公共交通。

To solve the problem of traffic congestion, the government should improve public transport in cities.

为了减少青少年犯罪，学校应该更加重视学生的行为问题。

To reduce youth crimes, schools should pay more attention to students' behavior.

动词不定式作表语

工作的主要目的是谋生和养家。

The main purpose of work is to earn a living and support the family.

动词不定式作主语

成为对社会有价值的人，和学一项简单的技能是不一样的。

To be a valuable member of any community is not like learning a simple skill. （剑 8-1 考官范文例句）

动词不定式作定语

He has no chance **to win**. 他没有赢的机会。

He is the first one **to quit**. 他是第一个放弃的人。

动词不定式作宾语/宾补

refuse **to do sth.** 动词不定式作宾语

Encourage sb. **to do sth.** 动词不定式作宾补

2. 动名词（动词-ing，把它名词化，作主语/宾语）

动名词作主语

Moving businesses to the countryside can boost the local economy and narrow the gap between the urban and rural area.

将企业迁至乡村，不仅能促进当地经济，还能缩小城乡差距。

动名词作宾语

People should consider **changing a job** if they dislike it.

人们如果不喜欢某项工作，应该考虑换工作。

3. 分词（现在分词+过去分词，作状语/定语/宾补）

分词作状语

很多学校鼓励学生去做兼职劳动，让他们能够将理论知识用于实践。

Many universities encourage students to do part-time jobs, **allowing** them to put theory into practice.

鸡肉的消费量大幅增长，1989年超过了牛肉的消费量。

The consumption of chicken increased significantly, **overtaking** that of beef in 1989.

Compared with going to the library, reading online saves people a lot of time.

和去图书馆相比，在线阅读节省了大量的时间。

分词作定语

Young adults **living with parents** may become dependent.

和父母住在一起的年轻人可能会变得依赖。

改成定语从句: Young adults who live with parents may become dependent.

The man **beaten** by his girlfriend cried.

改成定语从句: The man who was beaten by his girlfriend cried.

分词作宾补

Keep his mother **waiting** (现在分词作宾补)

Find the bowl **broken** (过去分词作宾补)

4. 介词短语 (英语是介词的语言)

It is quite common these days **for** young people **in** many countries to have a break **from** studying **after** graduating **from** high school.

——剑 5-2 考官范文

常用介词:

因果关系: As a result of; due to; because of

对比关系: Like; unlike; instead of

转折关系: Despite; in spite of

递进关系: Besides; in addition to; apart from

表伴随: With; without

表方式: By

表地点: In; on; at

表时间: Before; after

表目的: For

表方面: In; in terms of; on; about

表依据: According to; based on; on the basis of

职业运动员成为了明星和名人。(创 6-2)

Sports professionals have become stars and celebrities.

As a result of constant media attention, sports professionals in my country have become stars and celebrities.

他们都过着非常奢侈的生活。(创 6-2)

They live extravagant lifestyles.

They live extravagant lifestyles with huge houses and cars.

Just like movie stars, they live extravagant lifestyles with huge houses and cars.

由于生活条件差, 很多人无法获得营养的食物。

Due to poor living conditions, many people have no access to nutritional food.

尽管网络很普及, 但是一些中年人或者老年人还是习惯看报纸或者看电视。

Despite the popularization of the Internet, some

middle-aged or elderly people still get used to reading newspapers or watching TV.

除了给钱, 家长应该多花时间陪孩子。

In addition to giving money, parents should spend more time staying with children.

青少年课后应该搞体育锻炼, 而不是在家打游戏。

Teenagers should do physical exercise after class instead of playing video games at home.

孩子们如果要学习责任心和经验, 可以去做一些轻松的兼职的工作来获得。 (创 3-3)

Children can learn responsibilities and acquire experience by having light and part-time jobs.

多安装一些监控摄像头能够改善社区的安全。

By installing more cameras, we can improve the public security in the community.

这个国家的旅游业发展很快, 每年大量的游客来旅游。

Tourism develops rapidly and a large number of tourists travel to this country every year.

Tourism develops rapidly, with a large number of tourists travelling to this country every year.

Traffic and pollution from vehicles have become huge problems.

Traffic and pollution from vehicles have become huge

problems, both **in cities** and **on motorways**.

——剑 8-3 考官范文

手机似乎成了学生生活中不可缺少的一部分。

The mobile phone seems to have become an indispensable part of students' lives, both **in school** and **at home**.

网络社交工具使人与人之间沟通变得更加方便了。

1. Social networking tools enable people to communicate more conveniently than before.
2. Communication between people has become more convenient than before, **with various kinds of social networking tools available**.
3. People can use social networking tools to communicate conveniently, **without worrying about the distance or cost**.

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