



"石马上登机!"



零基础全科雅思课

土豆教育出品

高途

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土豆教育

雅思口语综述-课程讲义

一、考查内容

流程：3 个 Part

时间：11~14 分钟

形式：考生与考官一对一对话

注意：考试全程录音

1. Part 1 Interview

(1) **时间：**4~5 分钟

(2) **内容：**3 个话题，每个话题 2~4 个问题；话题与日常生活相关，包括个人基本信息、喜好、技能、人物、物品、抽象话题等

(3) **目的：**考查对日常性观点和信息、常见的生活经历或情形进行交流的能力

2. Part 2 Presentation

(1) **时间：**3~4 分钟：1 分钟准备（可以做笔记）+ 1-2 分钟答题

(2) **内容：**1 个话题卡 + 3-4 个提示问题；5 大类话题：人物、物品、事件与经历、地点、媒体

(3) **目的：**考查能否恰当地运用语言、连贯地组织自己的观点

3. Part 3 Discussion

(1) **时间：**4~5 分钟

(2) **内容：**针对与 Part 2 话题相关的内容，展开更加深入、抽象的讨论；6 大

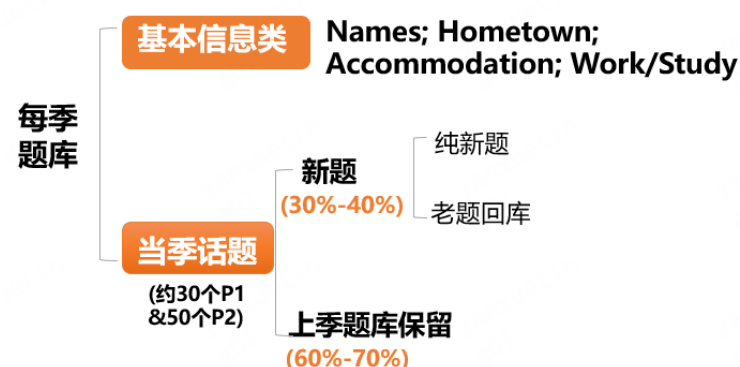
类问题：个人观点、对比比较、问题解决、优缺点、前景预测、解释原因

(3) **目的**：考查表达并解释观点、分析并讨论以及对事件进行推测的语言表达能力

4. 雅思口语考试每年共 3 个考季



Tips: 1/5/9 月，新题出现，之后每季题库逐渐稳定。避免 1,5,9 月第一场考试！



Tip: 准备话题库，提前备考，不打无准备的仗！

二、模考范例

1. Part 1 (4-5minutes)

- 聊天性质，回答简单随意，切勿背诵书面表达。
- 避免 one-word answer，需给出 2-3 句话支撑。
- 考官因需控制时间，可能会打断回答，不要紧张。

2. Part 2 (3-4minutes)

- 卡片由考官选择，不是考生自己选择。
- 在拿到卡片后，考生有一分钟思考准备时间，可以做笔记。
- 一分钟结束后，考官会告诉考生可以开始回答。
- 在说话的过程中，考官只听不说。

3. Part 3 (4-5minutes)

- Part 3 和 Part 1 的对话形式一致，一问一答，但是 Part 3 会考查社会话题。
- 讨论性质，所以考官会根据考生的回答继续追问或提出质疑。
- Part 3 会有听不懂问题的情况，不要慌张，可以请求考官重复问题，解释问题，或者问下一个问题。

三、考试流程

①签到（开考前 0.5h）

②出示证件

③候考室等待

④安检+录指纹

⑤考场外等待

⑥呼叫-开始考试

四、评分标准

雅思口语考试四项评分标准：

- 词汇丰富度 (Lexical resource)
- 语法范围及准确度 (Grammatical range and accuracy)
- 流利度与连贯性 (Fluency and coherence)
- 发音 (Pronunciation)

1. 词汇丰富度

5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> manages to talk about familiar and unfamiliar topics but uses vocabulary with limited flexibility (词汇灵活性有限) attempts to use paraphrase but with mixed success (改述有时成功有时失败)
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> has a wide enough vocabulary to discuss topics at length and make meaning clear in spite of inappropriacies (详尽地讨论各种话题的词汇量) generally paraphrases successfully (改述基本成功)
7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> uses vocabulary resource flexibly to discuss a variety of topics (灵活使用词汇) uses some less common and idiomatic vocabulary (不常见词汇及习语) and shows some awareness of style and collocation (语体和搭配), with some inappropriate choices uses paraphrase effectively (有效改述)

Key 1: 从足够范围的词汇中选词，精准、有效且灵活地对任意话题进行叙述和讨论

Key 2: 具备改述能力

Key 3: 使用不常见词汇、固定搭配和习语

2. 语法范围及准确度

5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> produces basic sentence forms (使用基本句型) with reasonable accuracy (合理准确)
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • uses a limited range of more complex structures (有限的复杂句式), but these usually contain errors and may cause some comprehension problems (错误且造成理解困难)
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • uses a mix of simple and complex structures (使用简单句和复杂句式), but with limited flexibility (灵活性有限) • may make frequent mistakes with complex structures (复杂句式经常有错误), though these rarely cause comprehension problems (但, 极少造成理解困难)
7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • uses a range of complex structures with some flexibility (灵活使用复杂句) • frequently produces error-free sentences, though some grammatical mistakes persist (有语法错误, 但语句正确)

Key 1: 语法结构多样 + Key2: 无理解困难 + Key 3: 减少语法错误

3. 流利度与连贯性

5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • usually maintains flow of speech but uses repetition, self-correction and/or slow speech to keep going (重复, 自我纠正或降低语速) • may over-use certain connectives and discourse markers (过度使用连接词和语篇标记) • produces simple speech fluently, but more complex communication causes fluency problems (简单-流利; 复杂-不畅)
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6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • is willing to speak at length (充分表达交流意愿), though may lose coherence at times due to occasional repetition, self-correction or hesitation (偶尔重复, 自我纠正或犹豫) • uses a range of connectives and discourse markers but not always appropriately (使用连接词和语篇标记, 但不总恰当)
7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • speaks at length without noticeable effort or loss of coherence (表达详尽, 无明显困难) • may demonstrate language-related hesitation at times, or some repetition and/or self-correction (语言相关的犹豫或自我纠正) • uses a range of connectives and discourse markers with some flexibility (灵活地使用连接词和语篇标记)

Key 1: 表达流利, 避免重复, 停顿和自我纠正

Key 2: 表达详尽, 展现交流意愿, 逻辑连贯, 句与句之间有关联

Key 3: 表达清晰, 使用逻辑链接词, 例如: 因果, 递进, 转折等

4. 发音

4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • uses a limited range of pronunciation features (有限发音特点) • attempts to control features but lapses are frequent (频繁出现偏差) • mispronunciations are frequent and cause some difficulty for the listener (发音错误导致听者理解困难)
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • shows all the positive features of Band 4 and some, but not all, of the positive features of Band 6

6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • uses a range of pronunciation features with mixed control (多种发音特点，但掌握程度不一) • shows some effective use of features but this is not sustained (有效使用发音特点，但不能持续) • can generally be understood throughout, (听者基本能理解) though mispronunciation of individual words or sounds reduces clarity at times (但部分单词发音不准确，导致清晰度下降)
7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • shows all the positive features of Band 6 and some, but not all, of the positive features of Band 8

Key 1: 发音正确，不会造成理解困难

Key 2: 展现发音特征，如重音，语调，连读，弱读等

Key 3: 持续展现发音特征

5. 考官会依据四个评分标准进行打分，如：

词汇	语法	流利度	语音	口语得分
6	5	7	6	24/4=6