

零基础全科雅思课

土豆教育出品

高途 7. 土豆教育

口语-Part1 口语话题之交通和旅行-课程讲

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第一部分 核心内容

- Transportation

1. 话题常见问题

- 1) What kind of public transportation do you usually take?
- 2) When do you usually take public transportation, in your everyday life or when you are travelling?
- 3) Do most people prefer public transportation in your country?
- 4) Did you take public transportation when you were a kid?
- 5) Will there be more people taking public transportation in the future?

Tips:

- · 运用逻辑架构法则并结合提问类型组织答案
- · 积累话题相关表达

1) What kind of public transportation do you usually take?

[观点] The public transportation that I take more frequently must be the subway,

[解释原因-1] which is absolutely the best way to stay away from the traffic

jams in such a cosmopolitan city like mine. [解释原因-2] It's pretty punctual and can shelter me from unpredictable weather.

2) When do you usually take public transportation, in your everyday life or when you are travelling?

[观点句] I frequently take public transport while travelling. [解释原因-1] Thanks

to various mapping apps, the subway lines and bus routes can be easily accessible to us new visitors. [解释原因-2] What's more, I find it a great way to have a better experience and a closer look at the local people and life where I'm travelling.

3) Do most people prefer public transportation in your country?

[观点] Yes, I guess we can figure it out by **rough statistics**. [细节-对比] <u>Though</u> private cars are becoming more **prevalent** in most places around my country, the **capacity** of buses and subways can never be **surpassed**. [进一步

解释] <u>What's more</u>, our transport system is **well-organized**, which means it follows **rigorous schedules** so commuters never need to worry about traffic delays.

4) Did you take public transportation when you were a kid?

[观点] Yes, but not that frequently. [解释原因] Because when I was little, my school was within walking distance from my house. <u>But</u> when it comes to the weekends, as far as I can remember, my parents used to take me to many tourist attractions by bus.

5) Will there be more people taking public transportation in the future?

[观点] Yes, I guess so. [细节-解释原因] With the rapid pace of urbanisation, cities are becoming larger and more populous. <u>Consequently</u>, we are going to face severe pressure from traffic jams. Public transport is **by far** the best ever solution to **improve transport efficiency** and hopefully keep us away from congestion.

2. 亮点表达

1) 公共交通相关

punctual prevalent rigorous schedules capacity well-organized surpass improve transport efficiency shelter me from unpredictable weather

2) 个人活动相关

stay away from traffic jams have a closer look at as far as I can remember

3) 其它

urbanisation rough statistics consequently accessible populous within walking distance by far

3. 亮点表达拓展

1) 公共交通相关表达

shared bikes the high-speed train hop on a taxi/bus/train rapid transit economical/affordable/time-saving packed like sardines jam-packed with commuters environmentally friendly the rush hours/peak hour the most common situation noise/crowd/smell queue up

2) 个人&环境问题&交通改善

commuteget carsicktransfer from... to...be in a rushget to my destinationcatch the busmodernise the public transport systemgreenhouse gases/environmental pollution/respiratory diseases/globalwarming

二、Travelling

1. 常见问题

- 1) Do you like travelling?
- 2) How many cities have you travelled to?
- 3) What kind of cities do you like to travel to?
- 4) What is the place that left you the deepest impression when travelling?

Tips:

- · 运用逻辑架构法则并结合提问类型组织答案
- · 积累话题相关表达

1) Do you like travelling?

[观点] Yes. I'm quite enthusiastic about travelling, [细节-解释原因] which can provide me with an opportunity to release pressure from work/study and temporarily get rid of some annoying daily routines. [举例] Every time I went travelling, I could come back full of energy. <u>Besides</u>, I can always observe things and think from a broader perspective when I travel to new places.

2) How many cities have you travelled to?

[观点] I have been to **approximately** 30 cities so far. [细节-故事叙述] Since I was little, my parents have taken me to visit **a couple of** different cities during each vacation. <u>And</u> I should say there are at least 30 of them. [个人经历感受] I've met plenty of **like-minded** people and had wonderful experiences on my journeys, and I guess <u>that's why</u> I'm so passionate about travelling.

3) What kind of cities do you like to travel to?

[观点] I'm more fascinated with business prosperity and historical sites, [细

节-解释原因] which in my mind serve as symbols of the civilisation we human

beings have reached. [进一步补充说明] <u>So</u> when I have the choice, I would prefer flying to those **celebrated cosmopolitan cities**, which had better **feature** brilliant histories.

4) What is the place that left you the deepest impression when travelling?

[观点] Shanghai is undoubtedly the most impressive city that I have ever visited. [解释原因-经济] It's been one of the most prosperous cities in east Asia for decades. <u>And</u> there are constructions in both western and traditional local styles that are well-preserved. [个人感受] Walking on any random street there, I feel I'm in a place where the past meets the present and the west meets the east.

2. 亮点表达

1) 旅游&个人感受

be enthusiastic about release pressure temporarily get rid of think from a broader perspective some annoying daily routines

2) 旅游景点相关

prosperity/ prosperous historical sites symbols of the civilisation celebrated cosmopolitan cities the past meets the present the west meets the east feature impressive well-preserved

3) 其他

approximately random undoubtedly a couple of

like-minded people

3. 亮点表达拓展

1) 旅游目的地相关

a city with a vibrant nightlife local places of interest ancient architecture become commercialised holiday resorts iconic landmarks heritage sites awe-inspiring

2) 个人感受&行为

go sightseeing/take a vacation explore the local culture, customs and cuisines see a breathtaking view of... escape from the overcrowded city have the time of my life

第二部分 语言知识

一、单词

cosmopolitan / kozmə polrtən/ adj. 世界性的; 全球各国的 punctual / pʌŋktʃuəl/ adj. 按时的; 准时的; 守时的 unpredictable / ʌnprɪ'dɪktəbl/ adj. 无法预言的; 不可预测的; 难以预料的 prevalent / prevələnt/ adj. 流行的; 普遍存在的; 盛行的 rigorous / rɪgərəs/ adj. 谨慎的; 细致的; 彻底的 urbanisation /,ə:bənai'zeiʃən/ n. 城市化 populous / popjələs/ adj. 人口众多的; 人口密集的 queue up 排队等候 packed like sardines 拥挤得象沙丁鱼罐头一样;过于拥挤的 respiratory diseases 呼吸道疾病 approximately /ə'proksɪmətli/ adv. 大概;大约 like-minded /ˌlaɪk 'maɪndɪd/ adj. 想法相同的;志趣相投的 undoubtedly /ʌn'dautɪdli/ adv. 无疑,肯定 prosperous /'prospərəs/ adj. 繁荣的;成功的;兴旺的 random /'rændəm/ adj. 随机的,随意的(非事先决定或不规则) iconic landmark 标志性建筑 commercialise /kə'mɜːʃəlaɪz/ v. (尤指不择手段地)利用...牟利;商业化 awe-inspiring /'ɔː ɪnspaɪərɪŋ/ adj. 令人惊叹的;使人敬佩的;令人敬慕的

二、语法

1. I'm more fascinated with business prosperity and historical sites, which in my mind serve as symbols of the civilisation we human beings have reached. 主句部分 I'm more fascinated with business prosperity and historical sites 为主 系表结构, which 引导非限制性定语从句, 修饰前面的先行词 historical sites, 从句中 in my mind 为插入语, 从句为主谓结构, as 介词短语; we human beings have reached 修饰前面的先行词 civilisation, 为省去 that 的

定语从句,that 在定语从句中作宾语可以省略,从句为主谓宾结构。

2. Walking on any random street there, I feel I'm in a place where the past meets the present and the west meets the east.

Walking on any **random** street there 为现在分词做伴随状语,主句的主语 I和 现在分词为主谓结构;主句部分 I feel ...,为主谓宾结构,谓语动词 feel 后面的 宾语为省去 that 的宾语从句 I'm in a place; where 引导的定语从句 where **the past meets the present** and **the west meets the east** 修饰前面的先行词 a place, 定语从句中为并列句,两个并列的主谓宾结构。