

零基础全科雅思课

土豆教育出品

高途 7. 土豆教育

口语-Part1 口语话题之姓名和家乡-课程讲义

第一部分 核心内容

—、Names

1. 话题常见问题

- 1) Do you like your name?
- 2) Does your name have any special meanings?
- 3) Are there any differences between how Chinese name their children now and in the past?
- 4) How would you choose names for your next generation?
- 5) Does anyone in your family have the same name as yours?

Tips:

- · 运用逻辑架构法则并结合提问类型组织答案
- · 积累话题相关表达
- 基础信息<mark>类话题个人</mark>属性较强,可参考答题思路&框架提前准备自己的答案

1) Do you like your name?

[观点] Yeah, I'm quite fond of my name. 【细节-解释原因】Because my name was given by my grandfather. It shows his great expectation and carries all his best wishes for me. <u>So</u> I always see it as a lucky charm.

2) Does your name have any special meanings?

[观点句] Yes, most Chinese names do, <u>I suppose</u>, and mine is not an exception.

[细节-具体描述特点: 名字里每个字的含义/象征]

- ____ means ____, which is similar to my personality.
- And the **character** ____ **signifies** ____, which is an objective my parents

hope I can achieve in the future.

- My name can be interpreted as...
- Literally, it **means to be**...

3) Are there any differences between how Chinese name their children now and in the past?

[观点] Yes, sure. As time goes by, people's ideology changes a lot. [细节-不同

年代名字特点] A couple of decades ago, people tried to encourage their children to **make more contributions to** the country, so they often preferred characters which mean "nation" or "construction". <u>While</u> in recent years, we care more about personal happiness and **individual achievements**, so it seems there are more **diversity** and **creativity** in naming babies.

4) How would you choose names for your next generation?

[观点+细节:分两方面考虑] I would probably follow the most traditional Chinese

rituals and use the middle name that's **appointed to** his or her generation, which is listed in my family tree. <u>In addition</u>, I'll **make the best use of** my knowledge of literature and try to find a name that sounds elegant while **expressing my good wishes**.

5) Does anyone in your family have the same name as yours?

[观点] No, absolutely not. [细节-解释原因] With a history of over 5000 years, our culture requires us to honour our ancestors and respect our elders. That's why we are never allowed to use the same name in the family, which might otherwise be disrespectful and even confusing.

2. 亮点表达

・ 对名字的态度

· 名字蕴含的含义和寄托

be fond of carry one's best wishes for express one's best wishes individual achievements be interpreted as mean to be signify make contribution to make the best use of

lucky charm character

・ 命名的学问

honour the ancestors show respect to the elders ritual ideology diversity creativity disrespectful confusing

3. 亮点表达拓展

live up to one's expectation be named as ... with the expectation of have unique meanings characters with beautiful meanings represent be proud of

二、Hom<mark>etown</mark>

1. 常<mark>见问题</mark>

- 1) Where are you from?
- 2) Is your hometown a big city or a small place?
- 3) Do you like your hometown?
- 4) Is there anything you dislike about it?

Tips:

- · 运用<u>逻辑架构法则</u>并结合提问类型组织答案
- 积累话题相关表达
- · 基础信息类话题个人属性较强,可参考答题思路&框架提前准备自己的答案

1) Where are you from?

[观点] I'm from Beijing, [细节-描述特点] which is a **cosmopolitan** city **located in** the north of China. With a history of over 3000 years, now it's the **political**, **cultural and economic centre** of my country.

2) Is your hometown a big city or a small place?

[观点] My hometown is **undoubtedly** a big city [细节-描述特点] with over 20 million **permanent residents** and many **migrant workers**. It's great to live in such a city as we can enjoy better service and a much more colourful life, <u>while</u> there are also problems that we can't **neglect** <u>such as</u> pollution and traffic jams.

・ 细节-描述特点:可以从正反两个方面展开

・ [a small place] 相关表达:

My village is in the middle of nowhere. It's a quiet place on the outskirts of the city. There are only a few people residing there.

3) Do you like your hometown?

[观点] Yes, sure. Born and raised here, I'm fascinated with a lot of things. [细

节-描述特点] <u>But</u> what makes me most proud of my hometown is its culture, which is open and **inclusive**. It welcomes people and ideas from every corner of the world, <u>so</u> anyone **regardless of** nationality, religion or cultural background can study and work here equally.

4) Is there anything you dislike about it?

[观点-快速发展令人担忧] It's actually a little complicated to explain. I mean the

thing that makes me worry the most should be the rapid development. [细节-解

释原因-经济&环境方面] <u>Along with the prosperity</u> of the economy and the improvement of living standards, more people are having their private cars, which **leads to** serious traffic jams and air pollution. <u>But</u> I guess that's an **unavoidable** problem for all the **metropolises at home and abroad**.

2. 亮点表达

・ 描述个人感受&家乡特点

born and raised in

be fascinated with

be located in

a cosmopolitan city

metropolises at home and abroad

a political, cultural and economic centre

inclusive

undoubtedly

prosperity

permanent residents

migrant workers

・ 家乡需要改善的方面

neglect complicated leads to unavoidable regardless of

3. 亮点表达拓展

・ 描述家乡特点

industrial/coastal/inland/tourist/capital city high-rise buildings skyscraper delicacy cuisine night life shopping/entertainment/sports facilities

・ 城市优点&问题

international atmosphere cultural diversity

over-crowded a huge population

well-known numerous historical sites tourist attractions pleasant climate gorgeous landscape heavy traffic traffic congestion air pollution high cost of living pace of life

第二部分 语言知识

一、单词

accommodation /ə komə deɪſn/ n. 住处; 办公处; 停留处 generation / dʒenə reɪʃn/ n. 同代人, 同辈人 charm /tfα:m/ n. 魔法; 咒语; 符咒 character / kærəktə(r)/ n. 品质, 特点 interpret /ɪnˈtɜːprɪt/ v. 诠释; 说明 literally /'lɪtərəli/ adv. 字面意思 ideology / aɪdi blədʒi/ n. 思想意识, 意识形态 ritual /ˈrɪtʃuəl/ n. 习惯; 老规矩; 礼节 ancestor / ænsestə(r)/ n. 祖宗; 祖先 represent / repri zent/ v. 代表 cosmopolitan / kpzmə pplɪtən/ adj. 世界性的; 全球各国的 permanent / ps:mənənt/ adj. 永久的; 永恒的; 长久的 resident /'rezɪdənt/ n. 居民; 住户 inclusive /ɪnˈkluːsɪv/ adj. 包容广阔的; 范围广泛的 metropolis /məˈtrɒpəlɪs/ n. 大都会; 大城市; 首都; 首府

delicacy / delɪkəsi/ n. 精美的食物; 佳肴

cuisine /kwɪˈziːn/ n. 烹饪; 风味

numerous /'njuːmərəs/ adj. 众多的; 许多的

二、语法

1. I would probably follow the most traditional Chinese **rituals** and use the middle name that's **appointed to** his or her generation, which is listed in my family tree.

主句部分 I would probably follow the most traditional Chinese rituals and use the middle name 为主谓宾结构, and 连接两个并列的谓宾结构, 关系代词 that

引导定语从句修饰 the middle name, 在定语从句中 that 作主语, 被动语态;

关系代词 which 引导定语从句,在从句中作主语,被动语态(Be+动词过去分词),

后面跟介词短语作状语。

2. It's great to live in such a city as we can enjoy better service and a much more colourful life, **while** there are also problems that we can't **neglect** <u>such</u> <u>as</u> pollution and traffic jams.

主句部分 It's great,主系表结构, it 在主语中作形式主语, 真正的主语是表语后面 的不定式结构 to live in such a city, 连接词 as 引导原因状语从句, 从句中为 there be 句型 (there be + 主语), 关系代词 that 引导定语从句修饰前面的先行 词 problems, 定语从句为主谓宾结构, that 在定语从句中作宾语, 后面对 problems 进行举例 such as。