

阅读理解中的主旨题/结构题/态度题

备注：这份资料所针对的是宏观题，结构题，态度题 文章能看懂，选项有问题的同学。学术测试 test items 非常抽象，对于母语并非英语的学生来说，这应该是一个很大的障碍，并且有很多国外做语言测试和心理测量的学者做过研究，我也看过很多这样的 papers。研究表明，二语习得者在对 test items 有比较深入的理解后，能很大程度上提高标准化测试的分数。因此，我单独总结了 GMAT 和 GRE 阅读理解中的宏观题和功能题的选项。希望对各位同学有所帮助。

使用方法：分析选项特征，然后想想这种选项可能出现在什么类型的文章里面。必要的时候可以把答案写在后面。如果有问题，然后再查字典。解析会在后续发布。

1. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) present a commonplace idea and its inaccuracies 指出观点，并指出缺陷；驳论
- (B) describe a situation and its potential drawbacks situation 客观事实
- (C) propose a temporary solution to a problem solution 解决方案，问题解决文章
- (D) analyze a frequent source of disagreement source== origin 分析 disagreement 的原因；
那文章肯定先写观点，然后表达对观点的批判，然后指出批判的具体原因
- (E) explore the implications of a finding implication 意义，影响

2. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) criticize the inflexibility of American economic mythology
- (B) contrast “Old World” and “New World” economic ideologies 单纯意义的差异对比，不包含情感态度
- (C) challenge the integrity of traditional political leaders 批判
- (D) champion those Americans whom the author deems to be neglected 支持
- (E) suggest a substitute for the traditional metaphor of a race 替代方案

3. The author regards the traditional view of the origin of the oceans with

题目求的是作者对老观点的态度 在学术测试中一般来说作者对老观点存在一定程度的批判

学术测试中的态度一般来说是偏向于温和的，出现极端词汇一般慎选

- (A) slight apprehension 微弱的赞同
- (B) absolute indifference 绝对的冷漠—这种选项看到直接排除，如果作者对一个观点非常冷淡，根本不会写这篇文章
- (C) indignant anger 愤怒-直接排除
- (D) complete disbelief 完全的不同意，这里 complete 就属于极端修饰词

(E) guarded skepticism **guarded 指有节制的== qualified == limited**

有节制的质疑，大方向是质疑，但是作者还是对之前的老观点持有一定的保留态度的

4. The author views the idea that the pterosaurs became airborne by rising into light winds created by waves as

- (A) revolutionary **颠覆性的**
- (B) unlikely **不可能，不认可**
- (C) unassailable **合理的**
- (D) probable **可能的**
- (E) outdated **过时的**

5. Which of the following best describes **the organization** of the last paragraph of the passage? **题干求organization, 典型文章结构题**

- (A) New evidence is introduced to support a traditional point of view. **先给老观点，然后给新证据。【主观+ 客观】**
- (B) Three explanations for a phenomenon are presented, and each is disputed by means of specific information. **【先给现象-事实，然后给解释1，然后用事实-反例-批判解释1，然后解释2，然后事实批判解释2...】；也可能在这段之前给出现象，这段单独给解释，以及对每一个解释的批判**
- (C) Three hypotheses are outlined, and evidence supporting each is given. **给3个解释/观点，然后每个观点之后写事实**
- (D) Recent **discoveries** are described, and their **implications** for future study are projected. **Discovery 发现，客观事实，并且用的名词复数，不止一个，implications 表明这个发现对之后研究的影响**
- (E) A **summary** of the material in the preceding paragraphs is presented, and **conclusions** are drawn.

Summary 总结-客观陈述，不含有作者倾向性。总结之前内容。

Conclusion 结论，观点。有倾向性

6. Which of the following best describes **the attitude** of the author toward the samurai discussed in [lines 11-16](#)?

- (A) Warmly approving **热切的赞同-正评价**
- (B) Mildly sympathetic **温和的同情**
- (C) Bitterly disappointed **尖酸刻薄的失望**
- (D) Harshly disdainful **严厉的鄙视**
- (E) Profoundly shocked **震惊**

7. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) **refute the theory** that the free market plays a useful role in the development of industrialized societies

驳论

- (B) **suggest methods** by which economists and members of the government of the United States can recognize and combat price-fixing by large firms

问题解决

- (C) **show that** in industrialized societies price-fixing and the operation of the free market **are not only compatible but also mutually beneficial**

Show that 肯定性动词+ 宾语从句，重点在宾语从句

这句宾语从句中出现了平行结构，注意平行结构是否跟文章结构有呼应

- (D) **explain the various ways** in which industrialized societies can fix prices in order to stabilize the free market

解释，现象解释

- (E) argue that price-fixing, in one form or another, is an inevitable part of and benefit to the economy of any industrialized society

Argue that ，肯定行动词+ 宾语从句

- 8.. The author's attitude toward "Most economists in the United States"(line 1) can best be described as

- (A) spiteful and envious 恶毒的，并且嫉妒的
(B) scornful and denunciatory 轻蔑并且否定
(C) critical and condescending 批判并且高高在上的
(D) ambivalent but deferential 模棱两可 但是恭敬
(E) uncertain but interested 不确定但是感兴趣

注意：观察本道题 5 个选项；A,B，C 3 个选项 adj1 and adj2；表达平行，表明作者两个态度的大小是平均分布的

D 选项和 E 选项 adj1 but adj2，两个态度都有，但是重点在第二个。

另外注意：interested 两个含义单独记忆：1. 感兴趣；2. 不公正 (disinterested 的反义词)

9. In the passage, the author is primarily concerned with

- (A) **predicting** the consequences of a practice 跟将来相关表达呼应
(B) **criticizing** a point of view 驳论
(C) **calling attention to recent discoveries** 关注新发现，**讲事实**，**以及事实本事的重要性**
(D) **proposing a topic** for research 提出研究议题

(E) summarizing conflicting opinions 【观点 1 , by contrast 观点 2】单纯意义总结，没有情感态度倾向

10. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) discuss a plan for investigation of a phenomenon that is not yet fully understood 研究计划
- (B) present two explanations of a phenomenon and reconcile the differences between them
- (C) summarize two theories and suggest a third theory that overcomes the problems encountered in the first two
- (D) describe an alternative hypothesis and provide evidence and arguments that support it
- (E) challenge the validity of a theory by exposing the inconsistencies and contradictions in it

11. The primary purpose of the passage is to propose

- (A) an alternative to museum display of artifacts
- (B) a way to curb illegal digging while benefiting the archaeological profession
- (C) a way to distinguish artifacts with scientific value from those that have no such value
- (D) the governmental regulation of archaeological sites
- (E) a new system for cataloguing duplicate artifacts

备注：都是讲解决方法

12. The author's primary objective in the passage is to

- (A) disprove the view that federal efforts to aid minority businesses have been ineffective 驳论
- (B) explain how federal efforts to aid minority businesses have changed since the 1960's 现象解释
- (C) establish a direct link between the federal efforts to aid minority businesses made before the 1960's and those made in the 1980's
- (D) analyze the basis for the belief that job-specific experience is more useful to minority businesses than is general management experience 解释
- (E) argue that the "social responsibility approach" to aiding minority businesses is superior to any other approach 【注意这句的比较关系】

13. It can be inferred from the passage that the attitude of some MESBIC staff members toward the investments preferred by some MESBIC directors can best be described as

- (A) defensive 论证，支持
- (B) resigned 无奈的，顺从的 【这个词直接排除】
- (C) indifferent 冷漠的 【这个词直接排除】
- (D) shocked 震惊
- (E) disapproving 批判

14. According to the passage, the classical model of decision analysis includes all of the following EXCEPT---分析写作方法

- (A) evaluation of a problem 评估问题-正负方向-主观态度
- (B) creation of possible solutions to a problem-解决问题

- (C) establishment of clear goals to be reached by the decision -建立目标
- (D) action undertaken in order to discover more information about a problem 采取具体行动分析具体信息
- (E) comparison of the probable effects of different solutions to a problem-比较对比
15. Which of the following best describes the organization of the [first paragraph](#) of the passage?
- (A) An assertion is made and a specific supporting example is given. 观点-例子
- (B) A conventional model is dismissed and an alternative introduced. 传统观点-新观点
- (C) The results of recent research are introduced and summarized. 研究成果(客观)—总结(客观)
- (D) Two opposing points of view are presented and evaluated. 提供对立观点(客观)-评估(主观)
- (E) A widely accepted definition is presented and qualified. 老的定义-qualify -限定-指出老观点不完美-

备注：如果5个选项中有两个选项，一个 qualify, 一个 question/refute, 后面的宾语类似的时候，优先选 qualify, qualify 程度更弱

16. The main topic of the passage is

- (A) the early development of embryos of lower marine organisms-事实
- (B) the main contribution of modern embryology to molecular biology-
- (C) the role of molecular biology in disproving older theories of embryonic development
- (D) cell determination as an issue in the study of embryonic development
- (E) scientific dogma as a factor in the recent debate over the value of molecular biology

17. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) support an alternative to an accepted methodology-替代方案
- (B) present evidence that resolves a contradiction 解决问题
- (C) introduce a recently discovered source of information 引入新信息
- (D) challenge a widely accepted explanation 驳论
- (E) argue that a discarded theory deserves new attention 否定的观点值得新的注意

18. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) review the literature in a new academic sub-field 研究文献
- (B) present the central thesis of a recent book 客观性呈现一本书的中心观点
- (C) contrast two approaches to analyzing historical change 对比方法
- (D) refute a traditional explanation of a social phenomenon 否定老观点
- (E) encourage further work on a neglected historical topic-对一个已经抛弃的历史话题要求

更进一步的研究

19. The main concern of the passage is to
- (A) **advocate particular strategies** for future efforts to organize certain workers into labor unions
 - (B) **explain differences** in the unionized proportions of various groups of public-sector workers
 - (C) **evaluate** the effectiveness of certain kinds of labor unions that represent public-sector workers
 - (D) **analyzed and explain an increase** in unionization among a certain category of workers
 - (E) **describe and distinguish strategies** appropriate to organizing different categories of workers
20. In the passage, the author is primarily interested in
- (A) suggesting an alternative to an outdated research method
 - (B) introducing a new research method that calls an accepted theory into question
 - (C) emphasizing the instability of data gathered from the application of a new scientific method
 - (D) presenting a theory and describing a new method to test that theory
 - (E) initiating a debate about a widely accepted theory
21. The purpose of the last paragraph of the passage is to
- (A) offer a note of caution 提出警告
 - (B) introduce new evidence 引入新事实-客观
 - (C) present two recent discoveries 事实
 - (D) **summarize** material in the preceding paragraphs
 - (E) offer two **explanations** for a phenomenon
22. Which of the following best describes the organization of the [second paragraph](#)?
- (A) An argument is delineated, followed by a counter-argument. 观点+ 对立观点
 - (B) An assertion is made and several examples are provided to illustrate it. 观点+论证
 - (C) A situation is described and its historical background is then outlined. 事实+历史背景
 - (D) An example of a phenomenon is given and is then used as a basis for general conclusions. 事实+ 总结观点
 - (E) A group of parallel incidents is described and the distinctions among the incidents are then clarified. 类似的东西+差异
23. Which of the following best summarizes the author's evaluation of Bailyn's fourth proposition?
- (A) It is totally implausible. 完全负评价
 - (B) It is partially correct. 完全正评价
 - (C) It is highly admirable. 高度正评价
 - (D) It is controversial though persuasive. 有争议尽管令人信服
 - (E) It is intriguing though unsubstantiated. 吸引人尽管没有被论证
24. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with
- (A) **comparing** several current interpretations of early American history

- (B) suggesting that new social research on migration should lead to revisions in current interpretations of early American history
 - (C) providing the theoretical framework that is used by most historians in understanding early American history 提出立论架构
 - (D) refuting an argument about early American history that has been proposed by social historians
 - (E) discussing a reinterpretation of early American history that is based on new social research on migration interpretation== understanding
25. The passage is chiefly concerned with
- (A) arguing against the increased internationalization of United States corporations
 - (B) warning that the application of laws affecting trade frequently has unintended consequences
 - (C) demonstrating that foreign-based firms receive more subsidies from their governments than United States firms receive from the United States government
 - (D) advocating the use of trade restrictions for “dumped” products but not for other imports
 - (E) recommending a uniform method for handling claims of unfair trade practices
26. The last paragraph performs which of the following functions in the passage?
- (A) It summarizes the discussion thus far and suggests additional areas of research.
 - (B) It presents a recommendation based on the evidence presented earlier.
 - (C) It discusses an exceptional case in which the results expected by the author of the passage were not obtained. 例外，反例
 - (D) It introduces an additional area of concern not mentioned earlier. 指出一个问题 (concern-语气很弱)
 - (E) It cites a specific case that illustrates a problem presented more generally in the previous paragraph. 指出 problem-语气稍强

需要对比 concern 和 problem 的语气

27. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?
- (A) The historical backgrounds of two currently used research methods are chronicled.
 - (B) The validity of the data collected by using two different research methods is compared.
 - (C) The usefulness of a research method is questioned and then a new method is proposed.
 - (D) The use of a research method is described and the limitations of the results obtained are discussed.
 - (E) A research method is evaluated and the changes necessary for its adaptation to other subject areas are discussed.
28. The primary purpose of the passage as a whole is to
- (A) question an explanation
 - (B) correct a misconception
 - (C) critique a methodology
Critique == evaluation
 - (D) discredit an idea
A,C,D 含义等价
 - (E) clarify an ambiguity 澄清

29. Which of the following best summarizes the content of the passage?
- (A) A critique of a particular women's studies program 主观
 - (B) A report of work in social theory done by a particular women's studies program 客观
 - (C) An assessment of the strengths and weaknesses of a particular women's studies program
 - (D) An analysis of the philosophy underlying women's studies programs
 - (E) An abbreviated history of Korean women's studies programs
30. It can be inferred from the passage that the broadcast media in Korea considered the establishment of the Ewha women's studies program
- (A) praiseworthy 值得赞扬
 - (B) insignificant 不重要
 - (C) newsworthy 有新闻价值
 - (D) imitative 抄袭模仿
 - (E) incomprehensible 难懂
31. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with
- (A) summarizing a thesis
 - (B) recommending a different approach
 - (C) comparing points of view
 - (D) making a series of predictions 预测, 通常有各种将来时呼应
 - (E) describing a number of paradoxes 悖论, 异常情况, 事实
32. The primary function of the first paragraph of the passage is to
- (A) outline in brief the author's argument
 - (B) anticipate challenges to the prescriptions that follow 预期问题
 - (C) clarify some disputed definitions of economic terms
 - (D) summarize a number of long-accepted explanations
 - (E) present a historical context for the author's observations
33. The author refers to Abernathy's study (line 36) most probably in order to
- (A) qualify an observation about one rule governing manufacturing
 - (B) address possible objections to a recommendation about improving manufacturing competitiveness
 - (C) support an earlier assertion about one method of increasing productivity
 - (D) suggest the centrality in the United States economy of a particular manufacturing industry
 - (E) given an example of research that has questioned the wisdom of revising a manufacturing strategy
34. The author's attitude toward the culture in most factories is best described as
- (A) cautious 警觉
 - (B) critical 批判
 - (C) disinterested 客观

(D) respectful 尊重

(E) adulatory 奉承，过渡表扬

35. In the passage, the author includes all of the following EXCEPT

(A) personal observation 观察

(B) a business principle 原则

(C) a definition of productivity 定义

(D) an example of a successful company 举例

(E) an illustration of a process technology 说明过程

36. The author suggests that implementing conventional cost-cutting as a way of increasing manufacturing competitiveness is a strategy that is

(A) flawed and ruinous 有缺陷，问题很大

(B) shortsighted and difficult to sustain 短视，难以维系

(C) popular and easily accomplished 流行

(D) useful but inadequate 不充分

(E) misunderstood but promising 误解但是有前途

37. The primary purpose of the passage is to

(A) **provide a framework** within which the history of women in nineteenth-century America can be organized

(B) **discuss divergent interpretations** of women's experience on the western frontier

(C) **introduce a new hypothesis** about women's experience in nineteenth-century America

(D) **advocate an empirical approach** to women's experience on the western frontier

Empirical == experimental 实验性质的

(E) **resolve ambiguities in several theories** about women's experience on the western frontier

38. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?

(A) **A current interpretation** of a phenomenon is described and then **ways** in which it was developed are discussed.

(B) **Three theories** are presented and then **a new hypothesis** that discounts those theories is described.

(C) **An important theory and its effects** are discussed and then ways in which it has been revised are described.

(D) **A controversial theory** is discussed and then **viewpoints** both for and against it are described.

(E) **A phenomenon** is described and **then theories** concerning its correctness are discussed.

39. Which of the following best summarizes the main point of the passage?

(A) Recent field studies have indicated that descriptions of the physiological behavior of the Weddell seal during laboratory dives are not applicable to its most typical dives in the wild.

(B) The Weddell seal has developed a number of unique mechanisms that enable it to remain submerged at depths of up to 500 meters for up to 70 minutes.

- (C) The results of recent field studies have made it necessary for biologists to revise previous perceptions of how the Weddell seal behaves physiologically during its longest dives in the wild.
- (D) Biologists speculate that laboratory studies of the physiological behavior of seals during dives lasting more than twenty minutes would be more accurate if the seals were not forcibly submerged.
- (E) How the Weddell seal responds to oxygen deprivation during its longest dives appears to depend on whether the seal is searching for prey or avoiding predators during such dives.

40. The passage is primarily concerned with

- (A) recommending a new course of investigation

Recommend 推荐一个新研究过程

Recommend 正倾向

- (B) summarizing and assessing a study
- (C) making distinctions among categories
- (D) criticizing the current state of a field
- (E) comparing and contrasting two methods for calculating data

41. The author views Keyssar's study with

- (A) impatient disapproval 否定
- (B) wary concern 警惕
- (C) polite skepticism 质疑
- (D) scrupulous neutrality 审慎的重力
- (E) qualified admiration 有节制的赞同

Qualified == limited adj

42. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?

- (A) A problem is described, and then reasons why various proposed solutions succeeded or failed are discussed. 现象解释
- (B) A problem is described, and then an advantage of resolving it is offered.

提出问题，然后给出解决问题的有点

- (C) A problem is described, and then reasons for its continuing existence are summarized.
- (D) The historical origins of a problem are described, and then various measures that have successfully resolved it are discussed.
- (E) The causes of a problem are described, and then its effects are discussed.

43. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) refute a common misconception
- (B) provide support for a hypothesis
- (C) analyze an argument
- (D) suggest a solution to a dilemma
- (E) reconcile opposing viewpoints

调和对立观点

44. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) illustrate a hypothesis about the origin of galaxies 现象解释
 - (B) provide evidence to dispute an accepted theory about the evolution of galaxies 反对老观点，驳论
 - (C) summarize the state of and prospects for research in intergalactic astronomy
 - (D) report new data on the origins of intergalactic gas 报告新信息
 - (E) reconcile opposing views on the formation of intergalactic gas
45. The author of the passage probably mentions Canizares' determination in order to
- (A) clarify an ambiguity in Fabian's research findings
 - (B) illustrate a generalization about the temperature of gas in a galaxy cluster

Generalization-抽象概括

- (C) introduce a new argument in support of the orthodox view of galaxies
 - (D) provide support for Fabian's assertions about the Perseus galaxies
 - (E) provide an alternate point of view concerning the movement of gas within a galaxy cluster
46. The primary purpose of the passage is to
- (A) defend a controversial hypothesis presented in a history of early Japanese immigrants to California
 - (B) dismiss a history of an early Japanese settlement in California as narrow and ill constructed
 - (C) summarize and critique a history of an early Japanese settlement in California
 - (D) compare a history of one Japanese American community with studies of Japanese settlements throughout California
 - (E) examine the differences between Japanese and Chinese immigrants to central California in the 1890's
47. The author mentions "trousers" ([lines 9 and 11](#)) most likely in order to
- (A) make a comparison between the program target and the program audience
 - (B) emphasize the similarities between the market segment and the program target
 - (C) provide an example of the way three groups of consumers are affected by a marketing program
 - (D) clarify the distinction between the market segment and the program target
 - (E) introduce the concept of the program audience
48. The primary purpose of the passage as a whole is to
- (A) describe an initiative and propose its continuance
 - (B) chronicle a development and illustrate its inconsistencies

Chronicle 时间流变文章

- (C) identify a trend and suggest its importance
 - (D) summarize a process and question its significance
 - (E) report a phenomenon and outline its probable future
49. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?
- (A) An argument is put forth and evidence for and against it given. 驳论
 - (B) An assertion is made and opposing evidence presented. 驳论
 - (C) Two hypotheses are described and shown to inconsistent with one another. 两个观点；两个

观点互相对立

- (D) A phenomenon is identified and illustrations of this phenomenon offered. 现象+论证现象
- (E) A specific case of a phenomenon is discussed and a generalization is drawn. 现象+推论
50. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with
- (A) reexamining a political position and defending its validity 研究一个正直立场+论证
- (B) examining a management decision and defending its necessity 解决问题的方案+论证
- (C) analyzing a scholarly study and pointing out a central weakness 分析一个研究+缺陷
- (D) explaining a trend in automation and warning about its dangers 趋势+问题
- (E) chronicling the history of an industry and criticizing its development 时间流变+批判
51. Which of the following best characterizes the function of the second paragraph of the passage?
- (A) It develops a topic introduced in the first paragraph. 对第一段进行延伸
- (B) It provides evidence to refute a claim presented in the first paragraph. 批判
- (C) It gives examples of a phenomenon mentioned in the first paragraph. 用例子论证第一段的现象
- (D) It presents a generalization about examples given in the first paragraph. 对第一段的进行抽象概括
- (E) It suggests two possible solutions to a problem presented in the first paragraph. 解决方案
52. Which of the following best characterizes Forces of Production as it is described in the passage?
- (A) A comparison of two interpretations of how a particular industry evolved 比较
- (B) An examination of the origin of a particular concept in industrial economics 研究起源
- (C) A study that points out the weakness of a particular interpretation of an industrial phenomenon 对一个现象的解读 (观点) 进行批判
- (D) A history of a particular industry from an ideological point of view 历史
- (E) An attempt to relate an industrial phenomenon in one industry to a similar phenomenon in another industry 让两个现象进行联系
53. The passage is primarily concerned with
- (A) analyzing ways that enzymes and other chemicals influence how the body feels pain 分析具体方法
- (B) describing the presence of endorphins in the brain and discussing ways the body blocks pain within the brain itself
- (C) describing how pain signals are conveyed in the body and discussing ways in which the pain signals can be blocked
- (D) demonstrating that pain can be influenced by acupuncture and electrical stimulation of the

central brain stem

(E) differentiating the kinds of pain that occur at different points in the body's nervous system

54. The primary purpose of the passage is to

(A) present the major steps of a process – 过程：第一步；第二步；第三步

(B) clarify an ambiguity 澄清不明确的东西

(C) chronicle a dispute 对一个争议按照时间记录-时间流变

(D) correct misconceptions 驳论

(E) defend an accepted approach 提出一个已然接受的方法+论证

55. Which of the following best describes the organization of the first paragraph?

(A) A thesis is presented and supporting examples are provided. 观点+论证

(B) Opposing views are presented, classified, and then reconciled. 对立观点+调和观点

(C) A fact is stated, and an explanation is advanced and then refuted. 现象+解释+批判解释

(D) A theory is proposed, considered, and then amended. 观点+修正观点

(E) An opinion is presented, qualified, and then reaffirmed. 提出观点+指出观点有缺陷+重新证明观点

Qualify 这个词再次注意一下

56. The attitude of the author of the passage toward the work of C. Vann Woodward is best described as one of

(A) respectful regard 敬重

(B) qualified approbation 有节制的表扬 approbation== approval == praise

(C) implied skepticism 含蓄的质疑

(D) pointed criticism 尖锐的批判

(E) fervent advocacy 狂热的赞同

57. The passage as a whole can best be characterized as which of the following?

(A) An **evaluation** of a scholarly study 评估一个学术研究-主观

(B) A **description** of an attitudinal change 描述态度的转变

(C) A discussion of an analytical defect 探讨缺陷

(D) An analysis of the causes of a phenomenon 现象+解释+分析

(E) An argument in favor of revising a view 论证观点

58. The passage is primarily concerned with

(A) detailing the evidence that has led most biologists to replace the trichotomous picture of living organisms with a dichotomous one 论证

(B) outlining the factors that have contributed to the current hypothesis concerning the number

of basic categories of living organisms 解释

(C) evaluating experiments that have resulted in proof that the prokaryotes are more ancient than had been expected 评估实验

(D) summarizing the differences in structure and function found among true bacteria, archaeobacteria, and eukaryotes 总结差异

(E) formulating a hypothesis about the mechanisms of evolution that resulted in the ancestors of the prokaryotes 提出观点

59. The author's attitude toward the view that living things are divided into three categories is best described as one of

(A) tentative acceptance 犹豫不决的接受

(B) mild skepticism 温和的质疑

(C) limited denial 有节制的批判

(D) studious criticism 周密的批判

(E) whole hearted endorsement 完全赞同

60. The passage is primarily concerned with which of the following?

(A) Evaluating two competing technologies 评估技术

(B) Tracing the **impact** of a new technology by narrating a sequence of events 影响

(C) **Reinterpreting** an event from contemporary business history 解读-主观

(D) Illustrating a business strategy by means of a case history- 指出商业策略-问题解决

(E) Proposing an innovative approach to business planning 问题解决

61. Which of the following best describes the relation of the first paragraph to the passage as a whole?

(A) It makes a general observation to be exemplified. 研究现象

(B) It outlines a process to be analyzed. 论述过程

(C) It poses a question to be answered. 提出问题

(D) It advances an argument to be disputed. 提出观点

(E) It introduces conflicting arguments to be reconciled. 提出对立观点-对立观点之后会被调和

62. The author is primarily concerned with

(A) advocating a return to an older methodology 要求使用老方法

(B) explaining the importance of a recent theory 研究重要性

(C) enumerating differences between two widely used methods 指出方法的差异

(D) describing events leading to a discovery 描述事实

(E) challenging the assumptions on which a theory is based 驳论

63. The quotation in [line 39](#) is most probably used to

(A) counter a position that the author of the passage believes is incorrect 驳论

(B) state a solution to a problem described in the previous sentence 问题解决

(C) show how opponents of the viewpoint of the author of the passage have supported their arguments 指出作者观点的批判者如何论证他们的观点

(D) point out a paradox contained in a controversial viewpoint 指出悖论

(E) present a historical maxim to challenge the principle introduced in the third paragraph 驳论

64. The primary function of the passage as a whole is to

(A) account for the popularity of a practice

(B) evaluate the utility of a practice 评估

(C) demonstrate how to institute a practice 论证

(D) weigh the ethics of using a strategy 权衡策略-问题解决

(E) explain the reasons for pursuing a strategy 研究原因

65. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?

(A) A paradox is stated, discussed and left unresolved. 驳论 (异常现象) + 解释都不合理

(B) Two opposing explanations are presented, argued, and reconciled. 对立解释-调和

(C) A theory is proposed and is then followed by descriptions of three experiments that support the theory. 观点+论证

(D) A generalization is stated and is then followed by three instances that support the generalization. 观点+论证

(E) An argument is described and is then followed by three counterexamples that refute the argument. 观点+批判

66. The primary purpose of the passage is to

(A) present the results of statistical analyses and propose further studies. 研究结果+需要后续研究

(B) explain a recent development and predict its eventual consequences. 解释+ predict

(C) identify the reasons for a trend and recommend measures to address it. 指出原因

(D) outline several theories about a phenomenon and advocate one of them. 现象解释-作者认可其中一个解释

(E) describe the potential consequences of implementing a new policy and argue in favor of that policy. 指出策略的结果+论证策略-策略达到了预期

67. The primary purpose of the passage is to

(A) argue against those scientists who maintain that animal populations tend to fluctuate 驳论

- (B) compare and contrast the density-dependent and epideictic theories of population control 驳论
- (C) provide example of some of the ways in which animals exercise reproductive restraint to control their own numbers 论证方法
- (D) suggests that theories of population control that concentrate on the social behavior of animals are more open to debate than are theories that do not 比较
- (E) summarize a number of scientific theories that attempt to explain why animal populations do not exceed certain limits 总结
68. The challenge posed to the Wynne-Edwards-theory by several studies is regarded by the author with
- (A) complete indifference 完全的冷漠
- (B) qualified acceptance 有节制的接受
- (C) skeptical amusement 质疑的搞笑
- (D) perplexed astonishment 震惊
- (E) agitated dismay 震惊
69. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with doing which of the following?
- (A) Recommending a methodology 问题解决
- (B) Describing a course of study 描述研究过程
- (C) Discussing a problem 探讨问题
- (D) Evaluating a past course of action 评估行动过程
- (E) Responding to a criticism 回应一个批判
70. The primary purpose of the passage is to
- (A) explain the need for the introduction of an innovative strategy 解释必要性
- (B) discuss a study of the use of a particular method 探讨具体的研究
- (C) recommend a course of action 问题解决+对解决方案正评价
- (D) resolved a difference of opinion 解决问题的差异
- (E) suggest an alternative approach 指出替代方案
71. Which of the following would most logically be the topic of the paragraph immediately following the passage?
- (A) Specific ways to evaluate the biases of United States history textbooks 问题解决
- (B) The centrality of the teacher's role in United States history courses
- (C) Nontraditional methods of teaching United States history
- (D) The contributions of European immigrants to the development of the United States
- (E) Ways in which parents influence children's political attitudes
72. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) describe in detail one research study regarding the impact of history textbooks on children's attitudes and beliefs about certain cultures
 - (B) describe revisions that should be made to United States history textbooks
 - (C) discuss the difficulty of presenting an accurate history of the United States
 - (D) argue that textbooks used in schools stereotype Native Americans and influence children's attitudes
 - (E) summarize ways in which some textbooks give distorted pictures of the political systems developed by various Native American groups
73. The author's attitude toward the content of the history textbooks discussed in the passage is best described as one of

- (A) indifference
- (B) hesitance 犹豫
- (C) neutrality 中立
- (D) amusement 搞笑
- (E) disapproval

74. One function of the third paragraph of the passage is to

- (A) state a conclusion about facts presented in an earlier paragraph 结论
- (B) introduce information that is contradicted by information in the fourth paragraph 引出一些具体事实，第四段会提出相反的事实
- (C) qualify the extent to which two previously mentioned groups might be similar 限制 具体程度
- (D) show the chain of reasoning that led to the conclusions of a specific study 指出推理的过程
- (E) demonstrate that of three explanatory factors offered, two may be of equal significance 提出 3 个解释，其中两个重要性一致

75. The passage is primarily concerned with

- (A) describing the effects of human activities on algae in coral reefs
- (B) explaining how human activities are posing a threat to coral reef communities
- (C) discussing the process by which coral reefs deteriorate in nutrient-poor waters
- (D) explaining how coral reefs produce food for themselves
- (E) describing the abundance of algae and filter-feeding animals in coral reef areas

76.. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) contrast possible outcomes of a type of business investment 对比
- (B) suggest more careful evaluation of a type of business investment 评估
- (C) illustrate various ways in which a type of business investment could fail to enhance revenues
- (D) trace the general problems of a company to a certain type of business investment 问题解决，解决方案有问题

(E) criticize the way in which managers tend to analyze the costs and benefits of business investments 问题解决+批判方案

77. The author is primarily concerned with

- (A) proving that immunological reactions do not involve antibodies
- (B) establishing that most immunological reactions involve antigens
- (C) criticizing scientists who will not change their theories regarding immunology
- (D) analyzing the importance of cells in fighting disease
- (E) explaining two different kinds of immunological reactions

78. The author most probably believes that the antigen-antibody theory of immunological reaction.

- (A) is wrong
- (B) was accepted without evidence 接受-但是没有证据
- (C) is unverifiable 无法正式
- (D) is a partial explanation 不中立的解释
- (E) has been a divisive issue among scientists 有争议

79. The author's attitude toward the educational system she discusses can best be described as

- (A) cynical and unpatriotic 愤世嫉俗+不爱国
- (B) realistic and analytical 现实+批判
- (C) pragmatic and frustrated 实用+失望
- (D) disenchanted and bitter 冷漠+刻薄
- (E) idealistic and naïve 现实+幼稚

78. The author's primary purpose is to

- (A) speculate about the relationship between a patient's ability to pay and the treatment received 推断
- (B) criticize doctors for exercising too much control over patients
- (C) analyze some important economic factors in health care 研究几个因素
- (D) urge hospitals to reclaim their decision-making authority
- (E) inform potential patients of their health-care rights

79. The author is most probably leading up to

- (A) a proposal to control medical costs 问题解决 (解决方案)
- (B) a discussion of a new medical treatment 探讨
- (C) an analysis of the causes of inflation in the United States
- (D) a study of lawsuits against doctors for malpractice
- (E) a comparison of hospitals and factories

80. The tone of the passage can best be described as

- (A) whimsical 古怪的

(B) cautious 小心的

(C) analytical 分析

(D) inquisitive 好奇的

(E) defiant 违抗的

81. The author's primary concern is to

(A) define a term 下定义—注意写作方式：XXX 是 XX 样的 YYY。

(B) clarify a misunderstanding 澄清误解

(C) refute a theory 批判

(D) discuss a problem 客观探讨

(E) announce a new discovery 指出具体发现

82. The author employs which of the following to develop the first paragraph?

(A) Analogy 类比；

(B) Deduction 推断 $a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c$

(C) Generalization 抽象概括

(D) Example 例子

(E) Refutation 批判

83. The author is primarily concerned with

(A) speculating about the origins of our solar system

(B) presenting evidence proving the existence of supernovas 论证

(C) discussing the nuclear reaction that occurs in the core of a star

(D) describing the sequence of scientific events

(E) disproving a theory about the causes of supernovas

84. The author is mainly concerned with

(A) explaining the influence of Confucianism on modern Japan 影响 123

(B) analyzing the reasons for Japan's postwar economic success 原因 123

(C) discussing some important determinants of Japanese values 原因 123

(D) describing managerial practices in Japanese industry 方法 123

(E) contrasting modern with prewar Japanese society 对比

85. In developing the passage, the author does which of the following?

(A) Introduce an analogy

(B) Define a term

(C) Present statistics 统计数据

(D) Cite an authority 束诸权威

(E) Issue a challenge 引出一个批判

86. Which of the following is the most accurate description of the organization of the passage?

(A) A sequence of inferences in which the conclusion of each successive step becomes a premise in the next argument 连环因果

(B) A list of generalizations, most of which are supported by only a single example 一系列观点-绝大多数观点只有一个例证

(C) A chronological analysis of historical events leading up to a description of the current situation 时间流变

(D) A statement of a commonly accepted theory that is then subjected to a critical analysis 老观点+批判

(E) An introduction of a key term that is then defined by giving examples 提出一个术语+通过举例的方式下定义

87. The tone of the passage can best be described as

(A) neutral and objective 中立+客观

(B) disparaging and flippant 贬低+轻率无理

(C) critical and demanding 批判

(D) enthusiastic and supportive 支持

(E) skeptical and questioning 质疑

88. The author's primary concern is to

(A) describe the financial structure of the healthcare industry 描述结构

(B) demonstrate the importance of government support for health-care institutions 指出必要性重要性

(C) criticize wealthy institutions for refusing to provide services to the poor 批判

(D) identify the historical causes of the division between private and public hospitals 现象解释

(E) praise public hospitals for their willingness to provide health care for the poor 论证

89. The author's attitude toward public hospitals can best be described as

(A) contemptuous and prejudiced 轻蔑+傲慢

(B) apprehensive and distrustful 担心+不信任

(C) concerned and understanding 担忧+理解

(D) enthusiastic and supportive 支持

(E) unsympathetic and annoyed 不系统+恼怒

90. Which of the following best describes the tone of the selection?

(A) Analytical and confident 分析性+有信心

(B) Resentful and defensive 反感+论证

(C) Objective and speculative 客观+推断 (speculative 这种推断通常证据不是很充分)

(D) Tentative and skeptical 犹豫+质疑

(E) Persuasive and cynical 有束缚力+愤世嫉俗

91. The author is primarily concerned with

(A) discussing the influence of personalities on political events

(B) describing the administration of a powerful leader

(C) criticizing a piece of legislation

(D) analyzing a political development

(E) suggesting methods for controlling the military

92. The author is primarily concerned with

(A) showing that behavior is a more effective way of controlling bodily temperature than innate mechanisms

(B) criticizing researchers who will not discard their theories about the effects of microwave radiation on organisms

(C) demonstrating that effects of microwave radiation are different from those of other forms of radiation

(D) analyzing the mechanism by which an organism maintains its bodily temperature in a changing thermal environment

(E) discussing the importance of thermoreceptors in the control of the internal temperature of an organism

93. The author's strategy in lines 39-42 is to

(A) introduce a hypothetical example to dramatize a point 用假设的例子论证一个观点

(B) propose an experiment to test a scientific hypothesis 用一个实验论证一个观点

(C) cite a case study to illustrate a general contention 用事实论证观点

(D) produce a counterexample to disprove an opponent's theory 用反例批判对立观点

(E) speculate about the probable consequences of a scientific phenomenon 推断科学现象的可能结果，并且这里结果可能多个

94. The tone of the passage can best be described as

(A) genial and conversational 友好的+对话性的

(B) alarmed and disparaging 警告+轻蔑

(C) facetious and cynical 轻浮+愤世嫉俗

(D) scholarly and noncommittal 学术的+含糊的

(E) scholarly and concerned 学术的+担忧的

95. The author is primarily concerned with

(A) pointing out weaknesses in a popular scientific theory 指出观点的缺陷

- (B) developing a hypothesis to explain a scientific phenomenon 解释现象
- (C) reporting on new research on the effects of microwave radiation 报告影响-客观
- (D) criticizing the research methods of earlier investigators 批判研究方法
- (E) clarifying ambiguities in the terminology used to describe a phenomenon 澄清不明确的东西

96. The tone of the passage can best be described as

- (A) light-hearted and amused 轻快+搞笑
- (B) objective but concerned 客观+担忧
- (C) detached and unconcerned 客观+不担忧
- (D) cautious but sincere 警觉但是真诚
- (E) enthusiastic and enlightened 高兴+有启迪意义

97. The author cites the prepaid plans in lines 46-48 as

- (A) counterexamples to the claim that nothing has worked 反例
- (B) examples of health-care plans that were over-funded 例子
- (C) evidence that health-care services are fragmented 例子
- (D) proof of the theory that no plan has been successful 证明
- (E) experiments that yielded disappointing results

98. Which of the following best describes the logical structure of the selection?

- (A) The third paragraph is intended as a refutation of the first and second paragraphs. 否定前两段
- (B) The second and third paragraphs explain and put into perspective the points made in the first paragraph. 第二三段解释第一段；并且把第一段的观点提出评估
- (C) The second and third paragraphs explain and put into perspective the points made in the first paragraph.
- (D) The first paragraph describes a problem, and the second and third paragraphs present two horns of a dilemma. 问题+ 两难境地
- (E) The first paragraph describes a problem, the second its causes, and the third a possible solution. 问题+ 原因+解决方案

99. With which of the following descriptions of the system for the delivery of health-care services would the author most likely agree?

- (A) It is biased in favor of doctors and against patients. 有倾向性
- (B) It is highly fragmented and completely ineffective
- (C) It has not embraced new technology rapidly enough
- (D) It is generally effective but can be improved
- (E) It discourages people from seeking medical care

100. The author's primary concern is to

- (A) criticize physicians and health-care administrators for investing in technologically advanced equipment
- (B) examine some problems affecting delivery of health-care services and assess their severity
- (C) defend the medical community from charges that health-care has not improved since World War II
- (D) analyze the reasons for the health-care industry's inability to provide quality care to all segments of the population
- (E) describe the peculiar economic features of the health-care industry that are the causes of spiraling medical costs

101. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) refute the contention that no Victorian woman writer produced a novel like *War and Peace*
- (B) trace the historical relationship between radical feminist politics and the Victorian novels written by women
- (C) show how three Victorian women writers responded to criticism of their novels
- (D) resolve the apparent contradiction between Victorian women writers' literary innovativeness and their rather conservative social views
- (E) describe the discrepancy between Victorian society's expectations of women writers and the expectations of the women writers themselves

102. The passage suggests that Victorian criticism of works by women writers was

- (A) indulgent
- (B) perfunctory
- (C) resourceful
- (D) timely
- (E) apolitical

103. The passage suggests that the attitude of Victorian women writers toward being grouped together by critics was most probably one of

- (A) relief
- (B) indifference
- (C) amusement
- (D) annoyance
- (E) ambivalence

104. In the passage, the author is primarily concerned with

- (A) contrasting the systems of slavery that were established in Brazil and in the United States
- (B) criticizing the arguments of those scholars who considered religion and law to be the determinants of the systems of slavery in Brazil and in the United States
- (C) describing the factors currently thought to be responsible for the differences in the racial patterns that evolved in Brazil and in the United States
- (D) advocating further study of the differences between the racial systems that developed in Brazil and in the United States
- (E) pointing out the factors that made the status of Blacks in the United States lower than that of Blacks in Brazil

105. The author is primarily concerned with

- (A) criticizing a social attitude
- (B) suggesting an approach to solving a problem

- (C) explaining the mechanics of a process
- (D) defending the theories of ecological scientists
- (E) establishing criteria for an experiment

106. According to the passage, a statistical description of the climate regime of an arid or semiarid region would probably be

- (A) misleading
- (B) impossible
- (C) complex
- (D) meaningless
- (E) abstract

107. The tone of the passage can best be described as

- (A) flippant
- (B) objective
- (C) aggressive
- (D) apologetic
- (E) unconcerned

108. Which of the following best describes the organization of the first paragraph?

- (A) A suggestion is made and arguments in its favor are provided.
- (B) A criticism is levied and an alternative proposal is suggested.
- (C) A generalization is advanced and supporting evidence is provided.
- (D) An example is analyzed and general conclusions are derived from it.
- (E) A position is stated and evidence qualifying it is provided.

109. The primary purpose of the passage is to discuss the

- (A) means of assessing the extent of the world food shortage
- (B) difficulties of applying technological solutions to the problem of food shortages
- (C) costs of introducing a new food technology into a developing country
- (D) Anglo-American bias of those trying to alleviate world food problems
- (E) nature of the new technological innovations in the area of food production

110. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) discuss the economic basis of the medieval practice of exchanging prisoners for ransom
- (B) examine the history of the treatment of prisoners of war
- (C) emphasize the importance of a warrior's "word of honor" during the Middle Ages
- (D) explore three ways of reducing the costs of ransom
- (E) demonstrate why warriors of the Middle Ages looked forward to battles

111. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?

- (A) An assertion is made, briefly explained, and then several examples that refute the assertion are given.
- (B) A hypothesis is offered, carefully qualified, and then supporting data is analyzed.
- (C) A generally accepted historical viewpoint is presented in order to introduce discussion of its strengths and limitations.
- (D) A historical analysis is made of a phenomenon and supporting details are offered.
- (E) A historical dispute is introduced, and the case for one side is examined in detail.

112. The passage is primarily concerned with

- (A) demonstrating why the methods of early seismologists were flawed
- (B) arguing that deep events are poorly understood and deserve further study
- (C) defending a revolutionary theory about the causes of earthquakes and methods of predicting them
- (D) discussing evidence for the existence of deep events and the conditions that allow them to occur
- (E) comparing the effects of shallow events with those of deep events

113. In the passage, the author is primarily concerned with doing which of the following?

- (A) Comparing two different approaches to a problem
- (B) Describing a problem and proposing a solution
- (C) Defending an established method
- (D) Presenting data and drawing conclusions from the data
- (E) Comparing two different analyses of a current situation

114. The tone of the passage suggests that the author regards the Stones' methodological approach as

- (A) problematic
- (B) difficult
- (C) controversial
- (D) rigorous
- (E) clever

115. Which of the following best states the main idea of the passage?

- (A) Assumptions about the nature of England's ruling elite can no longer be used with certitude to explain many major economic developments.
- (B) The concept of the open elite is of paramount importance in explaining major English political, social, and economic events.
- (C) The long-standing belief that England possessed a remarkably open ruling elite has recently been subjected to important and potentially lethal criticism.
- (D) Although many possibilities are available, the most reliable means of testing the truth of the 'open elite' hypothesis is to analyze changes in the composition of the elite.
- (E) An analysis of English country-house ownership in England indicates that there were few opportunities for merchants to buy the estates of old members of the landed elite.

116. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) resolve a debate between two schools of thought.
- (B) Present research that questions an established view.
- (C) Describe and criticize a new approach.
- (D) Defend a traditional interpretation against recent criticisms.
- (E) Analyze possible approaches to resolving a long-standing controversy.

117. The author's primary purpose in the passage is to

- (A) criticize inconsistent experiments
- (B) suggest a new direction for research
- (C) describe an intriguing geophysical phenomenon
- (D) present evidence supporting a theory
- (E) evaluate data relating to lunar geology

118. The author is primarily concerned with

- (A) refuting a proposed thesis about eighteenth-century America
- (B) analyzing a long-established interpretation of American history
- (C) criticizing a set of deeply held beliefs about early American ideology
- (D) reconciling opposing interpretations of eighteenth-century American ideology
- (E) defending a novel reading of the ideology of eighteenth-century America

119. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with

- (A) comparing Abramowicz' work to the work of earlier astrophysicists
- (B) providing information about accretion disks and discussing significant new work
- (C) defining the conditions under which accretion disks can be observed
- (D) exploring the question of whether a black hole can ever be the central object of an accretion disk
- (E) describing the phenomenon of accretion disks and reviewing several conflicting theories of their origins

120. The author's attitude toward Abramowicz' work can best be described as one of

- (A) uncertain approval
- (B) unqualified respect
- (C) mild interest
- (D) careful dismissal
- (E) hostile skepticism

121. The passage suggests that, compared to the study of ordinary stars, the study of accretion disks is

- (A) derivative
- (B) more sophisticated
- (C) less clearly focused
- (D) at an earlier stage of development
- (E) more dependent on technological advances

122. The tone of lines 12-16 suggests that the author believes that most Americans' knowledge of American Indian culture can best be characterized as

- (A) spotty and contradictory
- (B) stereotyped and limited
- (C) confused and inaccurate
- (D) unsystematic and superficial
- (E) vague and biased

123. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) explain the significance of Hoyt's concept of directional inertia and its effect on patterns of urban growth
- (B) emphasize the inadequacy of past attempts to explain patterns of urban geography
- (C) analyze two varying theories concerning the distribution of residential areas within and around the metropolis
- (D) describe two models of metropolitan geography and suggest their limitations
- (E) show the importance of the central business district as a focus for urban growth

124. Which of the following best describes the organization of the last paragraph of the passage?

- (A) It summarizes the information presented in the first three paragraphs and draws some

conclusions.

- (B) It outlines a new model, applies it to recent phenomena, and argues in favor of its adoption.
- (C) It introduces no evidence in support of an existing model.
- (D) It evaluates two models in the light of recent evidence and advocates the development of a third model.
- (E) It compares one model unfavorably with another and develops the comparison by citing examples.

125. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) advocate an increase in government support of organized industrial research
- (B) point out a common misconception about the relationship between the extent of industrial research and the growth of monopolistic power in industry
- (C) describe the inadequacies of small firms in dealing with the important matter of research and innovation
- (D) show that America's strength depends upon individual ingenuity and resourcefulness
- (E) encourage free-market competition among industrial giants

126. As it is revealed in the passage, the author's attitude toward Shaw can best be described as

- (A) condescending
- (B) completely neutral
- (C) approving
- (D) envious
- (E) adulatory

127. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) compare the learning and reinforcement theory to other theories of alcoholism
- (B) discuss how the behavior of alcoholic persons is explained by learning theory
- (C) argue that alcoholism is a learned behavior
- (D) explain how fear and anxiety stimulate and reinforce drinking in alcoholic persons
- (E) present experimental evidence in support of the learning and reinforcement theory of alcoholism

128. It can be inferred from the passage that the author views the learning and reinforcement theory of alcoholism as

- (A) credible
- (B) unassailable
- (C) outdated
- (D) fallacious
- (E) revolutionary

129. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) define the economic terms used in the discussion of employment
- (B) criticize the decisions of past administrations during recession years
- (C) call for the application of positive economic control policies in the years that lie ahead
- (D) allay current fears about increasing unemployment
- (E) document the rise of American productivity since World War II

130. It can be inferred from the passage that if a policy to increase employment by reducing the growth of productivity at the expense of potential output were adopted, the author most likely would regard it as

- (A) sound but inadequate
- (B) overly aggressive
- (C) frivolous
- (D) insidious
- (E) unobjectionable

131. Which of the following best describes the organization of the fifth paragraph of the passage?

- (A) An assertion is made, data are provided to support it, and the assertion is reiterated in different words.
- (B) Several figures are given and hypothesis is formulated to explain them.
- (C) An example is given to support the conclusion drawn in the preceding paragraph.
- (D) A statement is made, data are provided to illustrate and amplify the statement, and a conclusion is drawn.
- (E) A generalization is made and an example is given to refute it.

132. The author's treatment of the topic of the passage can best be described as

- (A) ironic
- (B) neutral
- (C) logical
- (D) irreverent
- (E) diffident

133. In the passage, the author is primarily concerned with

- (A) challenging a commonly held belief
- (B) contrasting two opposing views
- (C) advocating a course of action
- (D) reconciling an apparent conflict
- (E) proposing a solution to an unrecognized problem

134. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) outline the process by which Darwin formulated and modified his theory of natural selection
- (B) propose a new interpretation of Darwin's theory of evolution
- (C) explain how other scientists of the time helped Darwin modify and perfect his theories
- (D) defend Darwinian theory against the objections raised by Darwin's contemporaries in the scientific community
- (E) discuss some of the scientific controversy that Darwin sparked and describe his response to it

135. The author's attitude toward Jenkin and Kelvin can best be described as

- (A) respectful
- (B) contemptuous
- (C) ambivalent
- (D) denunciatory
- (E) adulatory

136. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) explain why prevention is the best defense against obesity
- (B) criticize the food and advertising industries for encouraging bad eating habits and thus

- contributing to the prevalence of obesity in the United States
- (C) recruit volunteers for a national crusade against obesity
 - (D) discourage dependency on fad diets as a method for losing weight
 - (E) argue that obesity is a genetic disorder that is virtually impossible to cure
137. The author mentions that “cancer is more curable” (line 27) than obesity in order to
- (A) underscore the point that obesity is the leading disease in the United States
 - (B) support the conclusion that it is easier to keep people from becoming obese than it is to cure them once they are
 - (C) discourage obese people from trying to lose weight
 - (D) demonstrate by analogy that more money should be spent on obesity research
 - (E) refute the contention that the causes of obesity are purely physiological
138. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with
- (A) explaining how the Impressionists were influenced by scientific studies of light and color
 - (B) discussing the philosophical implications of the Impressionist style of painting
 - (C) identifying the revolutionary artistic techniques developed by the Impressionist painters
 - (D) analyzing the influence of thinkers like Taine and Mauclair on Impressionist painting
 - (E) defending the importance of the Impressionist painters in the history of modern art
139. The author’s quotation of a statement by Taine (lines 15-16) serves which of the following functions in the passage?
- (A) It furnishes a specific example of an Impressionist painting that features light as its chief subject.
 - (B) It resolves an apparent contradiction in the philosophy of the Impressionists.
 - (C) It qualifies the statement that the ancient Greeks viewed the world in concrete terms.
 - (D) It summarizes the unique perspective that the Impressionists brought to painting.
 - (E) It provides a concrete illustration of the far-reaching philosophical implications of Impressionism.
140. The primary purpose of the passage is to
- (A) explain the difference between natural and man-made radiation
 - (B) arouse concern about the risks connected with exposure to radiation
 - (C) criticize the United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation
 - (D) advocate limiting the use of atomic weapons testing, since the fallout is extremely hazardous
 - (E) publicize the results of British medical survey
141. The author of the passage develops her points about Johnson primarily by
- (A) contrasting Johnson’s critical methods with those of his contemporaries
 - (B) citing specific illustrations drawn from Johnson’s work
 - (C) alluding to contemporary comments about Johnson’s theories
 - (D) quoting Johnson’s remarks about the critical approaches prevalent in his own day
 - (E) emphasizing the fallacies inherent in the most common view of Johnson
142. According to the passage, Johnson’s opinion of Addison’s *Cato* was
- (A) roundly condemnatory
 - (B) somewhat self-contradictory
 - (C) ultimately negative

(D) effusively adulatory

(E) uncharacteristically bold

143. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with

(A) defending a reputation

(B) reconciling conflicting views

(C) comparing two schools of thought

(D) challenging an assumption

(E) presenting new evidence in support of an established theory

144. The author's tone in discussing "developers, builders, and financial institutions" (lines 25-26) can best be described as

(A) critical

(B) pedantic

(C) evasive

(D) captious

(E) vitriolic

145. It can be inferred from the passage that the author considers the present American New Town formula to be

(A) thoroughly considered

(B) insufficiently innovative

(C) potentially workable

(D) overly restrictive

(E) financially sound

146. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with

(A) arguing for a change in policy

(B) exploring the implications of novel idea

(C) comparing and contrasting two manifestations of the same phenomenon

(D) proposing a radically new solution to an old problem

(E) summarizing recent research on a topic

147. The primary purpose of the passage is to

(A) list the writers who make up the backbone of a great literature curriculum

(B) explain the function of literature

(C) advocate the adoption of a new philosophy of education

(D) plead for the retention of great literature as a fundamental part of the school curriculum

(E) overcome the opposition of Dewey's followers to the inclusion of contemporary literature in the curriculum

148. It can be inferred from the passage that the author considers those who believe in "'life experience' as the sole source of learning" (line 3) to be

(A) practical

(B) progressive

(C) misguided

(D) inflexible

(E) ignorant

149. Which of the following best describes the organization of the third paragraph of the

passage?

- (A) An idea is reiterated, a new idea is introduced, and two supporting examples are given.
- (B) The preceding paragraph is summarized and conclusions are drawn.
- (C) A new idea is introduced, the idea is qualified, and the implications of the idea are analyzed.
- (D) The main idea of the preceding paragraph is restated, and evidence is given to support it.
- (E) Two functions of literature are identified, and an example of each is given.

150. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with describing

- (A) how advances in crime detection methods have led to new discoveries in science
- (B) various ways in which crime detection laboratories assist the police
- (C) the development of new scientific tools for use in crime detection
- (D) areas of current research in the science of crime detection
- (E) developments in genetic research and their application to crime detection

151. The author is primarily concerned with

- (A) contrasting the opposing sides in a battle
- (B) analyzing the effects of an event
- (C) urging a reassessment of history
- (D) criticizing the opponents of a plan
- (E) describing the background of conflict

152. The author characterizes the leaders of the Constitutional Convention as

- (A) shrewd and visionary
- (B) liberal and enlightened
- (C) radical and idealistic
- (D) clever and pragmatic
- (E) eloquent and persuasive

153. The author's quotation of John F. Mercer (lines 43-45) serves which of the following functions in the passage?

- (A) It summarizes the last paragraph.
- (B) It furnishes a concrete example.
- (C) It articulates the main point of the passage.
- (D) It clarifies the preceding quotation.
- (E) It expresses a general conclusion.

154. The primary focus of the passage is on which of the following?

- (A) Comparing two scientific theories and contrasting the predictions that each would make concerning a natural phenomenon
- (B) Describing a new theoretical model and noting that it explains the nature of observations made of a particular natural phenomenon
- (C) Evaluating the results of a particular scientific experiment and suggesting further areas for research
- (D) Explaining how two different natural phenomena are related and demonstrating a way to measure them
- (E) Analyzing recent data derived from observations of an actual phenomenon and constructing a model to explain the data

155. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) enumerate reason why both traditional scholarly methods and newer scholarly methods have limitations
- (B) identify a shortcoming in a scholarly approach and describe an alternative approach
- (C) provide empirical data to support a long-held scholarly assumption
- (D) compare two scholarly publications on the basis of their authors' backgrounds
- (E) attempt to provide a partial answer to a long-standing scholarly dilemma

156. It can be inferred that the author of the passage quotes Baker directly in the second paragraph primarily in order to

- (A) clarify a position before providing an alternative of that position
- (B) differentiate between a novel definition and traditional definitions
- (C) provide an example of a point agreed on by different generations of scholars
- (D) provide an example of the prose style of an important historian
- (E) amplify a definition given in the first paragraph

157. Which of the following best describes the structure of the first paragraph of the passage?

- (A) Two scholarly approaches are compared, and a shortcoming common to both is identified.
- (B) Two rival schools of thought are contrasted, and a third is alluded to.
- (C) An outmoded scholarly approach is described, and a corrective approach is called for.
- (D) An argument is outlined, and counterarguments are mentioned.
- (E) A historical era is described in terms of its political trends.

158. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) advocate more effective strategies for encouraging the development of high-technology enterprises in the United States
- (B) contrast the incentives for economic development offered by local governments with those offered by the private sector
- (C) acknowledge and counter adverse criticism of programs being used to stimulate local economic development
- (D) define and explore promotional efforts used by local governments to attract new industry
- (E) review and evaluate strategies and programs that have been used to stimulate economic development

159. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) present several explanations for a well-known fact
- (B) suggest alternative method of resolving a debate
- (C) argue in favor of a controversial theory
- (D) question the methodology used in a study
- (E) discuss the implications of a research finding

160. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) explain and critique the methods used by early statisticians
- (B) compare and contrast a historical situation with a current-day one
- (C) describe and explain a historical change
- (D) discuss historical opposition to an established institution
- (E) trace the origin of a contemporary controversy

161. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) criticize a scholar's assumptions and methodology
- (B) evaluate an approach to women's study

- (C) compare two sociological theories
- (D) correct a misconception about feminist theory
- (E) defend an unpopular ideology

162. Which of the following best describes the organization of the first paragraph of the passage?

- (A) A chronological account of a historical development is presented, and then future developments are predicted.
- (B) A term is defined according to several different schools of thought, and then a new definition is formulated.
- (C) A theory is presented, an alternative viewpoint is introduced, and then the reasoning behind the initial theory is summarized.
- (D) A tentative proposal is made, reasons for and against it are weighed, and then a modified version of the proposal is offered.
- (E) A controversy is described, its historical implications are assessed, and then a compromise is suggested.

163. The primary of the purpose of the passage is to

- (A) refute the idea that the zonation exhibited in mangrove forests is caused by adaptation to salinity
- (B) describe the pattern of zonation typically found in Florida mangrove forests
- (C) argue that Davis' succession paradigm cannot be successfully applied to Florida mangrove forests
- (D) discuss hypotheses that attempt to explain the zonation of coastal mangrove forests
- (E) establish that plants that do well in saline forest environments require salt to achieve maximum metabolic efficiency

164. Which of the following most accurately states the purpose of the passage?

- (A) To compare two different approaches to the study of homeostasis
- (B) To summarize the findings of several studies regarding organisms' maintenance of internal variables in extreme environments
- (C) To argue for a particular hypothesis regarding various organisms' conservation of water in desert environments
- (D) To cite examples of how homeostasis is achieved by various organisms
- (E) To defend a new theory regarding the maintenance of adequate fluid balance

165. The author of the passage would be most likely to describe the explanation provided by the human capital theory for the high concentration of women in certain occupations in the seventeenth-century Florence textile industry as

- (A) well founded though incomplete
- (B) difficult to articulate
- (C) plausible but poorly substantiated
- (D) seriously flawed
- (E) contrary to recent research

166. Which of the following best describes the content of the passage?

- (A) A chronology of the development of different methods for mapping Native Americans
- (B) A discussion of how the mapmaking techniques of Native Americans differed from those of Europeans
- (C) An argument concerning the present-day uses to which historical maps of Native American

lands are put

(D) An argument concerning the nature of information contained in maps of Native American lands

(E) A proposal for improving the accuracy of maps of Native American lands

167. Which of the following best describes the relationship of the first paragraph to the passage as a whole?

(A) The first paragraph introduces a general thesis that is elaborated on in detail elsewhere in the passage.

(B) The first paragraph presents a concrete instance of a problem that is discussed elsewhere in the passage.

(C) The first paragraph describes a traditional process that is contrasted unfavorably with a newer process described elsewhere in the passage.

(D) The first paragraph presents a dramatic example of the potential of a process that is described elsewhere in the passage.

(E) The first paragraph describes a historic incident that served as the catalyst for developments described elsewhere in the passage.

168. The author's main point is argued by

(A) giving examples that support a conventional generalization

(B) showing that the view opposite to the author's is self-contradictory

(C) criticizing the presuppositions of a proposed plan

(D) showing that omissions in a theoretical description make it inapplicable in certain cases

(E) demonstrating that an alternative hypothesis more closely fits the data

169. The author of the passage compares the smuggling of CFC's to the illicit drug trade most likely for which of the following reasons?

(A) To qualify a previous claim

(B) To emphasize the extent of a problem

(C) To provide an explanation for an earlier assertion

(D) To suggest that the illicit CFC trade, likely the illicit drug trade, will continue to increase

(E) To suggest that the consequences of a relatively little-known problem are as serious as those of a well-known one

170. The author's main purpose is to

(A) create a new field of study

(B) discredit an existing field of study

(C) change the focus of a field of study

(D) transplant scholarly techniques from one field of study to another

(E) restrict the scope of a burgeoning new field of study

171. Which of the following techniques is used by the author in developing the argument in the passage?

(A) Giving a cliché a new meaning

(B) Pointedly refusing to define key terms

(C) Alternately presenting generalities and concrete details

(D) Concluding the passage with a restatement of the first point made in the passage

(E) Juxtaposing statements of what is not the case and statements of what is the case

172. It can be inferred from the passage that the authors believe traditional stereotypes of women to be

- (A) frequently challenged
- (B) persistently inexplicable
- (C) potentially harmful
- (D) rapidly changing
- (E) habitually disregarded

173. The author's style can best be described as

- (A) dramatic
- (B) archaic
- (C) esoteric
- (D) objective
- (E) humanistic

174. The author's primary purpose is to

- (A) outline a procedure and discuss possible applications
- (B) evaluate an experiment in terms of its applicability to medical research
- (C) propose a method for curing specific genetic disorders
- (D) explain a problem and suggest a solution for it
- (E) reveal the shortcomings of several attitudes toward genetic research

175. The tone of the author's discussion of the difference in the language used by morphologists and that used by molecular biologists is one of

- (A) indifference
- (B) neutrality
- (C) derision
- (D) approbation
- (E) indignation

176. Which of the following methods is NOT used extensively by the author in describing his own conception of power?

- (A) Restatement of central ideas
- (B) Provision of concrete examples
- (C) Analysis and classification
- (D) Comparison and contrast
- (E) Statement of cause and effect

177. The author's attitude toward the various kinds of compulsion employed by social institutions is best described as

- (A) concerned and sympathetic
- (B) scientific and detached
- (C) suspicious and cautious
- (D) reproachful and disturbed
- (E) meditative and wistful

178. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) defend a controversial interpretation of two novels
- (B) explain the source of widely recognized responses to two novels
- (C) delineate broad differences between two novels
- (D) compare and contrast two novels

(E) criticize and evaluate two novels

179. The author's attitude toward the development of bacterial strains that render antibiotic drugs ineffective can best be described as

(A) indifferent

(B) perplexed

(C) pretentious

(D) insincere

(E) apprehensive

180. The author's primary purpose in the passage is to

(A) clarify the kinds of understanding an adolescent must have in order to develop a political ideology

(B) dispute the theory that a political ideology can be acquired during adolescence

(C) explain why adolescents are generally uninterested in political arguments

(D) suggest various means of encouraging adolescents to develop personal political ideologies

(E) explain why an adolescent's political ideology usually appears more sophisticated than it actually is

190. Which of the following best describes the attitude of the author toward classification as a technique in literary history?

(A) Enthusiastic

(B) Indifferent

(C) Wary

(D) Derisive

(E) Defensive

191. The author's attitude toward contemporary ethologists can best be described as

(A) puzzled

(B) conciliatory

(C) defensive

(D) amused

(E) disparaging

192. This passage was most likely excerpted from

(A) a diary kept by a practicing neurobehavioral researcher

(B) a newspaper article on recent advances in the biochemistry of learning

(C) a technical article on experimental techniques in the field of molecular biology

(D) an article summarizing a series of scientific investigations in neurobehavioral research

(E) a book review in a leading journal devoted to genetic research

193. The primary purpose of the passage is to

(A) offer an analysis of metabolic processes

(B) detail the ways in which bacteria and fungi can be inhibited

(C) describe mechanisms by which the skin protects itself against pathogens

(D) analyze the methods whereby biological systems maintain the status quo

(E) provide a specific example of the skin's basic defenses against pathogens

194. The author presents her material in which of the following ways?

(A) Stating a problem and then supplying a solution

- (B) Presenting a phenomenon and then analyzing reason for it
- (C) Providing information and then drawing a conclusion from it
- (D) Making a general statement and then arguing by analogy
- (E) Making an inference and then developing it by illustration

195. It can be inferred from the passage that the author views the system of paying all workers equally on time rates as

- (A) unfair and not rational
- (B) undesirable but unavoidable
- (C) efficient and profitable
- (D) advantageous to most women workers
- (E) evidence of a trend toward a more modern wage system

196. It can be inferred from the passage that the author considers Fisher's work to be

- (A) fallacious and unprofessional
- (B) definitive and thorough
- (C) inaccurate but popular, compared with Hamilton's work
- (D) admirable, but not as up-to-date as Hamilton's work
- (E) accurate, but trivial compared with Hamilton's work

197. It can be inferred that the author discusses the genetic theory in greater detail than the group selection theory primarily because he believes that the genetic theory is more

- (A) complicated
- (B) accurate
- (C) popular
- (D) comprehensive
- (E) accessible

198. The author's primary purpose in the passage is to

- (A) describe the formation and nature of singularities
- (B) explain why large numbers of stars become singularities
- (C) compare the characteristics of singularities with those of stars
- (D) explain what happens during the stages of a singularity's formation
- (E) imply that singularities could be more easily studied if observers could get closer to them

199. The author's attitude toward Pessen's presentation of statistics can be best described as

- (A) disapproving
- (B) shocked
- (C) suspicious
- (D) amused
- (E) laudatory

200. In the first paragraph of the passage, the author's attitude toward the literary critics mentioned can best be described as

- (A) disparaging
- (B) ironic
- (C) facetious
- (D) skeptical but resigned
- (E) disappointed but hopeful

201. The primary purpose of the passage is to
- (A) refute a misconception about anaerobic glycolysis
 - (B) introduce a new hypothesis about anaerobic glycolysis
 - (C) describe the limitations of anaerobic glycolysis
 - (D) analyze the chemistry of anaerobic glycolysis and its similarity to oxidative metabolism
 - (E) explain anaerobic glycolysis and its effects on animal survival
202. The author considers the Marxist sociologist's thesis about the origins of racial prejudice to be
- (A) unoriginal
 - (B) unpersuasive
 - (C) offensive
 - (D) obscure
 - (E) speculative
203. The primary purpose of the passage is to
- (A) resolve a controversy
 - (B) describe a phenomenon
 - (C) outline a theory
 - (D) confirm research findings
 - (E) classify various observations
204. It can be inferred from the passage that the author regards current knowledge about heat and moisture transfer from the ocean to air as
- (A) revolutionary
 - (B) inconsequential
 - (C) outdated
 - (D) derivative
 - (E) incomplete
205. The author regards the idea that all highly creative artistic activity transcends limits with
- (A) deep skepticism
 - (B) strong indignation
 - (C) marked indifference
 - (D) moderate amusement
 - (E) sharp derision
206. The author is primarily concerned with
- (A) explaining how the brain receives images
 - (B) synthesizing hypotheses of visual recognition
 - (C) examining the evidence supporting the serial recognition hypothesis
 - (D) discussing visual recognition and some hypotheses proposed to explain it
 - (E) reporting on recent experiments dealing with memory systems and their
207. In terms of its tone and form, the passage can best be characterized as
- (A) a biased exposition
 - (B) a speculative study
 - (C) a dispassionate presentation
 - (D) an indignant denial

(E) a dogmatic explanation

208. The author's attitude toward Bachofen's treatise is best described as one of

(A) qualified approval

(B) profound ambivalence

(C) studied neutrality

(D) pointed disagreement

(E) unmitigated hostility

209. The primary purpose of the passage is to

(A) discuss the validity of a hypothesis

(B) summarize a system of general principles

(C) propose guidelines for future argument

(D) stipulate conditions for acceptance of an interpretation

(E) deny accusations about an apparent contradiction

210. The author organizes the passage by

(A) making distinctions between two groups of particles, those that are elementary and those that are composite

(B) explaining three methods of transferring energy to atoms and to the smaller particles that constitute atoms

(C) describing several levels of processes, increasing in energy, and corresponding sets of particles, generally decreasing in size

(D) putting forth an argument concerning energy levels and then conceding that several qualifications of that argument are necessary

(E) making several successive refinements of a definition of elementarity on the basis of several groups of experimental results

211. To an assertion that Bluestockings were feminists, the author would most probably respond with which of the following?

(A) Admitted uncertainty

(B) Qualified disagreement

(C) Unquestioning approval

(D) Complete indifference

(E) Strong disparagement

212. The author's attitude toward the possibility of a unified theory in sociobiology is best described as which of the following?

(A) Guarded optimism

(B) Unqualified enthusiasm

(C) Objective indifference

(D) Resignation

(E) Dissatisfaction

213. In maintaining that migrating animals would need "a fantastic map sense" (line 17) to determine their geographic position by celestial navigation, the author intends to express

(A) admiration for the ability of the migrants

(B) skepticism about celestial navigation as an explanation

(C) certainty that the phenomenon of migration will remain mysterious

(D) interest in a new method of accounting for over-water migration

(E) surprise that animals apparently navigate in much the same way that human beings do

214. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with

- (A) evaluating the soundness of a work of criticism
- (B) comparing various critical approaches to a subject
- (C) discussing the limitations of a particular kind of criticism
- (D) summarizing the major points made in a work of criticism
- (E) explaining the theoretical background of a certain kind of criticism

215. The author of the passage uses all of the following in the discussion of Rosenblatt's book EXCEPT

- (A) rhetorical questions
- (B) specific examples
- (C) comparison and contrast
- (D) definition of terms
- (E) personal opinion

216. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) warn of the dangers of continued burning of fossil fuels
- (B) discuss the significance of increasing the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere
- (C) explain how a constant temperature is maintained on the Earth's surface
- (D) describe the ways in which various atmospheric and climatic conditions contribute to the Earth's weather
- (E) demonstrate the usefulness of mathematical models in predicting long-range climatic change

217. Which of the following best describes the author's attitude toward the increasing amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere and its consequences?

- (A) Incredulous
- (B) Completely detached
- (C) Interested but skeptical
- (D) Angry yet resigned
- (E) Objective yet concerned

218. The primary purpose of the passage is to present

- (A) a position on the foundations of human behavior and on what those foundations imply
- (B) a theory outlining the parallel development of human morphology and of human behavior
- (C) a diagnostic test for separating biologically determined behavior patterns from culture-specific detail
- (D) a practical method for resisting the pressures of biologically determined drives
- (E) an overview of those human emotions and motives that impose constraints on human behavior

219. The author's primary purpose is most probably to

- (A) present a hypothesis
- (B) refute an argument
- (C) correct a misconception
- (D) predict an occurrence
- (E) describe an enigma

220. The author refers to "many formations" (line 16) primarily in order to

- (A) clarify a distinction
- (B) introduce a subject
- (C) draw an analogy
- (D) emphasize a similarity
- (E) resolve a conflict

221. Which of the following most accurately describes the passage?

- (A) A description of a replicable experiment
- (B) A summary report of new findings
- (C) A recommendation for abandoning a difficult area of research
- (D) A refutation of an earlier hypothesis
- (E) A confirmation of earlier research

222. The passage would be most likely to appear as part of

- (A) a book review summarizing the achievements of historians of the European aristocracy
- (B) an essay describing trends in the practice of writing history
- (C) a textbook on the application of statistical methods in the social sciences
- (D) a report to the historical profession on the work of early-twentieth-century historians
- (E) an article urging the adoption of historical methods by the legal profession

223. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) discuss a problem that hinders precise perception of the world
- (B) point out the inadequacies of accepted units of measurement
- (C) criticize attempts to distinguish between perceiving subjects and perceived objects
- (D) compare and contrast rival scientific hypotheses about how the world should be measured and observed
- (E) suggest the limited function of sensory observation

224. The author's primary purpose is to

- (A) answer a theoretical question in the field of biomaterials
- (B) discuss the current state of technology in the field of biomaterials
- (C) resolve a research dispute in the field of biomaterial
- (D) predict an ethical crisis for biomaterials researchers
- (E) suggest some practical benefits of biomaterial implants

225. Which of the following most accurately describes the organization of the passage?

- (A) A universal principle is advanced and then discussed in relation to a particular historical phenomenon.
- (B) A methodological innovation is suggested and then examples of its efficacy are provided.
- (C) A traditional interpretation is questioned and then modified to include new data.
- (D) A general opinion is expressed and then supportive illustrations are advanced.
- (E) A controversial viewpoint is presented and then both supportive evidence and contradictory evidence are cited.

226. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) contrast the theories of Jean Wagner with those of other contemporary critics
- (B) document the influence of Jean Wagner on the development of Afro-American poetry
- (C) explain the relevance of Jean Wagner's work to the study of Afro-American religion
- (D) indicate the importance of Jean Wagner's analysis of Afro-American poetry

(E) present the contributions of Jean Wagner to the study of Black spirituals

227. The passage is primarily concerned with

- (A) distinguishing arguments
- (B) applying classifications
- (C) initiating a debate
- (D) resolving a dispute
- (E) developing a contrast

228. The author's attitude toward the new theory of spiral-galaxy structure can best be described as

- (A) euphoric
- (B) enthusiastic
- (C) concerned
- (D) critical
- (E) disputatious

229. The author considers the explanation put forward by Freyre and Tannenbaum for the treatment accorded Black slaves in the English colonies of North America to be

- (A) ambitious but misguided
- (B) valid but limited
- (C) popular but suspect
- (D) anachronistic and controversial
- (E) premature and illogical

230. The authors suggest that their proposal for determining the nature of the mantle's heterogeneity might be considered by many to be

- (A) pedestrian
- (B) controversial
- (C) unrealistic
- (D) novel
- (E) paradoxical

231. The author's purpose in writing this passage is primarily to

- (A) suggest the motives behind Mexican and United States intervention in Texas
- (B) document certain early objectives of Mexican-American society
- (C) provide a historical perspective for a new analysis of Mexican-American culture
- (D) appeal to both Mexican and United States scholars to give greater consideration to economic interpretations of history
- (E) bring to light previously overlooked research on Mexican Americans

232. The idea that the field of endocrinology can gain from developments in molecular biology is regarded by Roberts with

- (A) incredulity
- (B) derision
- (C) indifference
- (D) pride
- (E) enthusiasm

233. Which of the following best describes the main purpose of the passage?

- (A) To contrast ragtime music and jazz
- (B) To acknowledge and counter significant adverse criticisms of ragtime music
- (C) To define ragtime music as an art form and describe its structural characteristics
- (D) To review the history of ragtime music and analyze ragtime's effect on listeners
- (E) To explore the similarities between ragtime music and certain European musical compositions

234. The author presents the information concerning bat sonar in a manner that could be best described as

- (A) argumentative
- (B) commendatory
- (C) critical
- (D) disbelieving
- (E) objective

235. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?

- (A) A fact is stated, a process is outlined, and specific details of the process are described.
- (B) A fact is stated, and examples suggesting that a distinction needs correction are considered.
- (C) A fact is stated, a theory is presented to explain that fact, and additional facts are introduced to validate the theory.
- (D) A fact is stated, and two theories are compared in light of their explanations of this fact.
- (E) A fact is stated, a process is described, and examples of still another process are illustrated in detail.

236. The author is primarily concerned with

- (A) advocating a more modest view, and less widespread utilization, of the social sciences
- (B) analyzing the mechanisms for translating discoveries into applications in the social sciences
- (C) dissolving the air of paradox inherent in human beings studying themselves
- (D) explaining a peculiar dilemma that the social sciences are in
- (E) maintaining a strict separation between pure and applied social science

237. In the passage, the author is primarily concerned with

- (A) searching for an accurate method of dating the Pleistocene epoch
- (B) discussing problems involved in providing an accurate picture of the Pleistocene epoch
- (C) declaring opposition to the use of the term "Ice Age" for the Pleistocene epoch
- (D) criticizing fanciful schemes about what happened in the Pleistocene epoch
- (E) refuting the idea that there is no way to tell if we are now living in an Ice Age

238. The author would regard the idea that we are living in an interglacial period as

- (A) unimportant
- (B) unscientific
- (C) self-evident
- (D) plausible
- (E) absurd

239. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) describe a previously unknown natural phenomenon
- (B) reconstruct the evolution of a natural phenomenon
- (C) establish unequivocally the accuracy of a hypothesis

(D) survey explanations for a natural phenomenon and determine which is best supported by evidence

(E) entertain criticism of the author's research and provide an effective response

240. According to the passage, the author believes that past attempts to explain some taboos concerning eating are

(A) unimaginative

(B) implausible

(C) inelegant

(D) incomplete

(E) unclear

241. In developing the main idea of the passage, the author does which of the following?

(A) Downplays earlier attempts to explain the origins of a social prohibition.

(B) Adapts a scientific theory and applies it to a spiritual relationship.

(C) Simplifies a complex biological phenomenon by explaining it in terms of social needs.

(D) Reorganizes a system designed to guide personal behavior.

(E) Codifies earlier, unsystematized conjectures about family life.

242. The passage focuses primarily on which of the following?

(A) A general tendency in twentieth-century art

(B) The work of a particular artist

(C) The artistic influences on women sculptors

(D) Critical responses to twentieth-century sculpture

(E) Materials used by twentieth-century sculptors

243. The primary purpose of the passage is to

(A) discuss the techniques of analyzing lead isotope composition

(B) propose a way to determine the origin of the copper in certain artifacts

(C) resolve a dispute concerning the analysis of copper ore

(D) describe the deficiencies of a currently used method of chemical analysis of certain metals

(E) offer an interpretation of the archaeological record of the Bronze Age

244. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with

(A) discussing different approaches biologists have taken to testing theories about the distribution of plants in Hawaii

(B) discussing different theories about the transport of plant seeds to Hawaii

(C) discussing the extent to which air currents are responsible for the dispersal of plant seeds to Hawaii

(D) resolving a dispute about the adaptability of plant seeds to bird transport

(E) resolving a dispute about the ability of birds to carry plant seeds long distances

245. The passage can best be described as a

(A) survey of the inadequacies of a conventional viewpoint

(B) reconciliation of opposing points of view

(C) summary and evaluation of a recent study

(D) defense of a new thesis from anticipated objections

(E) review of the subtle distinctions between apparently similar views

246. The author's argument is developed primarily by the use of

- (A) an attack on sentimentality
- (B) an example of successful art criticism
- (C) a critique of artists training
- (D) a warning against extremes in art criticism
- (E) an analogy between art criticism and art production

247. The view to which line 18 refers serves to

- (A) reconcile seemingly contradictory facts
- (B) undermine a previously held theory
- (C) take into account data previously held to be insignificant
- (D) resolve a controversy
- (E) question new methods of gathering data

248. The primary purpose of the passage is to treat the accepted generalizations about organ transplantation in which of the following ways?

- (A) Explicate their main features
- (B) Suggest an alternative to them
- (C) Examine their virtues and limitations
- (D) Criticize the major evidence used to support them
- (E) Present findings that qualify them

249. The author's attitude toward photography in the cinema before Griffith can best be described as

- (A) sympathetic
- (B) nostalgic
- (C) amused
- (D) condescending
- (E) hostile

250. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?

- (A) A method is criticized, and an alternative is suggested.
- (B) An illustration is examined, and some errors are exposed.
- (C) An assertion is made, and a procedure is outlined.
- (D) A series of examples is presented, and a conclusion is drawn.
- (E) A hypothesis is advanced, and supporting evidence is supplied.

251. In presenting the argument, the author does all of the following EXCEPT:

- (A) give an example
- (B) draw a conclusion
- (C) make a generalization
- (D) make a comparison
- (E) present a paradox

252. In the passage, the author does all of the following EXCEPT:

- (A) cite the views of other biologists
- (B) define a basic problem that the passage addresses
- (C) present conceptual categories used by other biologists
- (D) describe the results of a particular study
- (E) draw a conclusion

253. The author considers the contentions made by the recent historians discussed in the passage to be
- (A) potentially verifiable
 - (B) partially justified
 - (C) logically contradictory
 - (D) ingenious but flawed
 - (E) capricious and unsupported
254. The primary function of the passage as a whole is to
- (A) introduce a new explanation of a physical phenomenon
 - (B) explain the difference between two related physical phenomena
 - (C) illustrate the limitations of applying mathematics to complicated physical phenomena
 - (D) indicate the direction that research into a particular physical phenomenon should take
 - (E) clarify the differences between an old explanation of a physical phenomenon and a new model of it
255. Which of the following best describes the organization of the first paragraph?
- (A) A theory is presented and criticized.
 - (B) A model is described and evaluated.
 - (C) A result is reported and its importance explained.
 - (D) A phenomenon is noted and its significance debated.
 - (E) A hypothesis is introduced and contrary evidence presented.
256. The primary purpose of the passage is to
- (A) interpret data
 - (B) explain research methodology
 - (C) evaluate a conclusion
 - (D) suggest a new technique
 - (E) attack a theory
257. The author regards the idea that traditional quantum mechanics is incomplete with
- (A) approval
 - (B) surprise
 - (C) indifference
 - (D) apprehension
 - (E) skepticism
258. The passage is primarily concerned with
- (A) presenting an argument to support a particular hypothesis
 - (B) suggesting an answer to a theoretical question
 - (C) questioning the assumptions of a research project
 - (D) criticizing experimental results
 - (E) explaining the origin of certain scientific data
259. Which of the following persuasive devices is NOT used in the passage?
- (A) A sample of an actual speech delivered by an orator
 - (B) The contrast of different points of view
 - (C) The repetition of key ideas and expressions
 - (D) An analogy that seeks to explain logical argument

(E) Evaluative or judgmental words

260. The author's attitude toward the prospects for the economic utilization of glassy metals is one of

(A) disinterest

(B) impatience

(C) optimism

(D) apprehension

(E) skepticism

261. The passage as a whole is primarily concerned with

(A) analyzing a current debate

(B) criticizing a well-established theory

(C) showing how new facts support a previously dismissed hypothesis

(D) stating a conclusion and adducing evidence that may justify it

(E) contrasting two types of phenomena and showing how they are related

262. The author uses all of the following in the discussion in the third paragraph EXCEPT:

(A) an example

(B) definition of terms

(C) contrast

(D) a rhetorical question

(E) analogy

263. The passage suggests that the author considers the data concerning the success of pancreas transplants to be

(A) invalid

(B) indirect

(C) inaccurate

(D) insufficient

(E) inappropriate

264. It can be inferred from the passage that support for the objectives of the February Revolution was

(A) negligible

(B) misguided

(C) fanatical

(D) spontaneous

(E) widespread

265. Which of the following, best describes the organization of the second paragraph?

(A) The thesis of the passage is stated and supporting evidence systematically presented.

(B) Two views regarding the thesis presented in the first paragraph are compared and contrasted.

(C) Evidence refuting the thesis presented in the first paragraph is systematically presented.

(D) The thesis presented in the first paragraph is systematically supported.

(E) The thesis presented in the first paragraph is further defined and a conclusion drawn.

266. Which of the following best describes the organization of the passage?

(A) A problem is presented and reasons for its existence are supplied.

- (B) A controversial view is presented and evidence for its validity is supplied.
- (C) A hypothesis is presented and possible means of verifying it are suggested.
- (D) A recent development is described and then analyzed.
- (E) A dispute is summarized and one side defended.

267. The author is primarily concerned with

- (A) illustrating the importance of a historical figure
- (B) discussing an important characteristic of human ideas
- (C) describing the history of the growth of democracy
- (D) contrasting ancient and modern views of the importance of creative ideas
- (E) evaluating the contribution of ancient Greece to modern government

268. In the passage, the author is primarily concerned with

- (A) analyzing a complicated scientific phenomenon and its impact on the Earth's surface features
- (B) describing a natural phenomenon and the challenges its study presents to researchers
- (C) discussing a scientific field of research and the gaps in researchers' methodological approaches to it
- (D) comparing two distinct fields of physical science and the different research methods employed in each
- (E) proposing an explanation for a geophysical phenomenon and an experiment that could help confirm that explanation

269. In the second paragraph, the author is primarily concerned with

- (A) stating a limitation that helps determine a research methodology
- (B) making a comparative analysis of two different research methodologies
- (C) assessing the amount of empirical data in the field of physical science
- (D) suggesting an optimistic way of viewing a widely feared phenomenon
- (E) describing a fundamental issue and discussing its future impact on society

270. Which of the following best describes the function of the third paragraph of the passage?

- (A) It resolves a contradiction between the ideas presented in the first and second paragraphs.
- (B) It introduces research data to support the theory outlined in the second paragraph.
- (C) It draws a conclusion from conflicting evidence presented in the first two paragraphs.
- (D) It shows how phenomena described in the first and second paragraphs act in combination.
- (E) It elaborates on the thesis introduced in the first paragraph after a digression in the second paragraph.

271. Which of the following adjectives best describes "the concept of art imposed by the triumph of Modernism" as the author represents it in lines 25-27?

- (A) Objective
- (B) Mechanical
- (C) Superficial
- (D) Dramatic
- (E) Paradoxical

272. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with

- (A) revealing a commonly ignored deficiency
- (B) proposing a return to traditional terminology
- (C) describing an attempt to correct a shortcoming

(D) assessing the success of a new pedagogical approach

(E) predicting a change in a traditional teaching strategy

273. Which of the following best describes the author's attitude toward Gaskell's use of the method of documentary record in *Mary Barton*?

(A) Uncritical enthusiasm

(B) Unresolved ambivalence

(C) Qualified approval

(D) Resigned acceptance

(E) Mild irritation

274. The author of the passage describes *Mary Barton* as each of the following EXCEPT:

(A) insightful

(B) meticulous

(C) vivid

(D) poignant

(E) lyrical

275. The author of the passage is primarily concerned with

(A) confirming a theory

(B) supporting a statement

(C) presenting new information

(D) predicting future discoveries

(E) reconciling discrepant findings

276. The author's attitude toward the theory of a cold pre-history of life can best be described as

(A) neutral

(B) skeptical

(C) mildly positive

(D) very supportive

(E) pointedly critical

277. The primary purpose of the passage is to

(A) reconcile two opposing theories

(B) compare two different explanations for a phenomenon

(C) describe experimental research that appears to support an unpopular theory

(D) present evidence that may help to resolve an apparent contradiction

(E) describe a hypothesis that has caused a controversy

278. It can be inferred from the passage that the author would most likely describe the "additional evidence" (line 12) provided by experiments with adrenergic antagonists as

(A) revolutionary

(B) disappointing

(C) incomplete

(D) unexpected

(E) corroborative

279. Which of the following best describes the passage as a whole?

(A) An outline for future research

- (B) An expanded definition of commonly misunderstood terms
- (C) An analysis of a dispute between two theorists
- (D) A discussion of research findings in an ongoing inquiry
- (E) A confirmation of an established authority's theory

280. In the passage, the author is primarily concerned with

- (A) distinguishing mutually exclusive categories
- (B) clarifying an apparent contradiction
- (C) supporting new ideas
- (D) analyzing a problem
- (E) comparing opinions

281. The passage is primarily concerned with

- (A) advocating a controversial theory
- (B) presenting and challenging the results of a study
- (C) describing a problem and proposing a solution
- (D) discussing research that opposes a widely accepted belief
- (E) comparing several explanations for the same phenomenon

282. The author's attitude toward early researchers' reasoning concerning the implications of similarities in the structures of serotonin and LSD molecules can best be described as one of

- (A) complete agreement
- (B) reluctant support
- (C) subtle condescension
- (D) irreverent dismissal
- (E) strong opposition

283. The primary purpose of the passage is to

- (A) analyze a current trend in relation to the past
- (B) discuss a particular solution to a longstanding problem
- (C) analyze changes in the way that certain standards have been enforced
- (D) apply a generalization to an unusual situation
- (E) describe an approach by contrasting it with another approach