

# Lecture Seven

# 本节课授课要点

- 比较结构解题思路
- 比较结构常考句型
- 虚拟语气主要考点
- 复习期间注意事项

# 第七讲 特殊结构

## 一. 比较结构

- (一) 总原则: 比较对象要一致
- e.g.  
The population of China is larger than that of America.

- (一) 总原则: 比较对象要一致

例1.

Domestic automobile manufacturers have invested millions of dollars into research to develop cars more gasoline-efficient even than presently on the road.

(A) into research to develop cars more gasoline-efficient even than presently on the road

(B) into research for developing even more gasoline-efficient cars on the road than at present

(C) for research for cars to be developed that are more gasoline-efficient even than presently on the road

(D) in research to develop cars even more gasoline-efficient than those at present on the road

(E) in research for developing cars that are even more gasoline-efficient than presently on the road

## 例2.

Because natural gas is composed mostly of methane, a simple hydrocarbon, vehicles powered by natural gas emit less of certain pollutants than the burning of gasoline or diesel fuel.

- (A) less of certain pollutants than the burning of gasoline or diesel fuel
- (B) fewer of certain pollutants than burning gasoline or diesel fuel do
- (C) less of certain pollutants than gasoline or diesel fuel
- (D) fewer of certain pollutants than does burning gasoline or diesel fuel
- (E) less of certain pollutants than those burning gasoline or diesel fuel



例3.

It is as difficult to prevent crimes against property as those that are  
against a person.

- (A) those that are against a
- (B) those against a
- (C) it is against a
- (D) preventing those against a
- (E) it is to prevent those against a

#### 例4.

The question of whether to divest themselves of stock in companies that do business in South Africa is particularly troublesome for the nation's 116 private Black colleges because their economic bases are often more fragile than most predominantly White colleges.

- (A) than
- (B) than those of
- (C) than is so of
- (D) compared to
- (E) compared to those of

注意：经常出现主语比较。

## (二) 常考句型

1、more ... than ...

as ... as ...



例5.

Few people realize that the chance of accidental injury or death may be as great or greater in the “safety” of their own homes than in a plane or on the road.

(A) may be as great or greater in the “safety” of their own homes than

(B) is at least as great or greater in the “safety” of their own homes than

(C) might be so great or greater in the “safety” of their own home as

(D) may be at least as great in the “safety” of their own homes as

(E) can be at least so great in the “safety” of their own home as

例5.

Few people realize that the chance of accidental injury or death may be as great or greater in the “safety” of their own homes than in a plane or on the road.

- (A) may be as great or greater in the “safety” of their own homes than
- (B) is at least as great or greater in the “safety” of their own homes than
- (C) might be so great or greater in the “safety” of their own home as
- (D) may be at least as great in the “safety” of their own homes as
- (E) can be at least so great in the “safety” of their own home as

表示“ $\geq$ ”方法:

- 1) at least as ... as ...
- 2) as ... as or more ... than

\*at least 和more 不能同时用

例6. 比较时，要排除自己（自己不和自己比）

Los Angeles has a higher number of family dwellings per capita than any large city.

- (A) a higher number of family dwellings per capita than any large city
- (B) higher numbers of family dwellings per capita than any other large city
- (C) a higher number of family dwellings per capita than does any other large city
- (D) higher numbers of family dwellings per capita than do other large cities
- (E) a high per capita number of family dwellings, more than does any other large city

- 2、Like  $A, B \vee C$ . (A/B要对等)

In contrast to  $A, B \vee C$ . (A/B要对等)



In contrast to A, B V C. (A/B要对等)

例7.

In contrast to large steel plants that take iron ore through all the steps needed to produce several different kinds of steel, processing steel scrap into a specialized group of products has enabled small mills to put capital into new technology and remain economically viable.

(A) processing steel scrap into a specialized group of products has enabled small mills to put capital into new technology and remain

(B) processing steel scrap into a specialized group of products has enabled small mills to put capital into new technology, remaining

(C) the processing of steel scrap into a specialized group of products has enabled small mills to put capital into new technology, remaining

(D) small mills, by processing steel scrap into a specialized group of products, have been able to put capital into new technology and remain

(E) small mills, by processing steel scrap into a specialized group of products, have been able to put capital into new technology and remained

- 3、当as做“像”讲，一定是conj.，一定+句子

- e.g.

Studying abroad is a goal of Tom,  
as it is of Jerry.

as引导的句子要和主句主谓对应

- 4、Just as A V1, so B V2. 正如A做了…，B也做了…  
(so后面也可以用倒装)



例8.

Just as reading Samuel Pepys' s diary gives a student a sense of the seventeenth century—of its texture and psyche—so Jane Freed' s guileless child-narrator takes the operagoer inside turn-of-the-century Vienna.

- (A) so Jane Freed' s guileless child narrator takes the operagoer
- (B) so listening to Jane Freed' s guileless child narrator takes the operagoer
- (C) so the guileless child narrator of Jane Freed takes the operagoer
- (D) Listening to Jane Freed' s guileless child narrator takes the operagoer
- (E) Jane Freed' s guileless child narrator takes the operagoer to her opera

- 二. 虚拟语气
- (一) 条件句中的虚拟
- If I were a bird, I would fly to South.

- (二) 宾语从句中的虚拟

- 1. 在表示建议、命令、要求的动词后常考虚拟，如 suggest, advise, recommend, order, demand, require, mandate 等
- 2. 动词后面要紧跟 that + SVO
- 3. that 从句 (should) do, 必须省略 should

### 例9.

Constance Horner, chief of the United States government's personnel agency, has recommended that the use of any dangerous or illegal drug in the five years prior to application for a job be grounds for not hiring an applicant.

- (A) the use of any dangerous or illegal drug in the five years prior to application for a job be grounds for not hiring an applicant.
- (B) any dangerous or illegal drug, if used, in the five years prior to applying for a job, should be grounds for not hiring an applicant
- (C) an applicant's use of any dangerous or illegal drug in the five years prior to application for a job be grounds not to hire them
- (D) an applicant's use of any dangerous or illegal drug in the five years prior to applying for a job are grounds that they not be hired
- (E) for five years prior to applying for a job, an applicant's use of any dangerous or illegal drug be grounds for not hiring them



### 例10.

The Gorton–Dodd bill requires that a bank disclose to their customers how long they will delay access to funds from deposited checks.

- (A) that a bank disclose to their customers how long they will delay access to funds from deposited checks
- (B) a bank to disclose to their customers how long they will delay access to funds from a deposited check
- (C) that a bank disclose to its customers how long it will delay access to funds from deposited checks
- (D) a bank that it should disclose to its customers how long it will delay access to funds from a deposited check
- (E) that banks disclose to customers how long access to funds from their deposited check is to be delayed

### 例11.

A surge in new home sales and a drop in weekly unemployment claims suggest that the economy might not be as weak as some analysts previously thought.

A. claims suggest that the economy might not be as weak as some analysts previously thought

B. claims suggests that the economy might not be so weak as some analysts have previously thought

C. claims suggest that the economy might not be as weak as have been previously thought by some analysts

D. claims, suggesting about the economy that it might not be so weak as previously thought by some analysts

E. claims, suggesting the economy might not be as weak as previously thought to be by some analysts



### 例12.

The report recommended that the hospital should eliminate  
unnneeded beds, expensive services should be consolidated, and  
use space in other hospitals.

(A) should eliminate unnneeded beds, expensive services should be consolidated, and use space in other hospitals

(B) should eliminate unnneeded beds, expensive services should be consolidated, and other hospitals' space be used

(C) should eliminate unnneeded beds, expensive services should be consolidated, and to use space in other hospitals

(D) eliminate unnneeded beds, consolidate expensive services, and other hospitals' space used

(E) eliminate unnneeded beds, consolidate expensive services, and use space in other hospitals

# 本节课作业

- 复习并记牢本节课特殊结构考点,
- 熟练掌握本节课相关例题,
- 完成OG-Sentence Correction- Practice Questions 121-140题
- 本次作业建议完成时间: 48小时内

# 回顾本节课授课要点

- 详解比较结构的考点  
要点：把握总原则  
要点：熟悉常考句型
- 讲解虚拟语气用法  
要点：宾语从句的虚拟  
要点：should必须省略

# 关于复习

## I 基础

熟练掌握知识点和例题（代词/ 动词/ 平行 / 比较结构等等）

推荐材料：OG (综合) —3遍

建议时间：2周左右

- II 强化

- 推荐材料:

OG (语文)

Pprep 语法

建议时间: 2个月左右

我的邮箱: [woainigmat@sohu.com](mailto:woainigmat@sohu.com)

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感谢一路相伴  
祝大家梦想成真！