

GRE阅读理解

第一节课 GRE阅读导论

M A K E I T E A S Y



一、GRE阅读课程安排





二、特征介绍

阅读形式

文章特征

题目特征

时间安排

考察能力



(一) 阅读形式

| ETS GRE. Test Preview Tool | |
|---|---|
| Section 2 of 3 Question 1 of 7 | 00:29:57 ⊝ Hide Time |
| Reviving the practice of using elements of popular music in classical composition, an approach that had been in hibernation in the United States during the 1960s, composer Philip Glass (born 1937) embraced the ethos of popular music in his compositions. Glass based two symphonies on music by rock musicians David Bowie and Brian Eno, but the symphonies' sound is distinctively his. Popular elements do not appear out of place in Glass's classical music, which from its early days has shared certain harmonies and rhythms with rock music. Yet this use of popular elements has not made Glass a composer of popular music. His music is not a version of popular music packaged to attract classical listeners; it is high art for listeners steeped in rock rather than the classics. | Consider each of the choices separately and select all that apply. The passage suggests that Glass's work displays which of the following qualities? A return to the use of popular music in classical compositions An attempt to elevate rock music to an artistic status more closely approximating that of classical music A long-standing tendency to incorporate elements from two apparently disparate musical styles |

文章: 左侧 题目: 右侧

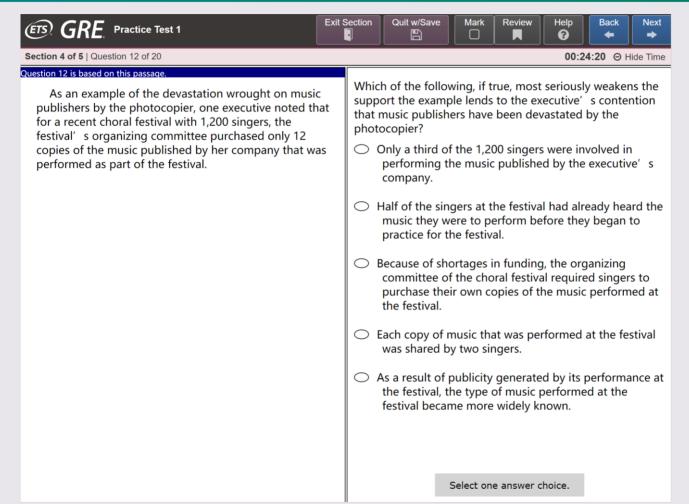


(二) 文章特征

| 文章长度 | 题目数量 | 字数 | 数量 |
|------|------|-----------|---------------|
| 短文章 | 1 题 | 50 words | 1 / section |
| | 2 题 | 120 words | 2-4 / section |
| 长文章 | 3 题 | 160 words | 2-3 / section |
| | 4 题 | 450 words | 0-1 / section |

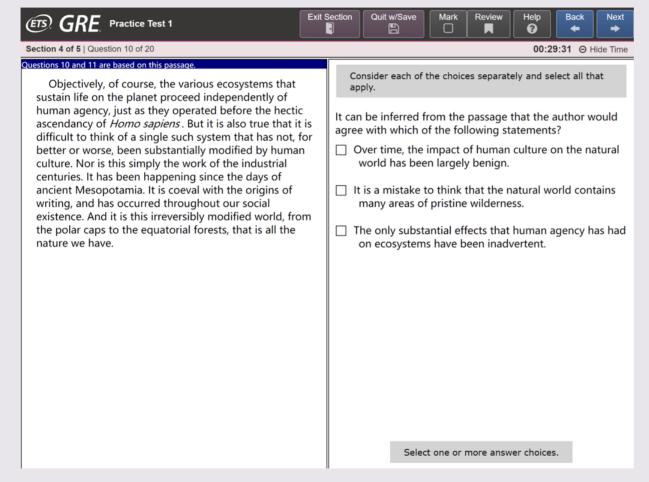






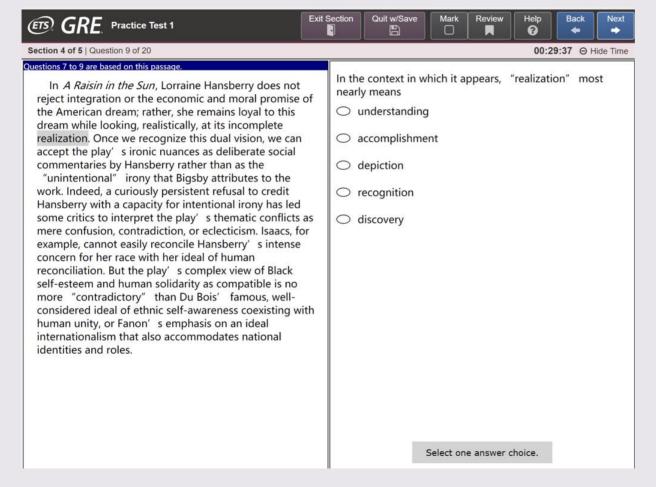






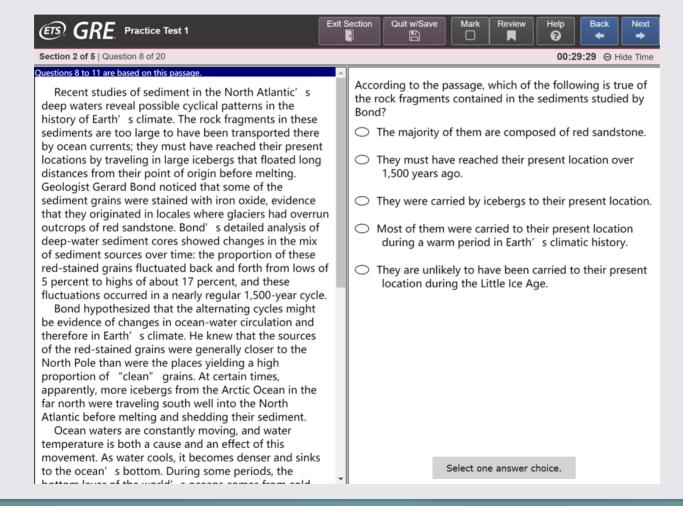














(三) 题目特征

1. 数量

10 questions/section



(三) 题目特征

Verbal 1个section题目分配

7 – 11 Reading Comprehension

12 – 15 Sentence Equivalence

16 – 20 Reading Comprehension



(三) 题目特征

2. 形式

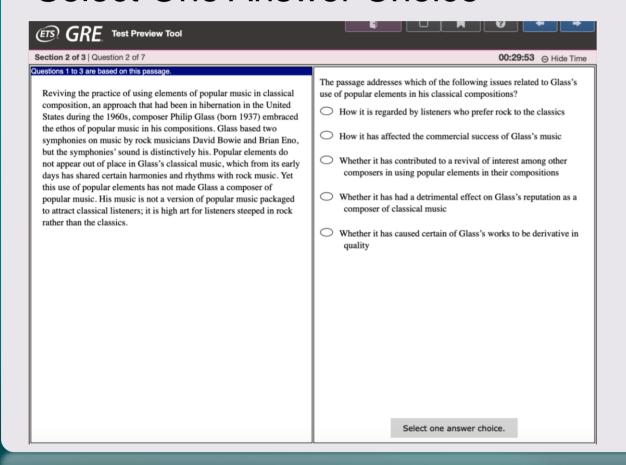
Select One Answer Choice (5选1)

Select One or More Answer Choices (3选N)

Select-in-Passage (选择句子)

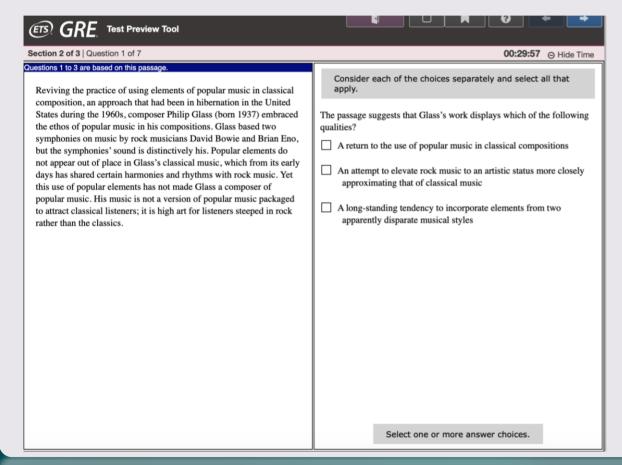


Select One Answer Choice





Select One or More Answer Choices





Select-in-passage



Questions 1 to 3 are based on this passage.

Reviving the practice of using elements of popular music in classical composition, an approach that had been in hibernation in the United States during the 1960s, composer Philip Glass (born 1937) embraced the ethos of popular music in his compositions. Glass based two symphonies on music by rock musicians David Bowie and Brian Eno, but the symphonies' sound is distinctively his. Popular elements do not appear out of place in Glass's classical music, which from its early days has shared certain harmonies and rhythms with rock music. Yet this use of popular elements has not made Glass a composer of popular music. His music is not a version of popular music packaged to attract classical listeners; it is high art for listeners steeped in rock rather than the classics.

Select the sentence that distinguishes two ways of integrating rock and classical music.

Select a sentence in the passage.



(四) 时间安排

Verbal

30 min – 20 questions

填空: 10 min + 阅读: 20 min

平均: 2 min/question

渝新拓方在线

(四) 时间安排

如: 2题文章

2 questions * 2 min/question = 4 min

4 min = 读文章 (1 min) + 做题 (3 min)

www.koolearn.com



Official Guide

Reading Comprehension questions are designed to test a wide range of abilities required to read and understand the kinds of prose commonly encountered in graduate school.



Those abilities include:

- understanding the meaning of individual words
- understanding the meaning of individual sentences
- understanding the meaning of paragraphs and larger bodies of text



- distinguishing between minor and major points
- summarizing a passage
- drawing conclusions from the information provided
- reasoning from incomplete data, inferring missing information
- understanding the structure of a text, how the parts relate to one another
- identifying the authors perspective



- identifying the author's assumptions
- analyzing a text and reaching conclusions about it
- identifying strengths and weaknesses
- developing and considering alternative explanations



Critical Reading (批判式阅读)

As this list implies, reading and understanding a piece of text requires far more than a passive understanding of the words and sentences it contains — it requires active engagement with the text, asking questions, formulating and evaluating hypotheses, and reflecting on the relationship of the particular text to other texts and information.



- Try to distinguish main ideas from supporting ideas or evidence.
- Try to distinguish ideas that the author is advancing from those he or she is merely reporting.
- Similarly, try to distinguish ideas that the author is strongly committed to from those he or she advances as hypothetical or speculative.
- Try to identify the main transitions from one idea to the next.



- Try to identify the relationship between different ideas. For example:
 - Are they contrasting? Are they consistent?
 - Does one support the other?
 - Does one spell another out in greater detail?
 - Is one an application of another to a particular circumstance?



三、备考注意

• 听课: 学到方法

• 练习: 课上题目

Official Guide, POWERPREP Online等



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