

官方指南8 上

Practice 8 Section 2

陈慧琳

- Compost: Don' t Waste This Waste
- Questions 1 through 11 are based on the following passage and supplementary material.

- Question 1.
- ...people in many parts of the United States have become accustomed to dividing their household waste products into different categories for recycling. [Q1] Regardless, paper may go in one container, glass and aluminum in another, regular garbage in a third.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. However,
- C. Furthermore,
- D. For example,

- Question 2.
- It also enhances soil texture, encouraging healthy roots and minimizing or [Q2] annihilating the need for chemical fertilizers.
- Which choice best maintains the style and tone of the passage?
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. eliminating
- C. ousting
- D. closing the door on

- **annihilate**

- to destroy sb/sth completely
- 消灭；歼灭；毁灭

- **eliminate**

- ~ sth/sb (from sth) to remove or get rid of sth/sb
- 排除；清除；消除

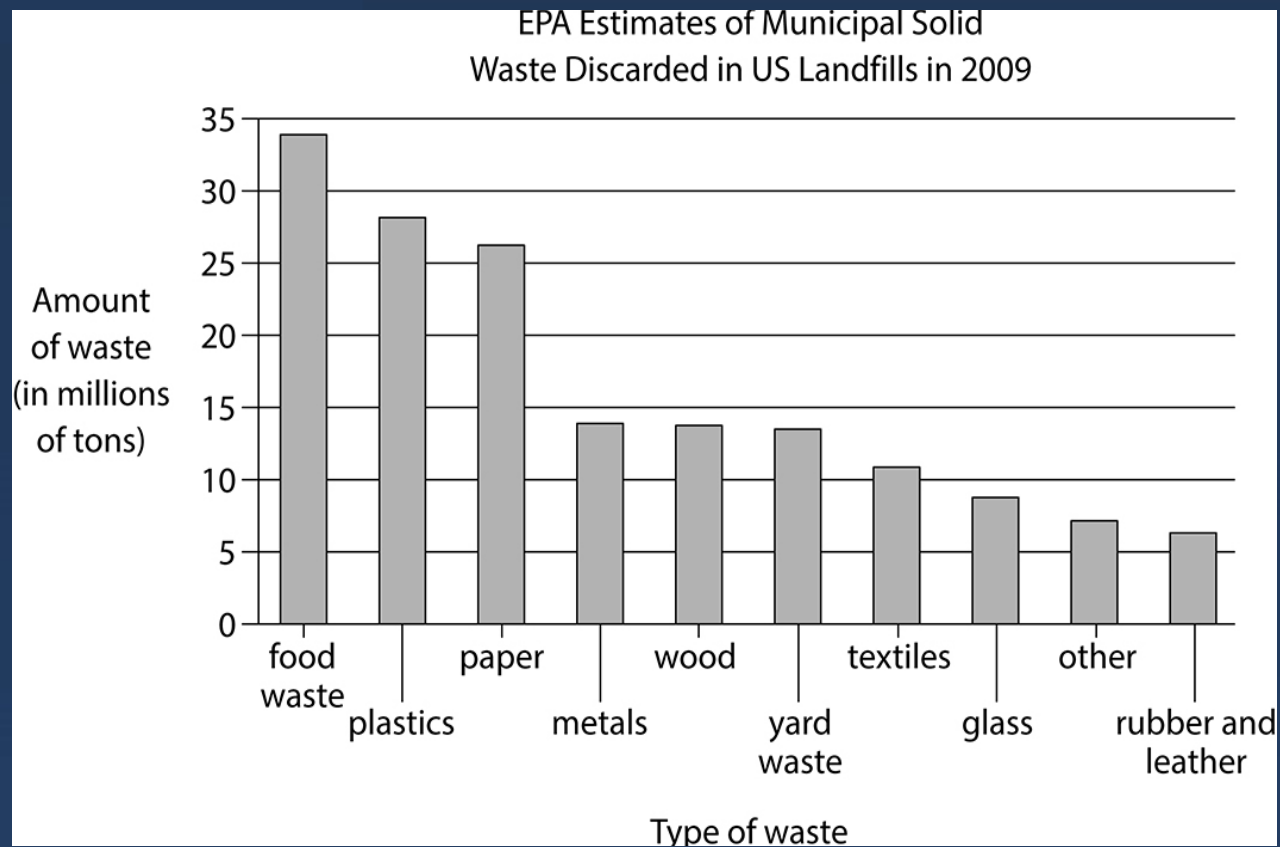
- **oust**

- ~ sb (from sth/as sth)
- to force sb out of a job or position of power
- 剥夺；罢免；革职

- Question 3.
- Better than soil at holding moisture, compost minimizes water waste and storm runoff, [Q3] it increases savings on watering costs, and helps reduce erosion on embankments near bodies of water.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. savings increase
- C. increases savings
- D. also it increases savings

- Question 4.
- In large [Q4] quantities, which one would expect to see when it is collected for an entire municipality), compost can be converted into a natural gas that can be used as fuel for transportation or heating and cooling systems.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. quantities (which
- C. quantities which
- D. quantities; (which

- In spite of all compost' s potential uses, however, most of this so-called waste is wasted. According to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), over [Q5] 13 million tons of metal ended up in US landfills in 2009, along with over 13 million tons of yard debris.
- The writer wants to include information from the graph that is consistent with the description of compost in the passage. Which choice most effectively accomplishes this goal?
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. 6 million tons of rubber and leather
- C. 10 million tons of textiles
- D. 33 million tons of food waste



- Question 6.
- Remarkably, [Q6] less glass was discarded in landfills in that year than any other substance, including plastics or paper.
- The writer wants to support the paragraph's main idea with accurate, relevant information from the graph. Which choice most effectively accomplishes this goal?
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. more metal
- C. more food waste
- D. more yard waste

- Question 7.
- Even [Q7] worse, then the squandering of this useful resource is the fact that compost in landfills cannot break down due to the lack of necessary air and moisture.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. worse than
- C. worse then
- D. worse, than

- Question 8.
- As a result, organic material that is sent to landfills [Q8] contribute to the release of methane, a very potent greenhouse gas.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. are contributing
- C. contributes
- D. have contributed

- Question 9.
- As a result, organic material that is sent to landfills contribute to the release of methane, a very [Q9] potent greenhouse gas.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. sturdy
- C. influential
- D. commanding

- Question 10.
- [Q10] While composting can sometimes lead to accidental pollution through the release of methane gas, cities such as San Francisco and Seattle have instituted mandatory composting laws requiring individuals and businesses to use separate bins for compostable waste.
- Which choice provides the most effective transition from the previous paragraph?
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. Though government regulations vary,
- C. Armed with these facts,
- D. Mindful of this setback,

- Question 11.
- However, given the clear benefits of composting and the environmental costs of not composting, all municipalities should encourage their residents either to create their own compost piles for use in backyard gardens [Q11] or to dispose of compostable materials in bins for collection.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. nor
- C. but
- D. and

- A Lion' s Share of Luck
- Questions 12 through 22 are based on the following passage.

- Question 12.
- The street is a sea of [Q12] red. Red is the traditional Chinese color of luck and happiness. Buildings are draped with festive, red, banners, and garlands.
- Which choice most effectively combines the sentences at the underlined portion?
- The sentences containing the underlined portion are as follows:
- The street is a sea of red. Red is the traditional Chinese color of luck and happiness.
- A. red,
- B. red; in addition, red is
- C. red; in other words, red is
- D. red, the color; that is

- Question 13.
- The street is a sea of red. Red is the traditional Chinese color of luck and happiness. Buildings are [Q13] draped with festive, red, banners, and garlands.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. draped, with festive red banners,
- C. draped with festive red banners—
- D. draped with festive red banners

- Question 14.
- Some evidence suggests that the earliest version of the dance was an attempt to ward off an evil spirit; [Q14] lions are obviously very fierce.
- Which choice most effectively completes the explanation of a possible origin of the lion dance?
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. the evil spirit was called Nian.
- C. villagers dressed in lion costumes to scare the spirit away.
- D. the precise location of the village remains lost to history.

- Question 15.
- [Q15] The current function of the dance is celebration.
- Which choice most effectively concludes the paragraph?
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. It turns out that the origins of the lion dance are irrelevant.
- C. Whatever its origins, today the lion dance is a joyous spectacle, a celebration of the promise of the New Year.
- D. Things are different these days, of course.

- Question 16.
- The lion dance requires the strength, grace, and coordination of two dancers, [Q16] both of whom are almost completely hidden by the elaborate bamboo and papier-mâché lion costume that they maneuver.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. of which both
- C. both of them
- D. both

- Question 17.
- Many of the moves in the dance, such as jumps, rolls, and kicks, are similar to [Q17] martial arts and acrobatics.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. the disciplines of martial arts and acrobatics.
- C. martial artists and acrobats.
- D. those in martial arts and acrobatics.

- Question 18.
- The lion's head is often adorned with a phoenix [Q18] (a mythical bird) or a tortoise (for longevity).
- Which choice provides information that is most consistent in style and content with the information about the symbolism of the tortoise?
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. (for new beginnings)
- C. (from Chinese mythology)
- D. (for symbolic reasons)

- [1] While there are many regional variations of the lion dance costume, all make extensive use of symbols and colors. [2] The lion 's head is often adorned with a phoenix [Q18] (a mythical bird) or a tortoise (for longevity). [3] Green lions encourage friendliness. [4] Golden and red lions represent liveliness and bravery, respectively. [5] Their older counterparts, yellow and white lions, dance more slowly and deliberately. [6] In some variations, lions of different colors are different ages, and they move accordingly. [7] Black lions are the youngest; therefore, they dance quickly and playfully. [8] The appearance of the lions varies, but their message is consistent: Happy New Year. [Q19]
- To make this paragraph most logical, sentence 5 should be placed
 - A. where it is now. B. after sentence 1.
 - C. after sentence 3. D. after sentence 7.

- Question 20.
- As the parade winds its way through Chinatown, the music crescendos, and the lion dance reaches [Q20] it's climax with the "plucking of the greens."
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. its
- C. there
- D. their

- Question 21.
- Approaching a doorway in which dangles a red envelope filled with green paper money, the [Q21] lion's teeth snare the envelope.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. lion snares the envelope with its teeth.
- C. envelope is snared by the lion with its teeth.
- D. teeth of the lion snare the envelope.

- Question 22.
- ...a doorway in which dangles a red envelope filled with green paper money ...It then chews up the bills and spits out the [Q22] money-filled envelope instead of chewing it up.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. envelope that had been dangling from the doorway.
- C. envelope that had the money in it.
- D. envelope.

Thanks

新东方旗下官方网络课堂

官方指南8 下

Practice 8 Section 2

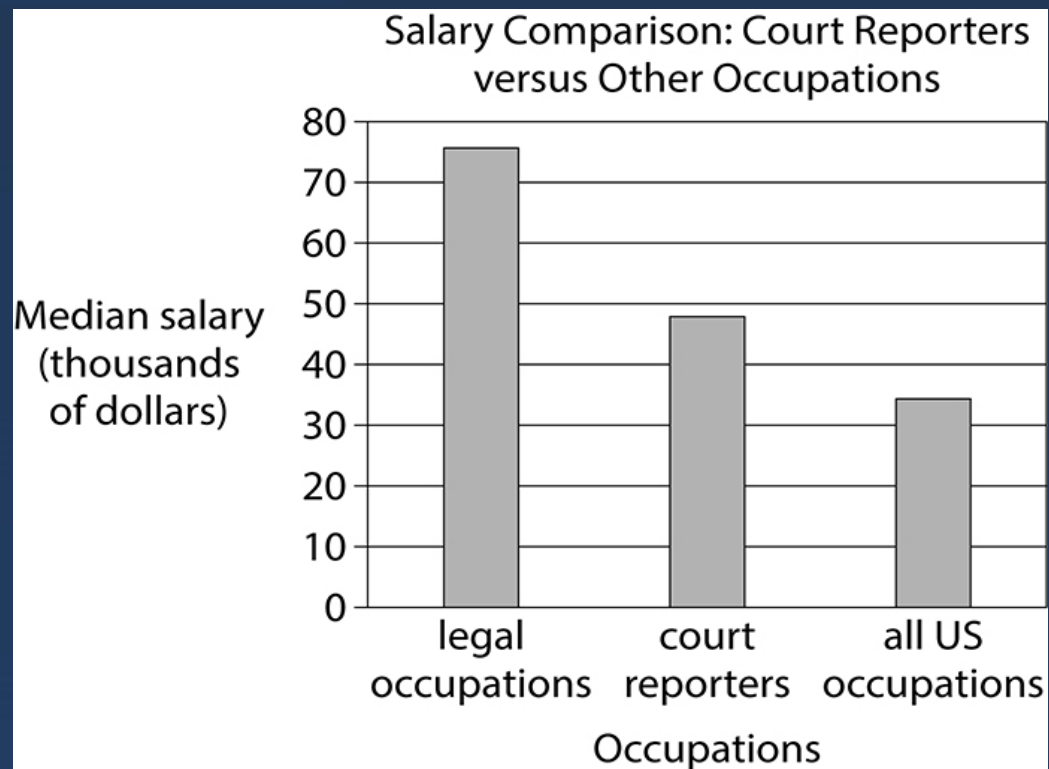
陈慧琳

- Court Reporting: Humans versus Machines
- Questions 23 through 33 are based on the following passage.

- Question 23.
- Court reporters for years have been the record keepers of the court, taking [Q23] scrupulous notes during hearings; depositions, and other legal proceedings.
- Which choice best fits with the tone of the rest of the passage?
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. super rigorous
- C. spot on
- D. intense

- Question 24.
- Court reporters for years have been the record keepers of the court, taking scrupulous notes during [Q24] hearings; depositions, and other legal proceedings.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. hearings; depositions;
- C. hearings, depositions,
- D. hearings, depositions;

- Despite the increasing use of digital recording technologies, court reporters still play a vital role in courtrooms. [Q25]
Although machines can easily make digital audio recordings of court events, they lack the nuance of human court reporters in providing a precise record.
- Should the writer make this addition here?
- A. Yes, because it supports the claim that court reporting is an important part of a trial.
- B. Yes, because it offers a relevant counterpoint to the argument that the use of digital recorders is on the rise.
- C. No, because it presents information that is not directly related to the paragraph's discussion of the role of court reporters.
- D. No, because it does not provide information about the pay scale for more experienced court reporters.



- Question 26.
- Proponents of going digital say that technology is the easiest way to get the most accurate record of the proceedings, as the machine records everything faithfully as it occurs and is not [Q26] subject to human errors such as mishearing or mistyping.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. subjected to
- C. subjected from
- D. subject for

- Question 27.
- However, with the rise of high-quality recording technology, reliance on court reporters [Q27] as a record keeper is decreasing.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. each as record keepers
- C. as record keepers
- D. to be a record keeper

- [1] Court reporters record the spoken word in real time, most commonly using the technique of stenography. [2] A stenotype machine allows a person to type about 200 words per minute (the speed of speech is about 180 words per minute). [3] The typed words are instantaneously translated onto a computer screen for the judge to view, and the transcript is used later by people who want to review the case, such as journalists and lawyers. [4] Digital audio recording is becoming increasingly popular in courtrooms across the United States, with six states using solely audio recordings for general jurisdiction sessions. [5] Proponents of going digital say that technology is the easiest way to get the most accurate record of the proceedings, as the machine records everything faithfully as it occurs and is not subject to human errors such as mishearing or mistyping. [6] However, with the rise of high-quality recording technology, reliance on court reporters as a record keeper is decreasing. [Q28]
- To make this paragraph most logical, sentence 6 should be placed
- A. where it is now. B. after sentence 1.
- C. after sentence 3. D. after sentence 4.

- Question 29.
- Champions of court reporting, though, argue the [Q29] opposite. They argue that with the increased reliance on technology, errors actually increase.
- Which choice most effectively combines the sentences at the underlined portion?
- The sentences containing the underlined portion are as follows:
- Champions of court reporting, though, argue the opposite. They argue that with the increased reliance on technology, errors actually increase.
- A. opposite, such
- B. opposite—
- C. opposite, which is
- D. opposite; their opinion is

- Question 30.
- Because digital systems record [Q30] indiscriminately; they cannot discern important parts of the proceedings from other noises in the courtroom.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. indiscriminately, they
- C. indiscriminately. They
- D. indiscriminately, therefore they

- Question 31.
- Because digital systems record indiscriminately; they cannot discern important parts of the proceedings from other noises in the courtroom. [Q31] Despite this, a digital device does indeed record everything, but that includes loud noises, such as a book dropping, that can make the actual words spoken impossible to hear.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. In other words,
- C. Therefore,
- D. Consequently,

- Question 32.
- A court reporter, however, can distinguish between the words [Q32] and distinguish between the extrinsic noises that need not be recorded.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. also between the
- C. and when there are
- D. and the

- Question 33.
- In some cases, digital recording [Q33] makes it necessary for the judge to make additional announcements at the beginning of a trial.
- Which choice provides the best supporting example for the main idea of the paragraph?
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. requires a courtroom monitor to ensure the equipment is functioning properly.
- C. leads to changes in the roles and duties of several members of the courtroom staff.
- D. has led to the need for retrial because of indistinct testimony from key witnesses.

- Fire in Space
- Questions 34 through 44 are based on the following passage.

- Question 34.
- ...fire assumes on Earth is a result of gravitational influence ... In the microgravity environment of space, [Q34] moreover, combustion and the resulting fire behave in fundamentally different ways than they do on Earth—differences that have important implications for researchers.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. however,
- C. accordingly,
- D. subsequently,

- Question 35.
- A group of engineering students from the University of California at San Diego (UCSD), for example, [Q35] tried to find a method to make their biofuel combustion study (fuels derived from once-living material) free of the drawbacks researchers face on Earth.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. strove for a method to make their study of biofuel combustion
- C. looked for a method to study biofuel combustion
- D. sought a method to study combustion of biofuels

- Question 36.
- This [Q36] deformation results in subtle variations in density that both causes uneven heat flow and limits the size of the droplets that can be tested.
- Which choice provides the most precise description of the phenomenon depicted in the previous sentence?
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. alteration
- C. transformation
- D. modification

- Question 37.
- This deformation results in subtle variations in density that both [Q37] causes uneven heat flow and limits the size of the droplets that can be tested.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. cause uneven heat flow and limit
- C. cause uneven heat flow and limits
- D. has caused uneven heat flow and has limited

- Question 38.
- Specially designed “drop towers”
[Q38] built for this purpose reduce these problems, but they provide no more than 10 seconds of microgravity, and droplet size is still too small to produce accurate models of combustion rates.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. intended for this use
- C. constructed for this function
- D. DELETE the underlined portion.

- Question 39.
- [Q39] The UCSD students understood that these limitations had to be surmounted.
- Which choice provides the most effective transition between ideas in the paragraph?
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. The UCSD group sought to overcome these difficulties by participating in NASA's Microgravity University program.
- C. The engineering group realized that aircraft might be the tools they were looking for.
- D. Thus, for the UCSD group, drop towers were not an adequate solution.

- Question 40.
- On the plane's ascent, passengers feel twice Earth's gravitational pull, but for brief periods at the peak of the trajectory, [Q40] "weightlessness" or microgravity similar to what is experienced in space, is achieved.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. "weightlessness" or microgravity, similar to what is experienced, in space
- C. "weightlessness" or, microgravity, similar to what is experienced in space
- D. "weightlessness," or microgravity similar to what is experienced in space,

- These flights allowed the UCSD students to experience microgravity [Q41]. Specifically, they investigated the combustion of biofuel droplets in microgravity for twice as long as could be accomplished in drop towers and to perform tests with larger droplets.

At this point, the writer is considering adding the following.

- and perform their experiment without traveling into space
- Should the writer make this addition here?
- A. Yes, because it elaborates on the advantage the students gained from the flights.
- B. Yes, because it reveals that the students did not actually go into space, a point that the previous paragraph does not address.
- C. No, because it shifts focus away from the students' experiences while on the flights.
- D. No, because it restates what has already been said in the sentence.

- Question 42.
- Specifically, they [Q42] investigated the combustion of biofuel droplets in microgravity for twice as long as could be accomplished in drop towers and to perform tests with larger droplets.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. could investigate
- C. were investigating
- D. were able to investigate

- The larger, [Q43] spherically symmetric droplets burned longer and gave the students more reliable data on combustion rates of biofuels because the droplets' uniform shape reduced the variations in density that hinder tests performed in normal gravity.
- Which choice most effectively establishes that the UCSD students' approach had solved a problem, mentioned earlier in the passage, relating to burning fuel on Earth?
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. combustible
- C. microgravity influenced
- D. biofuel derived

- Question 44.
- Better combustion-rate models may even lead to the production of more fuel-efficient engines and improved [Q44] techniques, for fighting fires in space or at future outposts on the Moon and Mars.
- A. NO CHANGE
- B. techniques for fighting fires, in space or at future outposts
- C. techniques for fighting fires in space or at future outposts
- D. techniques for fighting fires in space, or at future outposts,

Thanks

新东方旗下官方网络课堂